

Federal Bureau of Investigation

FREEDOM OF INFORMATION/PRIVACY ACTS SECTION



ARMED REVOLUTIONISTS INDEPENDENCE MOVEMENT

(MIRA)

SJ 105-12315

VOLUME 5

PAGES REVIEWED: 302

PAGES RELEASED: 298

The following documents appearing in FBI files have been reviewed under the provisions of The Freedom of Information Act (FOIA) (Title 5, United States Code, Section 552); The Privacy Act of 1974 (PA) (Title 5, United States Code, Section 552a); and/or Litigation.

☐ FOIA/PA

☐ Litigation

☐ Executive Order Applied

Requester: Collingwood

Subject: Puerto Rican Independence Movement - MIRA

Computer or Case Identification Number: Administrative

Title of Case: San Juan

* File

Serials Reviewed: 7/5/00

105-12315 VOL 5

Section 5

Release Location: * File

Section

☐ FOIA/PA

☐ Litigation

☐ Executive Order Applied

Requester:

Subject:

Computer or Case Identification Number:

Title of Case:

* File

Serials Reviewed:

Section

Release Location: * File

Section

☐ FOIA/PA

☐ Litigation

☐ Executive Order Applied

Requester:

Subject:

Computer or Case Identification Number:

Title of Case:

* File

Serials Reviewed:

Section

Release Location: * File

Section

* INDICATE IF FBIHQ OR FIELD OFFICE FILE NUMBER.

(THIS FORM IS TO BE MAINTAINED AS THE TOP SERIAL OF THE FILE, BUT NOT SERIALIZED.)

Memorandum



To : SAC, SAN JUAN

Date 4/25/95

From : FOIPA SECTION (190-SJ-)

Subject: FREEDOM OF INFORMATION - PRIVACY ACTS (FOIPA)
(File Destruction)

The following have been reviewed pursuant to an FOIPA matter and may not be destroyed until indicated.

FILE - SERIAL

105-12315 11015

Administrative
ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 7/5/00 BY SP4BJA/2MP

DO NOT DESTROY

SEE 190-SJ-_____

MAINTAIN AS TOP SERIAL

DO NOT
DESTROY

DO NOT
DESTROY

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

REPORTING OFFICE SAN JUAN	OFFICE OF ORIGIN SAN JUAN	DATE 10/12/70	INVESTIGATIVE PERIOD 2/2/70 - 10/8/70
TITLE OF CASE [REDACTED] b7C		REPORT MADE BY STANLEY A. PIMENTEL	TYPED BY mcm
		CHARACTER OF CASE SM - PRN	

REFERENCE: San Juan report of SA CHARLES A. RHEW, 3/31/68.

- P -

INFORMANTS:

Source

SJ T-1 is **[REDACTED]**

Location

[REDACTED] and instant.

b2
b7D

SJ T-2 is SA RAFAEL A. NEGRON NIEVES, Undercover Agent for OI, POPR, within the MIRA organization.

Instant report

ACCOMPLISHMENTS CLAIMED						<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> NONE	ACQUIT-TALS	CASE HAS BEEN:
CONVIC.	AUTO.	FUG.	FINES	SAVINGS	RECOVERIES			
								PENDING OVER ONE YEAR <input type="checkbox"/> YES <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> NO PENDING PROSECUTION OVER SIX MONTHS <input type="checkbox"/> YES <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> NO

APPROVED	SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE	DO NOT WRITE IN SPACES BELOW																											
COPIES MADE: 5 - Bureau [REDACTED] (RM) 1 - NISO, 10th ND, San Juan (By Hand) 1 - 771st MI-DET, San Juan (By Hand) 1 - Secret Service, San Juan (By Hand) 1 - OSI, Ramey AFB (RM) 3 - San Juan [REDACTED] b7C (1) - 105-12315 (MIRA)		105 12315 462 6/20/00 SP4BJA/emp <i>Heibel</i>																											
Dissemination Record of Attached Report <table border="1"> <tr><td>Agency</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>Request Recd.</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>Date Fwd.</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>How Fwd.</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>By</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr> </table>		Agency					Request Recd.					Date Fwd.					How Fwd.					By					Notations <i>W J</i>		
Agency																													
Request Recd.																													
Date Fwd.																													
How Fwd.																													
By																													

b7C

The following confidential sources from the San Juan Division who have knowledge of certain phases of pro-independence activities in Puerto Rico were contacted on the dates indicated, but could furnish no additional information concerning the subject:

<u>Source</u>	<u>Date</u>	<u>Contacting Agent</u>
[REDACTED]	8/27/70	SA RONALD TODD
	8/28/70	SA ROBERT R. MILLS
	8/28/70	SA JAMES J. HEANEY
	9/3/70	SA JOHN J. BURKE
	9/3/70	SA ROBERT E. O'BRIEN
	9/10/70	SA O'BRIEN
	9/10/70	SA JOSEPH F. BRENNAN
	9/18/70	SA O'BRIEN

ADMINISTRATIVE:

Subject is recommended for upgrading in the Security Index of the San Juan Office from Priority III to Priority II in view of his reported membership in the Movimiento Independentista Revolucionario en Armas (Armed Revolutionary Independence Movement) (MIRA). An FD-122 and succinct summary of activities in recommending his upgrading to Priority II is being submitted to the Bureau under separate cover.

This report is classified "~~CONFIDENTIAL~~" inasmuch as it contains information from SJ T-1 and SJ T-2 the unauthorized disclosure of which could reasonably result in the identification of these informants of continuing value and impair their effectiveness in the security field.

On April 29, 1970, [REDACTED], Office of Intelligence, Police of Puerto Rico (OI, POPR) advised Special Agent (SA) RALPH D. GARDNER that subject was acting as a OI, POPR informant and his potential was being assessed at that time.

On September 16, 1970, [REDACTED] OI, POPR, advised SA JOSEPH F. BRENNAN that subject was not an informant for that Office although OI had attempted to recruit him as such.

b7C [REDACTED]

LEADS

SAN JUAN

AT SAN JUAN, PUERTO RICO. Will maintain contact with OI, POPR regarding subject's activities. Will also re-contact logical sources for any information regarding the subject.

C*
COVER PAGE

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Copy to:

- 1 - NISO, 10th Naval District, San Juan (By Hand)
- 1 - 771st MI-Detachment, San Juan (By Hand)
- 1 - Secret Service, San Juan (By Hand)
- 1 - OSI, Ramey Air Force Base (RM)

Report of:

STANLEY A. PIMENTEL

Office: San Juan

Date:

10/12/70

Field Office File #:

[REDACTED]

Bureau File #:

[REDACTED]

Title:

[REDACTED]

b7C

Character:

SECURITY MATTER - PUERTO RICAN NATIONALIST

Synopsis:

Subject resides at [REDACTED]
[REDACTED] Puerto Rico, and [REDACTED]
[REDACTED] Puerto Rico. Subject has at-
tended meetings and functions of FNEP and occasionally NPPR
functions. Subject reportedly a member of the Bayamon cell
of MIRA and has been present when acts of violence occur.
Subject was observed at [REDACTED]
[REDACTED] the
subject was reported as stating that [REDACTED]
[REDACTED]

b7C

- P -

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~Group I~~

Excluded from automatic
downgrading and declassification

DECLASSIFIED BY SP4BJA/RNP
ON 6/20/00

[REDACTED] b7C

DETAILS:

On October 1, 1968, SJ T-1 advised that subject was a member of the Federacion Nacional de Estudiantes Puertorriquenos (National Federation of Puerto Rican Students) (FNEP) and went to Lares, Puerto Rico, for the Grito de Lares celebration on September 23, 1968.

The FNEP is the youth organization of the Nationalist Party of Puerto Rico (NPPR).

The NPPR has been designated by the Attorney General of the United States pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

A characterization of Grito de Lares is attached to the Appendix hereto.

SJ T-1 advised on September 17, 1968, that subject resided at [REDACTED] Puerto Rico, and that [REDACTED] b7C

The same source advised on April 24, 1969, that subject seldom attended NPPR functions, however, subject appeared to be aware of what went on in that organization.

SJ T-1 stated on October 17, 1968, that subject and seven other individuals were at that time the only active members of the FNEP.

SJ T-1 advised on November 17, 1969, that the FNEP had plans to reactivate after being inactive for several months. According to the source, the other organizations had tried to block the recruitment of members for the FNEP, however, its members actively participated in subversive, separatist activities sponsored by various organizations.

2

[REDACTED] b7C

[REDACTED]

SJ T-1 advised that on November 19, 1968, subject attended a demonstration in the front of the United States Post Office, San Juan, Puerto Rico, which was protesting the SSS. According to the source, subject and another FNEP member [REDACTED]

b7C

SJ T-1 further advised on January 16, 1970, that [REDACTED] stated that a new movement called the Resistencia Armada Puertorriquena (Armed Puerto Rican Resistance) (RAP) would be taking over the Movimiento Independentista Revolucionario en Armas (Armed Revolutionary Independence Movement) (MIRA) .

On May 8, 1969, MIGUEL A. SANTIN, an editor of "El Mundo," a Spanish language daily newspaper published in San Juan, Puerto Rico, received a letter from an organization calling itself "Resistencia Armada Puertorriquena." The letter announced violent plans to attain independence for Puerto Rico and was signed by one BOLIVAR ROJAS. There is no other evidence testifying to the actual existence of such an organization.

A characterization of MIRA is attached to the Appendix hereto.

On January 7, 1970, SJ T-2 advised that subject was a member of the MIRA cell in Bayamon, Puerto Rico. SJ T-2 again advised on March 26, 1970, that subject was a member of the Bayamon MIRA cell. Source stated that subject was [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] at the University of Puerto Rico (UPR), Rio Piedras, Puerto Rico, and that he is usually accompanied by other known MIRA members. According to the source, subject continued to reside

[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]
at [REDACTED] address and was [REDACTED]
[REDACTED]

SJ T-1 reported on May 14, 1970, that subject and another individual, were at [REDACTED] on that date. The same source also stated on that subject had indicated that [REDACTED]
[REDACTED]

SJ T-1 advised that on June 28, 1970, subject attended demonstration at the Escambron Beach sponsored by the Movimiento Pro Independencia de Puerto Rico (Puerto Rican Independence Movement) (MPIPR) protesting for the liberation of Puerto Rican beaches. b7C

A characterization of the MPIPR appears in the Appendix attached hereto.

On October 8, 1970, [REDACTED] advised that her records indicate that subject is [REDACTED] advised that subject [REDACTED] advised that subject maintains [REDACTED] and that he currently resides at [REDACTED] Puerto Rico. [REDACTED] advised that her records do not indicate any disciplinary action for the subject.

b7c

APPENDIX

1

GRITO DE LARES
SEPTEMBER 23, 1868

The Partido Nacionalista Puertorriqueno (Nationalist Party of Puerto Rico) (NPPR) celebrates this date as the anniversary of the brief rebellion at Lares, Puerto Rico, against the Spanish regime, staged by a group of Puerto Rican revolutionaries. On this date, the Puerto Rico group established momentary control in the mountain town of Lares and proclaimed the Republic of Puerto Rico. This date has a special significance for the NPPR inasmuch as the main thesis of NPPR doctrine is the claim that Puerto Rican sovereignty was actually established on September 23, 1868, with the rebellion at Lares. The large NPPR celebration on September 23rd of each year is concentrated at Lares.

The NPPR has been designated by the Attorney General of the United States pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

The Nationalist Party of Puerto Rico
Attorney General of the United States
pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

1

APPENDIX

MOVIMIENTO PRO-INDEPENDENCIA DE PUERTO RICO
(PUERTO RICAN INDEPENDENCE MOVEMENT)
(MPIPR)

The MPIPR was organized in November, 1959, at Ponce, Puerto Rico. It has a current membership of about 700 - 800 persons with several thousand sympathizers. The MPIPR is organized in missions which are located in various towns throughout Puerto Rico. There are also members and sympathizers in the continental United States. The MPIPR National Headquarters is located at 1122 Ponce de Leon Avenue, Rio Piedras, Puerto Rico.

At the time the MPIPR was organized, it indicated that it did not advocate violence but would accept members who did. JUAN MARI BRAS, the founder and dominant leader of the organization, in a speech in 1964, threatened violence comparable to that in Algeria, 1964, if Puerto Rico became a state within the United States.

MARI BRAS, in an editorial appearing in the March 15, 1970, issue of "Claridad," the MPIPR newspaper, stated that "in Puerto Rico there is an incipient armed struggle on the part of pro-independence individuals who consider it their patriotic duty to conduct warfare against the empire which dominates us. We believe that every Puerto Rican has the right to make war against the invaders of our country. And war is mainly killing and dying."

The press of Puerto Rico has reported that MPIPR has held numerous public meetings and demonstrations at which they protested compulsory military service for Puerto Ricans and United States police in Vietnam. The MPIPR has further urged the boycott of elections in Puerto Rico.

On April 21, 1970, during the course of a program on WTSJ Television in San Juan, Puerto Rico, MARI BRAS stated that the MPIPR has innumerable contacts with revolutionary organizations in South America, Canada, Cuba, Europe, Africa, and in Asia. Through 1969, the MPIPR had a permanent representative stationed in Havana, Cuba.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

1

APPENDIX

MOVIMIENTO INDEPENDENTISTA REVOLUCIONARIO EN ARMAS
(ARMED REVOLUTIONARY INDEPENDENCE MOVEMENT) (MIRA)

On January 8, 1970, [REDACTED] Office of Intelligence, Police of Puerto Rico (OI, POPR), advised that [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] NARCISO RABELL MARTINEZ and ROBERTO TODD PAGAN, assumed leadership of the organization. At that time, the PSO was a recently organized self-described Marxist-Leninist organization in Puerto Rico openly advocating the use of violence to achieve independence for Puerto Rico. RABELL organized within the PSO a clandestine group which was to dedicate itself to the destruction of United States-owned enterprises by sabotage and which was to be known as the Movimiento Independencia Rebelde Armada (Armed Rebel Independence Movement) (MIRA). RABELL stated that the operation was Cuban directed and that MIRA initials were designated by Cuba.

On December 4, 1968, a confidential source furnished substantially the same information as that above. In January, 1969, the source provided a copy of a sabotage manual used by RABELL in training MIRA members, which manual was utilized by RABELL according to his own statement while undergoing sabotage training in Cuba.

On December 11, 1969, explosions occurred in six United States-owned business establishments in the San Juan, Puerto Rico, area causing considerable damage. On December 12, 1969, in connection with these bombings the OI, POPR arrested four MIRA members for violation of the Explosives Law of Puerto Rico and secured warrants for ROBERTO TODD PAGAN and FILIBERTO OJEDA RIOS on the same charges. The arrests were based on information supplied by RAFAEL NIEVES NEGRON, OI, POPR, who served as an undercover agent in the MIRA organization for OI, POPR. NIEVES NEGRON has advised that MIRA, now known as Movimiento Independentista Revolucionario en Armas (Armed Revolutionary Independence Movement) (MIRA) is led by ROBERTO TODD PAGAN and FILIBERTO OJEDA RIOS. He explained that the present MIRA organization is the same as that originally organized in the PSO and that FILIBERTO OJEDA RIOS is a Cuban trained sabotage agent who gave instructions in sabotage to MIRA members.

On February 24, 1970, the OI, POPR conducted raids on two locations in the San Juan area in an unsuccessful attempt to apprehend TODD and OJEDA. They seized an abundance of written material much of which was specifically identified with TODD and OJEDA and with the MIRA organization. Among the documents seized was a carbon copy of a sabotage manual which upon comparison appeared to be identical to the manual utilized by RABELL.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

San Juan, Puerto Rico

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

OCT 12 1970

Title

[REDACTED]

b7C

Character

SECURITY MATTER - PUERTO
RICAN NATIONALIST

Reference

Report of SA STANLEY A.
PIMENTEL dated and captioned
as above at San Juan,
Puerto Rico

All sources (except any listed below) whose identities
are concealed in referenced communication have furnished reliable
information in the past.

FBI

Date: 10/14/70

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL _____
(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI [REDACTED]
(ATTN: LABORATORY AND NCIC)

FROM: SAC, SAN JUAN [REDACTED] (P) b7C

[REDACTED] (S) b1

SM-PRN

Re FBI Laboratory report to San Juan, 7/14/70, captioned "UNSUBS; Explosive Devices Placed at El Yunque Mountain Radio Repeater Site, Puerto Rico, 4/22-23/70, - SABOTAGE"; and FBI Laboratory report to San Juan, 9/4/70, captioned "MOVIMIENTO INDEPENDENTISTA REVOLUCIONARIO EN ARMAS (MIRA), IS-PRN".

Enclosed for the Laboratory are the following:

Ex 161 - Keyring containing three keys, pocket watch and flashlight

Ex 162 - Lafayette magnetic tape cassette

CLASSIFIED BY NLS/BTA 60267 AAG
DECLASSIFY ON: 25X (1)

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED EXCEPT
WHERE SHOWN OTHERWISE

5-Bureau (RM)
(1- package copy)
(1- NCIC)
(1- 105-202663)

6-San Juan [REDACTED]
(1- [REDACTED])
(1- [REDACTED])
(1- 105-12315)
(1- [REDACTED])

RJH:mtm
(11) [REDACTED]

105-12315-463

b7C

70

BEL

Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____
Special Agent in Charge

[REDACTED]

Ex 163 - A tube "iridescent brown" eye shadow and plastic contact lense container

Ex 164 - A .38 caliber Rohm revolver, serial number [REDACTED]

Ex 165 - Tube of Max Factor "Erase" natural shade

Ex 166 - A straight edge razor and red plastic case

Ex 167 - A container of Max Factor Pancake makeup

Ex 168 - 6 WRA .38 special cartridges

Ex 169 - A metal plate with the name [REDACTED] and Social Security Number [REDACTED]

Ex 170 - Plastic bag with three Roi-tan cigars and three cigars of unknown manufacture

Ex 171 - Box containing 62 .38 special cartridges

Ex 172 - An English morocco wallet

A set of fingerprints of [REDACTED] Agent, Office of Intelligence, Police of Puerto Rico

A set of fingerprints of [REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

For the information of the Laboratory, the subject and his family, [REDACTED] Subsequently, during [REDACTED] the subject [REDACTED] Puerto Rico, and was assigned Bureau [REDACTED] Sometime during [REDACTED] returned

[REDACTED]

to Puerto Rico, where [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] Movimiento
Independentista Revolucionario en Armas (Armed Revolutionary
Independence Movement) (MIRA), which has committed
numerous incendiary and bombing acts in Puerto Rico and
New York.

[REDACTED]

b7c The enclosed fingerprints of the subject were
taken by the US Marshal's Office, San Juan, Puerto Rico,
[REDACTED]

The enclosed exhibits with the exception of 170
are only known to have been handled by SA ROBERT J. HEIBEL
and Agent [REDACTED] OI, POPR.

The POPR have requested that the following
examinations be conducted by the Laboratory:

1. Examine all exhibits but 170 for latent fingerprints
and those subsequently developed be compared with [REDACTED]

[REDACTED]
and unidentified prints developed as indicated re Bulet 9/4/70.

The San Juan Office requests that the Laboratory:

1. Examine Zobo pocket watch to determine model
number and stamped month-year. San Juan Office noted that
similar Zobo watches were used as timing mechanisms for
several of bombs placed at Radio Repeater Site, El Yunque
Mountain, Puerto Rico.

2. Examine exhibits for any hidden compartments.

b7C

[REDACTED] X

Bureau requested to check NCIC re .38 Special
Rohm revolver, serial [REDACTED]

BEST COPY AVAILABLE

SAC, SAN JUAN [REDACTED]

~~SECRET~~

10/8/70

SA ROBERT J. HEIDEL

b7C

[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED EXCEPT
WHERE SHOWN OTHERWISE.

CLASSIFIED BY NLS/BJA-60267 AAC
DECLASSIFY ON: 25X (1)

On 10/2/70, [REDACTED] Postal Inspector,
J.E. Love Office, San Juan (subject's request), volunteered
to advise that the following correspondences had been received
for the subject and his family:

ADDRESSES

CINDER

[REDACTED]

Time (Magazine), Inc.
541 N. Dearborn St.
Chicago, Illinois 60611

[REDACTED]

Marco International de PR
Apartment 103
Rio Piedras, PR

[REDACTED]

Marco International de PR
Apartment 103
Rio Piedras, PR

b7C

[REDACTED]

Marco International de PR
Apartment 103
Rio Piedras, PR

[REDACTED]

Sanabria Insurance Agency, Inc.
C.P.O. Box 2826
San Juan, Puerto Rico 00915

[REDACTED]

J.C. Penny Co., Inc.
G.P.O. Box 4700
San Juan, Puerto Rico 00915

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

b1
b7C

[REDACTED] (S)

105-12315-464
FOIA(b)
(5)

~~SECRET~~

105-12315-464

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
OCT 15 1970	
FBI - SAN JUAN	

PK

BEST COPY AVAILABLE

These documents are part of the project "The FBI Files on Puerto Ricans" and are available free of charge at <http://www.war.org/sec/ri/ri.htm>.

FBI

Date: 10/14/70

Transmit the following in _____

(Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL

(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (105-66754)

FROM: SAC, SAN JUAN (105-3353) (P)

GROUPS SEEKING INDEPENDENCE FOR PUERTO RICO
IS - PRN

Re San Juan airtel to the Bureau 9/17/70, New York
airtel to the Bureau 9/10/70 captioned as above, and San Juan
airtel to the Bureau 8/4/70 captioned [REDACTED]
SM - PRN.

On 10/13/70, [REDACTED] was contacted at which time he
advised [REDACTED] he did not know if he would
be available for travel [REDACTED]
He is consulting [REDACTED] the advisability of
travel, and stated he would notify the San Juan office whether or
not he would be able to travel on [REDACTED]
to travel, San Juan will immediately notify the Bureau and [REDACTED]
of informant's travel plans.

- 12 - Bureau (RM)
- (1 - 105-202663)
 - (1 - [REDACTED])
 - (1 - [REDACTED])
 - (1 - RESISTENCIA PUERTORRIQUENA) (RP)
 - (1 - BLACK PANTHER PARTY (BPP))
 - (1 - [REDACTED])
 - (1 - [REDACTED])
 - (1 - [REDACTED])
 - (1 - [REDACTED])
 - (1 - [REDACTED])
 - (1 - [REDACTED])

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6/20/00 BY SP4BTA/RNP

105-12315-465

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED

- 12 - New York [REDACTED] (RM)
- (1 - 105-106896)
 - (1 - [REDACTED])
 - (1 - [REDACTED])
 - (1 - [REDACTED])
 - (1 - BPP)

SVT/ljs

HEIBEL *[Signature]*

(37)
SJ 105-12315

Approved: _____
Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____ M Per _____

(cont'd from page 1)

New York

(111111)

13 - San Juan

(1) - 105-12315) (MIRA)
(1 - 105-12595) (RP-G)
(1 - 105-12831) (RP)
(1 - 157-70) (BPP)

67C

b2 b7D

[redacted] just recently talked to [redacted] who advised him that [redacted] Informant noted that [redacted] and irresponsible. [redacted] was of the opinion that [redacted] Puerto Rico because of an irresponsible attitude. Should [redacted] immediately notify the San Juan Division. [redacted] will.

However, [redacted] received a visit on [redacted] from [redacted] Puerto Rico, and [redacted] of the Nationalists Party of Puerto Rico in the San Juan metropolitan area. [redacted] [redacted] in Puerto Rico. [redacted] displayed [redacted] to the informant, and it appeared to be [redacted]

SJ 105-3353

[REDACTED] Besides the desire to
[REDACTED] in Puerto Rico,
that [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] Informant was not able
to obtain [REDACTED]
Informant believes that [REDACTED]
[REDACTED]

[REDACTED] all expressed a desire
[REDACTED] Puerto Rico to work with [REDACTED]
[REDACTED] in a separate conversation with the
informant, expressed [REDACTED]
[REDACTED] at this
meeting, but as [REDACTED] expressed a strong desire [REDACTED]
[REDACTED] has been directed to maintain close contact
with [REDACTED] to ascertain any [REDACTED]
[REDACTED] in Puerto Rico.

[REDACTED] is requested to furnish the San Juan
Office with any information which would corroborate the
[REDACTED] in
Puerto Rico.

Information regarding [REDACTED] is being confidentially
furnished to [REDACTED] Office of Intelligence, Police
of Puerto Rico (OI, PUPR), who has maintained the confidential
nature of sensitive information furnished by the Bureau in the
past. Further dissemination is being withheld until this
information is corroborated and more data can be obtained
as to the nature of [REDACTED]

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

REPORTING OFFICE SAN JUAN	OFFICE OF ORIGIN SAN JUAN	DATE OCT 14 1970	INVESTIGATIVE PERIOD 9/18/70 - 10/7/70
TITLE OF CASE <div style="background-color: black; width: 300px; height: 20px; margin: 5px 0;"></div> b7C		REPORT MADE BY ALFRED E. SEDDON	TYPED BY mtn
		CHARACTER OF CASE SM-PRH	

REFERENCE:

San Juan letter to Bureau, 6/23/70;
New York letter, 10/1/70, captioned "MIRA; IS-PRH";
San Juan report of SA CHARLES A. MOSHER, 8/8/68.

-P-

ENCLOSURE:

Enclosed for the Bureau are original and one copy of FD-376 re subject.

ACCOMPLISHMENTS CLAIMED						<input type="checkbox"/> NONE	ACQUIT- TALS	CASE HAS BEEN:
CONVIC.	AUTO.	FUG.	FINES	SAVINGS	RECOVERIES			
								PENDING OVER ONE YEAR <input type="checkbox"/> YES <input type="checkbox"/> NO PENDING PROSECUTION OVER SIX MONTHS <input type="checkbox"/> YES <input type="checkbox"/> NO

APPROVED	SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE	DO NOT WRITE IN SPACES BELOW		
5-Bureau (Enc. 2) (RM) 2-New York (RM) 1-NISO, 10th MD, San Juan (by hand) 1-771st MI-Det, San Juan (by hand) 1-OSI, Ramsey AFB (RM) 1-Secret Service, San Juan (by hand) 4-San Juan (1-105-12315) (MIRA) (1-25-21899) (Draft Resistance) <i>mtn</i>		105	12315	464
		SEARCHED INDEXED SERIALIZED FILED <i>Heibel</i>		
Dissemination Record of Attached Report		Notations		
Agency		ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 6/20/00 BY SPUBJA/RNP		
Request Recd.				
Date Fwd.				
How Fwd.				
By				

[REDACTED]

LEADS:

NEW YORK

AT NEW YORK, NEW YORK

Will determine subscriber to telephone number [REDACTED]

SAN JUAN

AT SAN JUAN, PUERTO RICO

1- Will maintain contact with [REDACTED] (protect), Puerto Rico Telephone Company, for any pertinent information pertaining to the subject.

2- Will maintain source contact to determine subject's relationship with Movimiento Independentista Revolucionario Armado (Armed Revolutionary Independence Movement) (MIRA), if any.

3- Will attempt to determine what [REDACTED] if any, subject may have [REDACTED]

AT PONCE, PUERTO RICO

Will determine who is [REDACTED] Puerto Rico.

INFORMANTS:

Identity of Source

Location

SJ T-1 is [REDACTED]

SJ T-2 is [REDACTED]

Identity of Source

Location

SJ T-3 is [REDACTED] (protect
by request), contacted by SA
SINECIO GUTIERREZ

SJ T-4 is [REDACTED]

SJ T-5 is [REDACTED]

SJ T-6 is [REDACTED] (protect
by request), [REDACTED]

contacted by SA ROBERT H. HEIBEL

SJ T-7 is [REDACTED]

SJ T-8 is [REDACTED]

SA SINECIO GUTIERREZ contacted [REDACTED]

SA GUTIERREZ observed subject's automobiles on
January 21, 1969.

CARMEN ORRACA, of the San Juan Office, was
contacted by [REDACTED] Office of Intelligence,
Police of Puerto Rico (OI, POPR).

SA ROBERT J. HEIBEL contacted [REDACTED]
[REDACTED] OI, POPR and Immigration and Naturalization
Service (INS), Hato Rey.

SA ALFRED E. SEDDON contacted [REDACTED]
[REDACTED] OI, POPR, and observed [REDACTED] on 7/17/70.

SA STANLEY A. PIMENTEL observed subject at his
home.

C
COVER PAGE

b2
b7C
b7D

██████████ b7C

SA JOHN F. COCHRANE contacted Naval Investigative Service Office, San Juan.

SA JAMES J. KINNEY contacted 771st Military Intelligence Detachment, San Juan.

The following Puerto Rican nationalist and Cuban sources had no additional information pertaining to the subject:

<u>Date</u>	<u>Source</u>	<u>Contacting Agent</u>
8/20/70	b2 b7D ██████████	SA RONALD TODD
8/28/70		SA JAMES J. HEANEY
9/5/70		SA PARTICK W. MURRAY
9/16/70		SA MURRAY
9/16/70		SA MURRAY
9/18/70		SA MURRAY

ADMINISTRATIVE:

Subject's file has been reviewed and it appears at this time that he does not meet the criteria for inclusion on the Agitator Index.

Copies to New York Office since it has an interest in the subject re New York letter 10/1/70, captioned "MIRA; IS-PRN; and lead set forth.

- b7C
1. ☒ Subject's name is included in the ☒ Security Index ☐ Agitator Index ☐ Reserve Index.
 2. ☒ The data appearing on the ☒ Security Index Card ☐ Agitator Index Card are current.
 3. ☐ The data appearing on the Reserve Index Card ☐ A ☐ B ☐ are current ☐ have been changed.
 4. ☐ Changes on the ☐ Security Index Card ☐ Agitator Index Card are necessary and ☐ Form FD-122 ☐ FD-397 submitted to the Bureau.
 5. ☒ A suitable photograph ☒ is ☐ is not available.
Date photograph was taken _____
 6. ☐ Subject is employed in a key facility and _____ is charged with security responsibility. Interested agencies are _____
 7. ☒ This report is classified **CONFIDENTIAL** because
(state reason) **unauthorized disclosure of information contained therein furnished by SJ T-1 through SJ T-8 could reasonably result in the identification of sources of continuing value and jeopardize their future effectiveness.**
 8. ☒ Subject previously interviewed (dates) 10/29/54
☒ Subject was not reinterviewed because (state reason) **he continues to be an NPPR member and apparently active in independentist movement activities.**
 9. ☐ This case no longer meets the ☐ Security Index ☐ Agitator Index criteria and a letter has been directed to the Bureau recommending cancellation.
 10. ☒ This case has been reevaluated in the light of the ☒ Security Index ☐ Agitator Index criteria and it continues to fall within such criteria because (state reason) **information from SJ T-1 indicates subject a member of the NPPR, possibly aiding MIRA, a clandestine independence movement group.**
 11. ☒ Subject's SI card is tabbed ☐ Priority I ☒ Priority II ☐ Priority III.
☐ Subject's activities warrant such tabbing because (state reasons) _____
 12. **Subject's card should be changed to warrant pro-Cuban tabbing since MIRA apparently receives some type of support from Cuba.**

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

1-NISO, 10th ND, San Juan (by hand)
1-771st MI-Det, San Juan (by hand)
1-OSI, Ramey AFB (RM)
1-Secret Service, San Juan (by hand)

Copy to:

Report of:
Date:ALFRED E. SEDDON
OCT 14 1970

Office: San Juan

Field Office File #:

Bureau File #:

Title:

Character:

SECURITY MATTER - PUERTO RICAN NATIONALIST

Synopsis:

Subject resides at [REDACTED]
Puerto Rico. He is [REDACTED]
Subject has been active in NPPR activities.
Subject has been in contact with anti-draft sympathizers.
Subject in contact with possible MIRA members.

-P-

DECLASSIFIED BY SP4BTA/RNP
ON 6/20/00~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Group I

Excluded from automatic downgrading
and declassification.

67C

[REDACTED]

DETAILS:

I. BACKGROUND

The subject is [REDACTED]
[REDACTED]

Office of Intelligence,
Police of Puerto Rico (OI, POPR)
October 1, 1970

II. CONNECTIONS WITH GROUPS SEEKING INDEPENDENCE FOR
PUERTO RICO

The National Junta of the Nationalist Party of Puerto Rico (NPPR) plans to meet on September 1, 1968, in Rio Piedras, Puerto Rico, at which time plans are to be made for the celebration of Grito de Lares and the observance of the birthdate of PEDRO ALBIZU CAMPOS on September 12, 1968. The cases of JOSE OTERO OTERO and WILLIAM VALENTIN, both of whom are to be expelled from the party, will also be considered.

67C

Rio Piedras, by [REDACTED]

It is expected that [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] JOSE
OTERO will be invited and asked to defend himself against
expulsion proceedings [REDACTED]
[REDACTED]

SJ T-1 on August 30, 1968

The NPPR has been designated by
the Attorney General of the United States
pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

b7C [REDACTED]

PEDRO ALBIZU CAMPOS was the titular head of the NPPR. He died of natural causes on April 21, 1965.

A characterization of the Grito de Lares appears in the appendix.

The following NPPR members went to Lares, Puerto Rico, for the Grito de Lares celebration on September 23, 1968:

PEDRO AVILES VARGAS
ANTONIO HERRERA MORENO
ATLANTIDA CASTILLO DE HERRERA
MIGUEL A. CASTILLO
CARMEN D. OTERO DE AVILES (LOLITA TORRESOLA)
BLANCA CANALES TORRESOLA
JOSE RIVERA SOTOMAYOR
FELIX FELICIANO MORALES
FELIX OTERO
JOSE ANTONIO OTERO OTERO
ESTEBAN QUINONES
MARIA QUINONES
DOMINGO LUGO

b7C JUAN ANTONIO CASTILLO AYALA lives sometimes at the NPPR headquarters and also at the home of his uncle, ANTONIO HERRERA, at [REDACTED] Puerto Rico.

SJ T-2 on September 26, 1968

On October 2, 1968, SJ T-1 advised that the subject was one of thirty persons present at Lares, Puerto Rico on September 23, 1968 to celebrate Grito de Lares.

b7c
[REDACTED]
On March 12, 1969, SJ T-2 advised that RUTH REYNOLDS was at [REDACTED] on [REDACTED]
[REDACTED]

RUTH MARY REYNOLDS, a resident of New York, is a sympathizer for Puerto Rican independence in the New York area and has made speeches at functions sponsored by the New York Junta of the NPPR.

RUTH REYNOLDS has been in Puerto Rico for a short visit and is expected to return to New York City on March 12, 1969. She and a group of pacifists are giving legal and financial assistance to those Puerto Rico youths who wish to resist the draft. REYNOLDS' group has an attorney from Boston who gives them legal guidance. The individuals in Puerto Rico who have been assisting RUTH REYNOLDS in this matter are [REDACTED]
[REDACTED]

b7c
[REDACTED] RUTH REYNOLDS attended to matters in this connection during this trip to Puerto Rico.

SJ T-1 on March 12, 1969

On May 8, 1969, SJ T-2 advised that subject participated in a march against the draft on May 7, 1969.

ANTONIO HERRERA MORENO is not active in the NPPR and is no longer considered to be Secretary of Foreign Relations. This position and the positions of delegates from Bayamon are open and should be filled before much longer.

SJ T-1 on June 3, 1969

b7c
On August 8, 1969, SJ T-1 advised [REDACTED]
[REDACTED] are inactive in the NPPR.

67C

[REDACTED]

On September 11, 1969, records of OI, POPR reflected OI file [REDACTED]. This file further reflected that the subject attended an NPPR meeting on [REDACTED] and was seen by OI Agents in the vicinity of an NPPR rally on September 12, 1969 at Rio Piedras, Puerto Rico.

67D

[REDACTED] Puerto Rico, there is an NPPR member named [REDACTED]. He is living at [REDACTED] visit with him often. [REDACTED] is not active in any group. He is an ex-Federacion Nacional de Estudiantes Puertorriquenos (National Federation of Puerto Rican Students) (FNEP) member. He is [REDACTED] and lives at [REDACTED] Puerto Rico. He has been known to be very sympathetic with the Sixto Alvelo Committee.

SJ T-2 on July 15, 1969

The FNEP is the youth group of the NPPR.

The Sixto Alvelo Committee is an organization originally formed in 1966 for the purpose of defending SIXTO ALVELO RODRIGUEZ, a draft objector and member of the Movimiento Pro Independencia de Puerto Rico (Puerto Rican Independence Movement) (MPIPR). As of February, 1969, the organization has been publicly identified as the "Sixto Alvelo Committee for the Defense of Puerto Rican Youth." It offers support for those who are opposed to obligatory military service for Puerto Rican youths.

A characterization of the MPIPR appears in the appendix.

a Puerto Rican nationalist in New York,

b7C
b7D

On May 15, 1970, [REDACTED]
OI, POPR, advised that an OI source was in contact with
MIGUEL ANGEL CASTILLO, also known as "PIPO" CASTILLO, on
[REDACTED] PIPO advised the OI source that he [REDACTED]
[REDACTED] and that [REDACTED]
[REDACTED] PIPO used telephone [REDACTED]
to call an unknown individual [REDACTED]

On May 18, 1970, SJ T-6 advised that on [REDACTED] telephone [REDACTED] was connected with telephone [REDACTED] for two minutes. SJ T-6 advised that telephone [REDACTED] was installed on [REDACTED] Puerto Rico. Telephone [REDACTED] listed to [REDACTED] was installed on [REDACTED] and, this telephone receives the bill [REDACTED]

On May 18, 1970, SJ T-5 advised that subject traveled to Puerto Rico prior to the weekend of [REDACTED]. SJ T-5 also determined that [REDACTED] but would be [REDACTED].

b7C [REDACTED] SJ T-5 felt that the person most likely [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] is [REDACTED]

On May 26, 1970, [REDACTED] OI, POPR advised that [REDACTED] is a white male, born on [REDACTED] at [REDACTED] and is employed [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] source on this information was [REDACTED] who resides at [REDACTED] and the records of the Department of Motor Vehicles, which reflect [REDACTED] has driver's license [REDACTED]

b7C
b7D On June 1, 1970, [REDACTED] Indices, Immigration and Naturalization Service (INS), Hato Rey, Puerto Rico, advised he could locate no record for [REDACTED]

On [REDACTED] requested a contribution of [REDACTED] to Puerto Rico. He has requested contributions from others also.

Other individuals whose names were mentioned in [REDACTED] were [REDACTED] It is unknown whether these individuals are actually involved in [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] stated that [REDACTED] in Puerto Rico by [REDACTED]

SJ T-5 on April 14, 1970

On April 19, 1970, [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] was visited.

b7C [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] stated that he was collecting funds to
to Puerto Rico. [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] implied that the individual in Puerto Rico to whom
[REDACTED] is [REDACTED]
[REDACTED] Puerto Rico by an
unknown relative of [REDACTED] possibly during the week of
[REDACTED] The following individuals have
contributed to [REDACTED]

b7C
b7D [REDACTED] [REDACTED]

SJ T-5 on April 20, 1970

On June 3, 1970, SJ T-2 advised [REDACTED]
are very common in Puerto Rico. They are [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] He added [REDACTED]
[REDACTED] in Puerto Rico, [REDACTED]
[REDACTED] Puerto Rico than in New York City.
He said that this was especially true for [REDACTED]

SJ T-2 advised that he is very well acquainted
with [REDACTED] and that [REDACTED] is [REDACTED]
[REDACTED] He said that [REDACTED]
[REDACTED] in Puerto Rico. He said that he has never
heard from [REDACTED] nor from others that [REDACTED] can [REDACTED]

b7C [REDACTED]

SJ T-2 went on to say that this would seem, in his opinion,
[REDACTED]

[REDACTED] the defense of PAPO CASTILLO AYALA. It appears that PAPO CASTILLO AYALA is in Puerto Rico and will appear before the court. No further details were observed.

SJ T-2 on May 23, 1970

b7C
b7D On July 10, 1970, SJ T-5 advised that no further information has been heard from [REDACTED] regarding [REDACTED] to Puerto Rico.

It is unknown whether [REDACTED] actually [REDACTED] he has not mentioned them for several months.

According to [REDACTED] claimed [REDACTED] in Puerto Rico and the person who was [REDACTED] in Puerto Rico was [REDACTED]

Other than [REDACTED] no conversations or meetings have been heard of where there has been discussion regarding [REDACTED]

III. MISCELLANEOUS

On January 29, 1969, it was noted that subject drives a [REDACTED] license plates [REDACTED] and a [REDACTED] license plates [REDACTED]

67C [REDACTED]
On April 9, 1969, [REDACTED] OI, POPR,
advised that subject was employed [REDACTED]
[REDACTED] Puerto Rico, and
is using a [REDACTED] license plates [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] is no longer employed at [REDACTED]
He is now employed at [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] It was stated that he had [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] OI, POPR, April 4, 1969
On May 14, 1969, SJ T-2 advised that the subject
was employed at [REDACTED]
[REDACTED], Puerto Rico.

67C On May 21, 1969, [REDACTED] Manager, [REDACTED]
[REDACTED] advised that the subject had quit his
employment on [REDACTED] advised that the
decision to quit on the part of the subject [REDACTED]
He advised that the subject had stated that he [REDACTED]
[REDACTED] He
stated that the subject presumably [REDACTED]
[REDACTED]

[REDACTED] was going to move from
his residence at [REDACTED] house to an apartment in
Santurce, Puerto Rico.
[REDACTED]

SJ T-2 on May 8, 1969

67C [REDACTED]

On July 17, 1969, SJ T-2 advised that the subject was supposed [REDACTED] but no information was available that he had done so.

On September 18, 1969, SJ T-3 advised that the subject is presently living at [REDACTED] SJ T-3 stated that the subject was presently [REDACTED] however, SJ T-3 has heard from the subject's wife that the subject [REDACTED] SJ T-3 advised that the subject flies the Puerto Rican flag from time to time, but that SJ T-3 had not noticed any strange activity concerning the subject for a long time, nor does he engage in political dialogue with neighbors any more.

67C
67D [REDACTED] NPPR member and father of [REDACTED] from [REDACTED] Bayamon, Puerto Rico, is doing very well on his own [REDACTED] He has just purchased a [REDACTED] His son, [REDACTED] has stated that [REDACTED]

SJ T-2, October 10, 1969
On January 23, 1970, SJ T-4 advised that subject resides at [REDACTED] Subject is [REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

SJ T-2 on May 14, 1970

On July 17, 1970, a Special Agent (SA) of the FBI observed [REDACTED] parking a [REDACTED] in front of the subject's house in [REDACTED]

67C [REDACTED]
with Puerto Rico 1970 license plates [REDACTED] Also parked
at the subject's house was a [REDACTED]
with Puerto Rico 1970 license plates number [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] continues to reside at
[REDACTED] Puerto Rico. He is
considered by NPPR members to be a supporter of Movimiento
Independientista Revolucionario Armado (Armed Revolutionary
Independence Movement) (MIRA).

A characterization of MIRA
appears in the appendix.

67C On July 31, 1970, an SA of the FBI physically
observed subject at his residence, [REDACTED]
[REDACTED]

On August 13, 1970, Naval Investigative Service
Office (NISO), San Juan had no additional information
pertaining to the subject.

On August 18, 1970, 771st Military Intelligence
Detachment (771st MI-Det), San Juan had no additional
information pertaining to the subject.

On September 29, 1970, [REDACTED]
OI, POPR, advised that no additional information was available
pertaining to the subject except that the subject is [REDACTED]
[REDACTED]

On July 20, 1970, it was determined from SJ T-7
that [REDACTED]
[REDACTED] had a non-published telephone, [REDACTED]
connected on [REDACTED]

On September 28, 1970, SJ T-8 advised that since
at least [REDACTED] has been living
in [REDACTED]

b7c [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] is [REDACTED]
[REDACTED] Puerto Rican independence supporters.

OI, POPR on September 11, 1969

On October 7, 1970, SJ T-6 advised that telephone
[REDACTED] was called by subject's telephone
[REDACTED] on the following dates:

Date

Length of Call:

[REDACTED]

unknown
12 minutes
16 minutes
13 minutes
3 minutes

On [REDACTED] subject's telephone was used
to call [REDACTED] The call was at night and lasted
nine minutes. On [REDACTED] subject's telephone was
used to call [REDACTED] which was listed to [REDACTED]
[REDACTED] Puerto Rico.

APPENDIX

1

GRITO DE LARES
SEPTEMBER 23, 1868

The Partido Nacionalista Puertorriqueno (Nationalist Party of Puerto Rico) (NPPR) celebrates this date as the anniversary of the brief rebellion at Lares, Puerto Rico, against the Spanish regime, staged by a group of Puerto Rican revolutionaries. On this date, the Puerto Rico group established momentary control in the mountain town of Lares and proclaimed the Republic of Puerto Rico. This date has a special significance for the NPPR inasmuch as the main thesis of NPPR doctrine is the claim that Puerto Rican sovereignty was actually established on September 23, 1868, with the rebellion at Lares. The large NPPR celebration on September 23rd of each year is concentrated at Lares.

The NPPR has been designated by the Attorney General of the United States pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

APPENDIX

MOVIMIENTO INDEPENDENTISTA REVOLUCIONARIO EN ARMAS
(ARMED REVOLUTIONARY INDEPENDENCE MOVEMENT) (MIRA)

On January 8, 1970, [REDACTED] Office of Intelligence, Police of Puerto Rico (OI, POPR), advised that [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] NARCISO RABELL MARTINEZ and ROBERTO TODD PAGAN assumed leadership of the organization. At that time, the PSC was a recently organized self-described Marxist-Leninist organization in Puerto Rico openly advocating the use of violence to achieve independence for Puerto Rico. RABELL organized within the PSC a clandestine group which was to dedicate itself to the destruction of United States-owned enterprises by sabotage and which was to be known as the Movimiento Independencia Rebelde Armada (Armed Rebel Independence Movement) (MIRA). RABELL stated that the operation was Cuban directed and that MIRA initials were designated by Cuba.

On December 4, 1968, a confidential source furnished substantially the same information as that above. In January, 1969, the source provided a copy of a sabotage manual used by RABELL in training MIRA members, which manual was utilized by RABELL according to his own statement while undergoing sabotage training in Cuba.

On December 11, 1969, explosions occurred in six United States-owned business establishments in the San Juan, Puerto Rico, area causing considerable damage. On December 12, 1969, in connection with these bombings the OI, POPR arrested four MIRA members for violation of the Explosives Law of Puerto Rico and secured warrants for ROBERTO TODD PAGAN and FILIBERTO OJEDA RIOS on the same charges. The arrests were based on information supplied by RAFAEL NIEVES NEGRON, OI, POPR, who served as an undercover agent in the MIRA organization for OI, POPR. NIEVES NEGRON has advised that MIRA, now known as Movimiento Independentista Revolucionario en Armas (Armed Revolutionary Independence Movement) (MIRA) is led by ROBERTO TODD PAGAN and FILIBERTO OJEDA RIOS. He explained that the present MIRA organization is the same as that originally organized in the PSC and that FILIBERTO OJEDA RIOS is a Cuban trained sabotage agent who gave instructions in sabotage to MIRA members.

On February 24, 1970, the OI, POPR conducted raids on two locations in the San Juan area in an unsuccessful attempt to apprehend TODD and OJEDA. They seized an abundance of written material much of which was specifically identified with TODD and OJEDA and with the MIRA organization. Among the documents seized was a carbon copy of a sabotage manual which upon comparison appeared to be identical to the manual utilized by RABELL.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

1

APPENDIX

MOVIMIENTO PRO-INDEPENDENCIA DE PUERTO RICO
(PUERTO RICAN INDEPENDENCE MOVEMENT)
(MPIPR)

The MPIPR was organized in November, 1959, at Ponce, Puerto Rico. It has a current membership of about 700 - 800 persons with several thousand sympathizers. The MPIPR is organized in missions which are located in various towns throughout Puerto Rico. There are also members and sympathizers in the continental United States. The MPIPR National Headquarters is located at 1122 Ponce de Leon Avenue, Rio Piedras, Puerto Rico.

At the time the MPIPR was organized, it indicated that it did not advocate violence but would accept members who did. JUAN MARI BRAS, the founder and dominant leader of the organization, in a speech in 1964, threatened violence comparable to that in Algeria, 1964, if Puerto Rico became a state within the United States.

MARI BRAS, in an editorial appearing in the March 15, 1970, issue of "Claridad," the MPIPR newspaper, stated that "in Puerto Rico there is an incipient armed struggle on the part of pro-independence individuals who consider it their patriotic duty to conduct warfare against the empire which dominates us. We believe that every Puerto Rican has the right to make war against the invaders of our country. And war is mainly killing and dying."

The press of Puerto Rico has reported that MPIPR has held numerous public meetings and demonstrations at which they protested compulsory military service for Puerto Ricans and United States police in Vietnam. The MPIPR has further urged the boycott of elections in Puerto Rico.

On April 21, 1970, during the course of a program on WTSJ Television in San Juan, Puerto Rico, MARI BRAS stated that the MPIPR has innumerable contacts with revolutionary organizations in South America, Canada, Cuba, Europe, Africa, and in Asia. Through 1969, the MPIPR had a permanent representative stationed in Havana, Cuba.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~



In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
San Juan, Puerto Rico

OCT 14 1970

Title

[REDACTED]

b7C

Character SECURITY MATTER-PUERTO RICAN NATIONALIST

Reference San Juan report of SA ALFRED E. SEDDON,
dated and captioned as above.

All sources (except any listed below) whose identities
are concealed in referenced communication have furnished reliable
information in the past.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date October 14, 1970

[REDACTED] Puerto Rico, advised he is [REDACTED]
 [REDACTED] He entered [REDACTED] He furnished the
 following information:

After arrival in Puerto Rico, [REDACTED] was employed at
 several jobs, one of which was [REDACTED] he interviewed and
 [REDACTED] During subsequent years, [REDACTED]
 remained friendly toward [REDACTED] on the occasions they met acci-
 dently.

In about [REDACTED] encountered [REDACTED] While
 they were engaged in conversation, another individual approached
 and was introduced by [REDACTED] whose name
 he learned to be [REDACTED] subsequently met
 several times afterwards. In about [REDACTED]
 [REDACTED] was at the time and continues working [REDACTED]

On one of these [REDACTED] they completed the [REDACTED]
 At this time, [REDACTED]
 and claims to be [REDACTED]
 expressed great interest in [REDACTED]
 returned several times after that, ostensibly to [REDACTED]
 was interested in [REDACTED]
 and would [REDACTED]
 and has not been seen [REDACTED] since. He
 described [REDACTED] as an avid independentist [REDACTED]

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
 HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
 DATE 6/20/00 BY SP4BJA/RNP

On 10/12/70 at San Juan, Puerto RicoFile # SJ 105-12315 - 467by SA ROGER T. CASTONGUAY:eab10/14/70

by _____ Date dictated _____

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency;
 it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

SJ 105-12315

About [REDACTED]

Several small items

[REDACTED] was subsequently interviewed by Agents
of the Criminal Investigation Corps (CIC).

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

b7C
b7D



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

San Juan, Puerto Rico

~~SECRET~~

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

OCT 13 1970

u/20/00
CLASSIFIED BY NLS/BTA 60267 ARE
DECLASSIFY ON: 20X (1)

INCENDIARISM IN PUERTO RICO

At approximately 2:30 p.m. on October 10, 1970, Filiberto Ojeda Rios, a member of the National Directorate of the Movimiento Independentista Revolucionario En Armas (Armed Revolutionary Independence Movement) (MIRA) was arrested in Barrio Las Charcas near Quebradillas, Puerto Rico, by agents of the Office of Intelligence, Police of Puerto Rico (OI, POPR) and Special Agents of the Federal Bureau of Investigation based on warrants charging him with violation of the Explosives Law of Puerto Rico and Unlawful Flight to Avoid Prosecution. Documents seized at the time of Ojeda Rios' arrest included formulas for the manufacture of explosive devices utilizing ammonium nitrate and powdered aluminum.

A characterization of MIRA is attached hereto.

Ojeda Rios was still in custody under \$100,000 bond on October 14, 1970.

On October 12, 1970, [REDACTED] OI, POPR, advised the San Juan Office of the Federal Bureau of Investigation that at 1:00 a.m. on that date four armed men, wearing stockings over their faces, robbed the Rexach Construction Company, Guaynabo, Puerto Rico, of 700 pounds of ammonium nitrate.

9 - Bureau (105-103488)
1 Secret Service
1 - NISO
1 - 771st MI-Det
1 - OSI, Ramey
1 - FAA,

1 - GSA
1 - Postal Inspector
1 - USA
4 - San Juan (105-5208)
(1) - 105-12315 (MIRA)
(1 - [REDACTED]) (s)
(1 - 174-6)

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105-12315-468
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INCENDIARISM IN PUERTO RICO

~~SECRET~~

Local law enforcement officials suggest that in the interest of security Federal personnel should be alert to the possibility that the theft of the ammonium nitrate may be related to the arrest of Ojeda Rios and that his supporters could be planning some kind of reprisal against Government establishments, including civil and military as well as commercial enterprises, which MIRA considers as symbols of "American imperialism". OI officials wish it to be clear that no evidence has been developed that any plans of this nature are in fact connected with the theft of the ammonium nitrate, but feel that the nature of the MIRA organization and the circumstances require that the possibility of a threat to security be recognized.

No suspects in the theft have been developed according to OI, POPR.

~~SECRET~~

INCENDIARISM IN PUERTO RICO

APPENDIX

MOVIMIENTO INDEPENDENTISTA REVOLUCIONARIO EN ARMAS
(ARMED REVOLUTIONARY INDEPENDENCE MOVEMENT) (MIRA)

~~SECRET~~

b7C On January 8, 1970, [REDACTED], Office of Intelligence, Police of Puerto Rico (OI, POPR), advised that [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] NARCISO RABELL MARTINEZ and ROBERTO TODD PAGAN were the leadership of the organization. At that time, the PSO was a recently organized self-described Marxist-Leninist organization in Puerto Rico openly advocating the use of violence to achieve independence for Puerto Rico. RABELL organized within the PSO a clandestine group which was to dedicate itself to the destruction of United States-owned enterprises by sabotage and which was to be known as the Movimiento Independencia Rebelde Armada (Armed Rebel Independence Movement) (MIRA). RABELL stated that the operation was Cuban directed and that MIRA initials were designated by Cuba.

On December 4, 1968, a confidential source furnished substantially the same information as that above. In January, 1969, the source provided a copy of a sabotage manual used by RABELL in training MIRA members, which manual was utilized by RABELL according to his own statement while undergoing sabotage training in Cuba.

On December 11, 1969, explosions occurred in six United States-owned business establishments in the San Juan, Puerto Rico, area causing considerable damage. On December 12, 1969, in connection with these bombings the OI, POPR arrested four MIRA members for violation of the Explosives Law of Puerto Rico and secured warrants for ROBERTO TODD PAGAN and FILIBERTO OJEDA RIOS on the same charges. The arrests were based on information supplied by RAFAEL NIEVES NEGRON, OI, POPR, who served as an undercover agent in the MIRA organization for OI, POPR. NIEVES NEGRON has advised that MIRA, now known as Movimiento Independentista Revolucionario en Armas (Armed Revolutionary Independence Movement) (MIRA) is led by ROBERTO TODD PAGAN and FILIBERTO OJEDA RIOS. He explained that the present MIRA organization is the same as that originally organized in the PSO and that FILIBERTO OJEDA RIOS is a Cuban trained sabotage agent who gave instructions in sabotage to MIRA members.

On February 24, 1970, the OI, POPR conducted raids on two locations in the San Juan area in an unsuccessful attempt to apprehend TODD and OJEDA. They seized an abundance of written material much of which was specifically identified with TODD and OJEDA and with the MIRA organization. Among the documents seized was a carbon copy of a sabotage manual which upon comparison appeared to be identical to the manual utilized by RABELL.



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

~~SECRET~~

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

San Juan, Puerto Rico

OCT 15 1970

Title: INCENDIARISM IN PUERTO RICO

Reference: FBI communication dated and
captioned as above at San
Juan, Puerto Rico.

All sources (except any listed below) whose identities
are concealed in referenced communication have furnished reliable
information in the past.

X

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions
of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are
not to be distributed outside your agency.

-11-

~~SECRET~~

OCT 15 1970

AIRTEL

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (105-103488)
FROM: SAC, SAN JUAN (105-5208) (P)

INCENDIARISM IN PUERTO RICO
IS - PRN

Enclosed for the Bureau are nine copies of an LHM dated and captioned as above:

Local dissemination of LHM is being made to U. S. Secret Service; Naval Investigative Service Office, 10th Naval District; 771st Military Intelligence Detachment; Office of Special Investigations, Ramey Air Force Base; Federal Aviation Agency; General Services Administration; Postal Inspector and U. S. Attorney. In addition to the above dissemination, other Federal agency officials will be alerted through the Federal Business Men's Organization.

6/20/00
CLASSIFIED BY NLS/BJA 60267 AAG
DECLASSIFY ON: 25X (1)

2 - Bureau (encls. 9) (RM)

4 - San Juan

(1 - 105-12315) (MIRA)

(1 - [REDACTED]) (s) b1

RJH: cab

(6)

b7C

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED EXCEPT
WHERE SHOWN OTHERWISE

~~SECRET~~

105-12315-469
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SERIALIZED FILED

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
FOIPA
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2

Page(s) withheld entirely at this location in the file. One or more of the following statements, where indicated, explain this deletion.

- ☐ Deletions were made pursuant to the exemptions indicated below with no segregable material available for release to you.

Section 552

Section 552a

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☐ (b)(7)(A)

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☐ (b)(3)

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☐ (k)(1)

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- ☐ Information pertained only to a third party with no reference to the subject of your request or the subject of your request is listed in the title only.

- ☒ Documents originated with another Government agency(ies).

Pages contain information furnished by another Government agency(ies). You will be advised by the FBI as to the releasability of this information following our consultation with the other agency(ies).

Page(s) withheld inasmuch as a final release determination has not been made. You will be advised as to the disposition at a later date.

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- ☒ The following number is to be used for reference regarding these pages:

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SAC, SAN JUAN [REDACTED]

10/19/70

SA ALFRED LA MANNA

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

b7C

SM-PRN
(00:SJ)

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED EXCEPT
WHERE SHOWN OTHERWISE.

Re memo of SA ALFRED LA MANNA, 8/26/70.

The following confidential sources familiar with certain phases of the Puerto Rican independence movement were contacted with negative results for any information regarding the possible whereabouts of captioned subject:

<u>Source</u>	<u>Date</u>	<u>Contacting Agent</u>
[REDACTED]	8/4/70	SA SHELDON V. TAFT
[REDACTED]	8/5/70	SA ROBERT A. BALL
[REDACTED]	8/5/70	SA RONALD TODD
[REDACTED]	8/5/70	SA JAMES J. HEANEY
PSI [REDACTED]	8/3/70	SA ALFRED E. SEDDON
PSI [REDACTED]	8/5/70	SA SEDDON
[REDACTED]	8/6/70	SA ROBERT R. MILLS
[REDACTED]	8/6/70	SA AMANDO INEZ GUERRA
[REDACTED]	8/7/70	SA WILLIAM CHRISTENSEN
PSI [REDACTED]	8/7/70	SA EDWARD G. SHERIDAN
[REDACTED]	8/7/70	SA JOHN J. BURKE
[REDACTED]	8/12/70	SA JOSEPH F. BRENNAN
[REDACTED]	8/13/70	SA ROBERT S. PAYNE
[REDACTED]	8/12/70	SA PAYNE
[REDACTED]	8/13/70	SA BRIAN R. HOLLSTEIN
[REDACTED]	8/14/70	SA HOLLSTEIN
[REDACTED]	8/3/70	SA ROBERT E. O'BRIEN
[REDACTED]	8/13/70	SA O'BRIEN
[REDACTED] (c)	8/19/70	SA BYRON V. MACDONALD
[REDACTED]	8/19/70	SA MACDONALD
[REDACTED]	8/21/70	SA RICHARD C. SONNICHSEN
[REDACTED]	8/31/70	SA JOHN J. NEWMAN
[REDACTED]	9/2/70	SA THOMAS H. GREENE

3-San Juan
(1) 105-12315) (MIRA)
AB:mtn
(3) [REDACTED]

6/20/00

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~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

105-12315-471

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OCT 22 1970	
FBI - SAN JUAN	

[REDACTED] b7C

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

The following agencies were contacted with negative results for any information regarding the possible whereabouts of captioned subject:

<u>Agency</u>	<u>Date</u>	<u>Contacted by</u>
NISO, 10th ND	8/5/70	SC CARLOS CARBALLO
OSI, Ramey AFB	8/6/70	SA THOMAS H. GREENE
DMV	8/13/70	SA HENRY J. PRATT
771st MI-Det	8/18/70	SA JAMES J. KINNEY
OI, POPR	8/26/70	SA ALFRED LA MANNA

LEAD:

SAN JUAN

AT [REDACTED] PUERTO RICO

b7C

Will maintain contact with subject's family for any information regarding his whereabouts.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

SAC, SAN JUAN [REDACTED] (P)

10/19/70

SA ALFRED LA MANNA

[REDACTED] b7C
SM-PRN
(00:SJ)

Re memo of SA ALFRED LA MANNA, 8/25/70.

Following investigation was conducted by SA
ALFRED LA MANNA at [REDACTED] Puerto Rico, on 10/13/70:

Interviews with the following individuals regarding the independence activities of captioned subject disclosed that each of these individuals concurred that he is not presently^{and} actively engaged in the pro independence movement in Puerto Rico. He apparently discontinued his association with the MPIPR, [REDACTED] P.R., sometime during [REDACTED]. Since that time, his attitude regarding independence for Puerto Rico has changed and it appears that he is slowly but surely progressing toward understanding the purpose for the U.S. being on the island of Puerto Rico. He is beginning to accept the fact that the current status of Puerto Rico would be more beneficial to each ~~and~~ every citizen rather than independence. Each of these individuals concluded by saying that captioned subject is not an individual prone to violence:

b7C

[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 10/20/00 BY SP4BJA/KNP

LEAD:

SAN JUAN

AT [REDACTED] PUERTO RICO. Will consider interviewing subject for any information he may have regarding the pro independence movement as it affects the area in which he lives.

3-San Juan

(1-105-12315) (MIRA)

AL:mtn

(3) mtn

105-12315-472

SEARCHED	INDEXED
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OCT 22 1970	
FBI - SAN JUAN	

RECEIVED

SAC, SAN JUAN [REDACTED]
(ATTN:SA R.J.HIEBEL)

10/20/70

-SA DWIGHT G. GARETSON

MOVIMIENTO INDEPENDENTISTA REVOLUCIONARIO
EN ARMAS (MIRA)
IS-PRN

Re San Juan letter to New York 7/10/70.

Review of the current Ponce telephone and city directories disclosed that telephone number [REDACTED] is listed to [REDACTED]
Ponce - wife listed as [REDACTED]

From physical observation it appears that [REDACTED] and [REDACTED] are both single family residences.

b7C
On 10/9/70, Agent [REDACTED] OI, POPR, Ponce, Puerto Rico, advised that his files contained no information under the names [REDACTED] or [REDACTED] or the addresses [REDACTED]. He further advised that he knows nothing about these persons or addresses.

b2
b7D
On 10/15/70, [REDACTED] and on 10/16/70, [REDACTED] were both negative about this matter.

1 - [REDACTED]
1 - 105-12315
(2)
DGG:

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6/20/00 BY SP4BJA/RNP

105-12315-473

SEARCHED	INDEXED
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OCT 20 1970	
FBI - SAN JUAN	

9/8/86 [Signature]

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
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- ☐ Deletions were made pursuant to the exemptions indicated below with no segregable material available for release to you.

Section 552

Section 552a

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☐ (k)(7)

- ☐ Information pertained only to a third party with no reference to the subject of your request or the subject of your request is listed in the title only.

- ☐ Documents originated with another Government agency(ies).

Pages contain information furnished by another Government agency(ies). You will be advised by the FBI as to the releasability of this information following our consultation with the other agency(ies).

Page(s) withheld inasmuch as a final release determination has not been made. You will be advised as to the disposition at a later date.

1 Pages were not considered for release as they are duplicative of SJ 105-10822 (PS O)
by memo to SJ dated 10/22/70

Page(s) withheld for the following reason(s):

* The following number is to be used for reference regarding these pages:

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SAC, SAN JUAN [REDACTED] (P)

10/22/70

SA ALFRED LA MANNA

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

b7C
SM - PRN
(00: SJ)

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED EXCEPT
WHERE SHOWN OTHERWISE.

Re memo of SA ALFRED LA MANNA, 8/17/70.

ADMINISTRATIVE:

b7C
Inasmuch as all logical investigation has been completed in the headquarters city area, it is recommended that this case be reassigned to the Agent covering [REDACTED] Puerto Rico, so that appropriate investigation can be conducted in the area where captioned subject resides, [REDACTED] Puerto Rico, in order to determine the extent of subject's independence activities and/or association with independence seeking groups. It is also suggested that consideration be given to interview subject in order to solicit his cooperation in furnishing information regarding his present or past association with independence oriented groups.

The following confidential sources familiar with certain phases of the Puerto Rican independence movement were contacted with negative results for any information regarding captioned subject:

<u>Source</u>	<u>Date</u>	<u>Contacting Agent</u>
[REDACTED]	8/4/70	SA SHELDON V. TAFT
[REDACTED]	8/5/70	SA ROBERT A. BALL
[REDACTED]	8/5/70	SA RONALD TODD
[REDACTED]	8/5/70	SA JAMES J. HEANEY
PSI [REDACTED]	8/3/70	SA ALFRED E. SEDDON
PSI [REDACTED]	8/5/70	SA SEDDON
[REDACTED]	8/6/70	SA ROBERT R. MILLS

b2
b7C
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3 - San Juan
(1) 105-12315 (MIRA)

AL:mcm
(3)

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CLASSIFIED BY NLS/BJA/RNP 60267 AAG
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105-12315-475

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OCT 23 1970	
FBI - SAN JUAN	
HEIBE - [initials]	

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

LEADS

SAN JUAN

AT [REDACTED], PUERTO RICO.

b7c 1. Will conduct neighborhood investigation in order to determine the degree of subject's independence activities with groups seeking independence for Puerto Rico.

2. Will consider interviewing subject in order to solicit his cooperation in furnishing any information regarding his knowledge of groups seeking independence in [REDACTED] Puerto Rico area.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

SAC, SAN JUAN [REDACTED] (P)

10/23/70

SA ALFRED LA MANNA

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

b7C
[REDACTED]
SM - PRN
(00: SJ)

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED EXCEPT
WHERE SHOWN OTHERWISE.

Re memo of SA ALFRED LA MANNA, 8/17/70, and
memo of SA PETER E. O'NEILL, 9/28/70.

The following confidential sources familiar
with certain phases of the Puerto Rican independence
movement were contacted with negative results for any
information regarding captioned subject:

<u>Source</u>	<u>Date</u>	<u>Contacting Agents</u>
[REDACTED]	8/4/70	SA SHELDON V. TAFT
[REDACTED]	8/5/70	SA ROBERT A. BALL
[REDACTED]	8/5/70	SA RONALD TODD
[REDACTED]	8/5/70	SA JAMES J. HEANEY
PSI [REDACTED]	8/3/70	SA ALFRED E. SEDDON
PSI [REDACTED]	8/5/70	SA SEDDON
[REDACTED]	8/6/70	SA ROBERT R. MILLS
[REDACTED]	8/6/70	SA AMANDO INEZ GUERRA
[REDACTED]	8/7/70	SA WILLIAM CHRISTENSEN
PSI [REDACTED]	8/7/70	SA EDWARD G. SHERIDAN
[REDACTED]	8/7/70	SA JOHN J. BURKE
[REDACTED]	8/12/70	SA JOSEPH F. BRENNAN
[REDACTED]	8/13/70	SA ROBERT S. PAYNE
[REDACTED]	8/12/70	SA PAYNE
[REDACTED]	8/13/70	SA BRIAN R. HOLLSTEIN
[REDACTED]	8/14/70	SA HOLLSTEIN
[REDACTED]	8/3/70	SA ROBERT E. O'BRIEN
[REDACTED]	8/13/70	SA O'BRIEN
[REDACTED]	8/19/70	SA BYRON V. MACDONALD
[REDACTED]	8/19/70	SA MACDONALD
[REDACTED]	8/21/70	SA RICHARD C. SONNICHSEN
[REDACTED]	8/31/70	SA JOHN J. NEWMAN

3 - San Juan
(1 - 105-12315) (MIRA)

AL:mcm

(3)

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~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

105-12315-476

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OCT 23 1970	
FBI - SAN JUAN	

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Source

Date

Contacting Agent

9/2/70
8/19/70

SA THOMAS H. GREENE
SA BURKE

On 8/27/70, SA HENRY J. PRATT caused the records of the Police of Puerto Rico Identification Division, Hato Rey, Puerto Rico, to be checked for any information identifiable with captioned subject. This record check disclosed that POPR file, number [REDACTED] may pertain to captioned subject which shows that on 3/7/52, the POPR furnished the following identification records on one [REDACTED] which was requested by the Office of Provost Marshal, Fort Buchanan, Puerto Rico:

<u>Name</u>	<u>Date of Arrest</u>	<u>Charge</u>	<u>Court</u>	<u>Disposition</u>
-------------	-----------------------	---------------	--------------	--------------------

Also on file is another report dated [REDACTED] prepared by the Bayamon District of POPR which states that a complaint was filed on [REDACTED] against one [REDACTED] not further identified. The nature of the complaint is not known and the person filing the complaint was one [REDACTED] residing at [REDACTED] Puerto Rico. The case was dismissed by Judge EDNA ABRUNAS of Bayamon District Court. There is no information as to the nature of this complaint. There is also a document in file to the effect that on [REDACTED] one [REDACTED] was charged with [REDACTED]. Apparently this case was heard in the Bayamon Municipal Court and was assigned Criminal number [REDACTED]. On [REDACTED] the case was dismissed after payment of costs. There are no further details regarding the charge or any identifying data regarding [REDACTED].

SA HENRY J. PRATT obtained a photographic copy of [REDACTED] fingerprints, which is being maintained in the 1A section of this file.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

On 8/26/70, SA LA MANNA caused the records of the OI,POPR to be checked for any information identifiable with captioned subject. This record check disclosed that OI file, [REDACTED] pertains to one [REDACTED] Puerto Rico, who was arrested by agents of the OI, POPR on [REDACTED] for [REDACTED]. No background data or any other supplemental information is contained in this file.

b7C
On 8/21/70, SA PRATT caused the records of the DMV to be checked for any information identifiable with captioned subject. This record check disclosed that DMV file, [REDACTED] pertains to one [REDACTED] who applied for a renewal of his Puerto Rico driver's license on [REDACTED] listed his address as [REDACTED] Puerto Rico, and [REDACTED] Puerto Rico. His date of birth is recorded as [REDACTED] at [REDACTED]. His father was listed as [REDACTED] and his mother as [REDACTED].

He is described as being 5' 6" in height, weighing 160 pounds, having brown hair, brown eyes and being of the Caucasian race. His occupation is listed as [REDACTED] in [REDACTED].

A photograph of [REDACTED] was obtained and appropriate copies processed for filing in the 1A section of this case.

The following additional agencies were contacted with negative results for any information regarding captioned subject:

<u>Agency</u>	<u>Date</u>	<u>Contacting Agent</u>
771st MI-Det	8/25/70	SA JAMES J. KINNEY
NISO, 10th ND	9/2/70	SA JOHN F. COCHRANE
Retail Credit Company	9/2/70	SA HENRY J. PRATT

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

b7C

[REDACTED]

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

LEAD

SAN JUAN

AT SAN JUAN, PUERTO RICO. Will complete continuing investigation.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

FBI

Date: 10/23/70

SECRET

Transmit the following in _____

(Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL

(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI
(ATTN: LABORATORY, DOCUMENTS SECTION)

FROM: SAC, SAN JUAN

MOVIMIENTO INDEPENDENTISTA REVOLUCIONARIO
EN ARMAS (ARMED REVOLUTIONARY INDEPENDENCE
MOVEMENT) (MIRA)
BUFILE 105-202663
SJ 105-12315

[REDACTED] (S)
[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]

6/20/00
CLASSIFIED BY NLS/BTA 60267 APK
DECLASSIFY ON: 25X (1)

Re Lab report to SJ 8/7/70, captioned, "MIRA,
IS - PRN"; SJ airtel to Bureau, 10/14/70,
captioned [REDACTED] San Juan (S)
teletype to NY, [REDACTED] captioned [REDACTED]

b1
b7C

[REDACTED] NY tel to SJ
[REDACTED] captioned [REDACTED]
[REDACTED] and Bureau airtel to SJ,
captioned [REDACTED] (S)

- 5 - Bureau (encls. 38) (RM)
- 2 - New York [REDACTED] (Info) [REDACTED] (RM) (S)
(1 - 105-106890)
- 6 - San Juan (105-12315) (MIRA)
(2 - [REDACTED] (S))
(1 - [REDACTED])
(1 - [REDACTED])

RJH:eab
(13)

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
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WHERE SHOWN OTHERWISE

105-12315-42
SEARCHED INDEXED
SERIALIZED FILED
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Approved: _____

Sent _____

Per _____

105-12315

~~SECRET~~

Enclosed for the Documents Section of the Laboratory are the following:

- Ex. 173 - Three page document beginning "Mr. Griffis - trabaja con el FBI" and ending "Mercury Comet (nuevo) azul."
- Ex. 174 - Two pencil written pages beginning "Estimado (illegible) Peye" ending "siempre gritado" and an envelope with ink writing "Copia de carta enviado a Peye"
- Ex. 175 - A manilla envelope with name "Omar".
- Ex. 176 - A two-page handwritten document dated "Lunes 31 de Agosto de 1970".
- Ex. 177 - A one-page typewritten document dated "5 de septiembre de 1970" signed "Arcadio".
- Ex. 178 - A handwritten five-page document dated "10 de septiembre de 1970".
- Ex. 179 - A five-page typewritten document dated "20 de septiembre de 1970" signed "Arcadio".
- Ex. 180 - A four-page typewritten and handwritten document dated "25 de septiembre de 1970" signed "Mitia".
- Ex. 181 - A one-page typewritten document dated "29 de septiembre de 1970" signed "Arcadio".
- Ex. 182 - A one-page typewritten document dated "a 29 de septiembre de 1970" signed "Maria".
- Ex. 183 - A one-page typewritten document dated "29 de septiembre de 1970" ending "P.D. Marcos va."

~~SECRET~~

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- Ex. 184 - A one-page typewritten document dated "a 30 de septiembre de 1970" signed "Arcadio".
- Ex. 185 - A one-page pencil written document beginning "A los compañeros: 'Arcadio y Benjamin' and two pages of drawn diagrams with pencil notations.
- Ex. 186 - Three-page list of names and addresses beginning [REDACTED] and ending [REDACTED]
- Ex. 187 - A one-page pencil diagram of construction of a silencer.
- Ex. 188 - A sheet of lined paper with maps drawn in black pen on both sides.
- Ex. 189 - A sheet of pink paper with diagram captioned "Activa Carga en Presencia de Luz".
- Ex. 190 - A sheet of pink paper with diagram captioned "Activa Carga con ausencia de Luz".
- Ex. 191 - A sheet of pink paper with diagram captioned "Iluminacion - 'foot candle'".
- Ex. 192 - A mimeographed document captioned "III; (illegible) A. Preparacion de Formulas Chipriotas (Betances):"
- Ex. 193 - A typewritten document captioned "Circuito Fotoelectrico, Proyecto #1".
- Ex. 194 - A typewritten page captioned "Instrucciones para la fabricacion de la granada de mortero".
- Ex. 195 - A mimeographed sheet captioned "Movimiento Independentista Revolucionario En Armas".

SECRET

SECRET

- Ex. 196 - A mimeographed sheet captioned "Intentan Asesinar a Corretjer y a su esposa".
- Ex. 197 - A newspaper clipping captioned "El Mundo - Editoriales".
- Ex. 198 - Six newspaper clippings.
- Ex. 199 - A slip of green paper captioned remarks and a business card of the Parkhurst Real Estate Exchange".
- Ex. 200 - Two pages of handwritten poetry captioned "Mancle Regreso".
- Ex. 201 - A piece of white cardboard with handwriting beginning "1. Ametralladora" and ending "5. Pecos River".
- Ex. 202 - A Kodak photo envelope and 12 photographs.
- Ex. 203 - A Swathmore Alexis Drawing pad.
- Ex. 204 - A manilla envelope marked "III" containing a hand-drawn map".
- Ex. 205 - A Superior five-hole punched notebook.
- Ex. 206 - A sheet of white paper with pencil drawings.
- Ex. 207 - Eight pages of miscellaneous drawings.
- Ex. 208 - A sheet of white lined paper upon which are taped two photographs.
- Ex. 209 - A sample of the handwriting [REDACTED]
- Ex. 210 - A photograph of the signature of [REDACTED]

SECRET

SJ 105-12315
[REDACTED]

~~SECRET~~

The enclosed documents, with the exception of Exhibits 209 and 210, were seized by Agent [REDACTED] Office of Intelligence, Police of Puerto Rico, on 10/10/70 during the arrest of FILIBERTO OJEDA RIOS in Barrio Las Charcas, Quebradillas, Puerto Rico. Documents were located in a black travelling bag from which OJEDA RIOS subsequently requested items, i.e., glasses, contact lens case and contact lens fluid.

b7C Exhibit 209, a photograph of the signature of [REDACTED] was made available to SA ROBERT J. HEIBEL by the Department of Justice of Puerto Rico on 10/21/70. The original of this document could not be obtained for laboratory examination. [REDACTED]

Exhibit 210 was furnished to SA HEIBEL by [REDACTED] Office of Intelligence, Police of Puerto Rico on 10/15/70. This exhibit is a [REDACTED]

It is requested that the Laboratory conduct the following examinations:

1. Compare known handwriting of [REDACTED] (Exhibits 209 and 210) with Exhibits 174, 175, 176, 178, 187, 203, 205 to determine if they were written by [REDACTED]
2. Compare handwriting of exhibits 185, 201 and 208 to determine if written by the same person.
3. Compare handwriting on documents 199 and 200 to determine if they were written by the same individual.
4. Examine documents 177, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 193, 194 and if possible determine make and model of typewriter used in their preparation.
5. Process all documents for fingerprints. For possible assistance of the Laboratory, SJO has arrived at [REDACTED]

~~SECRET~~

SECRET

SJ 105-12315
[REDACTED]

certain tentative conclusions: [REDACTED] the exception of [REDACTED]

a. Documents 173, 177, 179, 181, 183, 184 and 184 were prepared by ROBERTO TODD PAGAN, [REDACTED]

b. Documents 174, 175, 176, 178, 203 and 205 were prepared by FELIBERTO OJEDA RIOS, [REDACTED]

c. Documents 185, 201 and 208 were prepared by JUAN ANTONIO CASTILLO AYALA, [REDACTED]

67C
The SJO requests that the laboratory compare exhibits 209 and 210 with documents currently in possession of the Laboratory, the identification of which was reflected in Bureau Lab report to SA, 2/7/70. [REDACTED] and advise if these documents were written by [REDACTED]

The Laboratory is also requested to translate documents 188, 192, 193, 194, 200, 203 and 204. In addition, the Exhibits Section is requested to prepare diagrams of drawings contained in 188, 192, 193, 203 and 204 therein incorporating translations, which may be utilized in a forthcoming MIRA report being prepared by San Juan.

The enclosed exhibits, with the exceptions of 202 and 208, are only known to have been handled by Agent [REDACTED] Office of Intelligence, Police of Puerto Rico and SA ROBERT J. HEISEL.

For the information of Bureau and NYO, the SJO has completed translation of pertinent seized documents and an LHM incorporating them will be forthcoming immediately.

In view of the fact that these documents were seized by an Agent of the Office of Intelligence, Police of Puerto Rico, their dissemination to the NYCPD was discussed with [REDACTED] Office of Intelligence, Police of Puerto Rico on 10/16/70, subsequent to receipt of NYO

-6-
SECRET

SAC, SAN JUAN (105-12315)

10/23/70

SA ROBERT E. O'BRIEN

SM-PRN

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 10/26/00 BY SP4BTA/RNP

On 10/8/70, subject was contacted at his residence number [redacted] by SA's ROBERT E. O'BRIEN and SHELDON V. TAFT. He was specifically contacted to determine if he could furnish the location of Bureau fugitives ROBERTO TODD PAGAN / and FILIBERTO OJEDA RIOS.

Subject responded by stating that he had met ROBERTO TODD on two occasions, the most recent was approximately [redacted] when [redacted]

[redacted] regarding his determined that [redacted] and gave [redacted] that information and [redacted]

[redacted] upon reviewing photographs of TODD and OJEDA, recognized TODD but stated he had never seen OJEDA before.

[redacted] mentioned that he was a good friend of [redacted] but that he had not seen him in approximately [redacted] A short time after the night that [redacted] appeared and solicited his help [redacted] returned to see [redacted] [redacted] did not recall the name of this [redacted] only that they [redacted] pointed out that [redacted] went to practically [redacted]

He stated that [redacted] was [redacted] He stated [redacted] is very much pro-American and if [redacted] is in Puerto Rico [redacted] would know his location. [redacted] opined that [redacted] would assist the FBI in any way possible.

② - San Juan (105-12315)

- ② - [redacted]
- ① - [redacted]
- ① - 88-2263 [redacted]
- ① - [redacted]

REO:slb
(7)

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
OCT 26 1970	
FBI - SAN JUAN	

105-12315-478

(SJ 105-12315)

[REDACTED] also mentioned that [REDACTED]
[REDACTED] is very pro-American.

Regarding himself, [REDACTED] stated that he was a member of the PIP and was not a member of any other independence seeking group in Puerto Rico. He stated he was an independentist who was extremely against violence and was for the legal attainment of the independence of Puerto Rico. He stated he knew many members of FUPI, MPIPR, LSP and the PIP. He pointed out that he would be only too happy to assist the FBI in any way he could.

[REDACTED] furnished the following description of himself:

Name: [REDACTED]
Date of Birth: [REDACTED]
Place of Birth: [REDACTED]
Height: 5'10"
Weight: 130 pounds
Hair: Black
Eyes: Brown
Complexion: Light
Characteristics: [REDACTED]

It is recommended that a [REDACTED] case be opened and assigned to SA ROBERT E. O'BRIEN in order to determine captioned subject's potential as an informant for coverage of FUPI, MPIPR and LSP.

b7C



handwriting -
drawing of Drum
~~not~~ water.



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

October 19, 1970

b7C

Reference is made to Federal Bureau of Investigation
(FBI) memorandum dated [REDACTED]

The records maintained by the Clerk's Office,
[REDACTED] were
reviewed on September 29, 1970, by Special Agent (SA)
[REDACTED] The information recorded herein was obtained
as a result of this review.

The subject is being prosecuted under the name
[REDACTED]

The case of [REDACTED]
against [REDACTED] docket number [REDACTED] was [REDACTED]

b7C

the subject. [REDACTED] against
[REDACTED]

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 4/21/00 BY SPUBJA/RNP

THIS DOCUMENT CONTAINS NEITHER
RECOMMENDATIONS NOR CONCLUSIONS
OF THE FBI. IT IS THE PROPERTY
OF THE FBI AND IS LOANED TO YOUR
AGENCY; IT AND ITS CONTENTS ARE
NOT TO BE DISTRIBUTED OUTSIDE
YOUR AGENCY.

105-12315-479
Ta Ta
PK

[REDACTED]

The subject on [REDACTED] was arraigned before [REDACTED] he was represented by Attorney [REDACTED] he plead not guilty; bail was set [REDACTED] the subject was remanded to custody in lieu of bail.

A memorandum of law in support of an application to reduce bail was submitted [REDACTED] [REDACTED] denied the application to reduce bail.

DIRECTOR, FBI [REDACTED]

OCT 19 1970

SAC, [REDACTED] (P)

SM-PRN

(OO: [REDACTED])

b7C

Reference [REDACTED] captioned,
[REDACTED] SM-PRN; SEDITION" and
"MOVIMIENTO INDEPENDENTISTA REVOLUCIONARIO EN ARMAS (MIRA);
IS-PRN."

There are enclosed herewith for the Bureau
eleven (11) copies of an LHM captioned [REDACTED]
[REDACTED] and dated as above.

Copy of the LHM is being furnished to U.S.
Secret Service, [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] will continue to follow the prosecution
of the subject.

3- Bureau (Encls. 11) (RM)

(1- 105-202663) (MIRA)

b7C 2- San Juan [REDACTED] (Encls. 2) (INFO) (RM)

(1- 105-12315) (MIRA)

1- [REDACTED] (MIRA) (41)

1- [REDACTED]

AS:emp

(7)

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6/21/00 BY SP4BJA/RNP

105-12315-780

ra ra

PIC

Torres Massa, Others Marked For Death By MIRA, Court Is Told

By PEDRO M. ROMAN
Of The STAR Staff

A police captain testified Friday at a Superior Court hearing that Police Supt. Luis Torres Massa was among a group of high government officials marked for death by the Armed Revolutionary Independentista Movement (MIRA).

The testimony was offered by Capt. Jose Enrique Sanchez at a hearing to determine if the \$100,000 bail of Filiberto Ojeda Rios also known as G2, should be lowered.

Ojeda Rios, identified by police as a leader of MIRA, is charged with six violations of the Explosives Law, six violations of the Weapons Law and conspiracy.

Arguments are being heard by Bayamon Superior Court Judge Edwin Melendez Grillasca who had reduced the bail from \$100,000 to \$2,000 then withdrew the reduction pending Friday's hearing.

The hearing continued Friday night and was expected to

continue this morning.

In his testimony, which was cut short when the defense presented an objection Sanchez said the documents the police found inside a valise show that a long-range subversive and terrorist plan was being drafted for Puerto Rico and New York.

Sanchez said the documents reveal a list of high-government officials, including Torres Massa, who were marked for assassination by MIRA.

When Ojeda Rios' defense lawyers objected to the testimony and the objection was sustained by the judge, prosecuting attorney Ramon Crespo said the evidence was being analyzed at the laboratory and would be made available later to the defense.

Ojeda Rios' defense lawyers are Luis F. Abreu, Roberto Jose Maldonado, J. Rio Viera and Elias Gonzalez Matthew.

Sanchez, who is chief of a special police unit which investigates terrorist acts in Puerto Rico, said that before capturing Ojeda Rios last Saturday at Barrio Charcas in Quebradillas, he had been looking for the suspect for a year.

Sanchez said he and 10 police agents left a week ago for Quebradillas and captured Ojeda Rios after watching him through binoculars from hill near his hideout.

Sanchez said when Ojeda Rios was captured they found a loaded pistol on him. The suspect wore a moustache and a Che Guevara-type goatee when captured, Sanchez said.

The suspect was clean-shaven at the hearing.

Prior to Sanchez' testimony, defense attorney Maldonado charged that his client had been denied his constitutional rights because he was not allowed to see his counsel at La Princesa.

Maldonado charged that Sanchez, FBI agents and other policemen have been allowed to question the suspect at La Princesa jail without his lawyer's knowledge.

(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)

"THE SAN JUAN STAR"

October 17, 1970

Pg. 3

6/21/00

SP4BJA/RNP

Date:

Edition:

Author:

Editor:

Title:

Character:

or

Classification:

Submitting Office:

☐ Being Investigated

105-12315-481

SEARCHED INDEXED
SERIALIZED FILED

OCT 19 1970

FBI - SAN JUAN

SAC, SAN JUAN [REDACTED]

10/26/70

SA ROBERT J. HEIBEL

SM - PRN
(OO: SAN JUAN)

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6/21/00 BY SP4BJA/RNP

b7C
On 10/10/70, FILIBERTO OJEDA RIOS, a leader of the Movimiento Independentista Revolucionario en Armas (Armed Revolutionary Independence Movement) (MIRA), was apprehended by Agents of the Office of Intelligence, Police of Puerto Rico (OI-POPR) and Special Agents of the FBI in Barrio La Charcas near Quebradillas, Puerto Rico. Seized at the time of his apprehension was a black overnight bag which contained numerous documents relating to MIRA operations. Among these documents was a spiral notebook containing handwritings resembling that of "RUBEN" and "AUGUSTIN" as contained in MIRA documents seized by the POPR on 2/24/70.

A section of the spiral notebook appears to be a membership or contact list [REDACTED]
[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]

The writer believes that [REDACTED] above refers to [REDACTED]. A review of SI cards for [REDACTED] area reflects that the [REDACTED] which the city directory indicates is located [REDACTED]

(3)-San Juan

(1) 105-12315 (MIRA)
RJH:jfe
(3)

105-12315-482
TW TW

hy

[REDACTED]

A review of the subject's San Juan file reveals that his name was contained in a group of 3 x 5 cards located at 212 Calle Comercio during a seizure made there by the POPR on 2/24/70.

67C
Contained in documents seized at Barrio La Charcas is a diagram [REDACTED]

Based on the above, it is recommended that this case be reopened and investigation be conducted to determine if the subject is identical with [REDACTED] as contained in notebook of FILIBERTO OJEDA RIOS.

SAC, SAN JUAN [REDACTED]

b7C

~~SECRET~~

10/25/70

SA ROBERT J. HEIBEL

b1 [REDACTED] (s)

Re San Juan airtel to Bureau, 10/14/70.

Referenced communication forwarded to Laboratory for examination all items, with exception of documents. [REDACTED]

b7C [REDACTED] Photographs of these items have been placed in [REDACTED]

6/21/00

CLASSIFIED BY NLS/BJA 602467 AAG
DECLASSIFY ON: 20X (1)

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED EXCEPT
WHERE SHOWN OTHERWISE.

4- San Juan
(1-105-12315) (MIRA)
(1 [REDACTED])

RJH:plf
(4)

b7C

105-12315-483

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
OCT 27 1970	
FBI - SAN JUAN	

SAC, SAN JUAN [REDACTED] (P)

b7C

~~SECRET~~

10/25/70

SA ROBERT J. HEIBEL

b1 [REDACTED] (S)

On 10/15/70, [REDACTED] Agent, OI-POPR furnished the writer with a partial sheet of yellow lined paper which contains handwriting in black ink. [REDACTED] advised that handwriting was that of [REDACTED] and consisted of a list of items [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] A photograph this document is contained in [REDACTED]

b7C On 10/21/70, [REDACTED] OI-POPR made available [REDACTED] signed by [REDACTED]

The original of this document could not be made available for Laboratory examination and for this reason a photograph of it was taken for Laboratory comparison. A photograph of this document is contained in [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] has requested that the aforementioned documents be forward to the FBI Laboratory for handwriting comparison with that contained in documents [REDACTED]

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED EXCEPT
WHERE SHOWN OTHERWISE.

6/21/00
CLASSIFIED BY NLS/BTA/KOL/7 AAG
DECLASSIFY ON: 25X (U)

3- San Juan
(105-12315) (MIRA)
(1 [REDACTED]) b7C
RJH:plf
(3) *plf*

105-12315-46

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
FBI - SAN	

2 *

On 10/29/70, [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] PR was interviewed by SA Macdonald in connection with the TODD FAGAN (88-2263) and OJEDA RICS (88-2264) cases. She was shown photographs of those individuals. She advised that she did not recognize them as anyone she has seen or heard of in the past. [REDACTED] advised that [REDACTED] resides at that address with her husband and family. She advised that she has had telephone number [REDACTED]. She stated that [REDACTED] prior she had the same number, and had discontinued service because she had received some large bills for calls she had not made. She stated that she finally straightened out the situation with the telephone company, and again continued service [REDACTED]. [REDACTED] advised that she had no idea why anyone connected with the above 88 matters would have her telephone number. She stated xxx she and her family are not involved in any political activity. She advised that should any information come to her attention in the future concerning TODD or OJEDA, she would immediately contact the FBI.

On 10/30/70, [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] PR who operates [REDACTED] was interviewed by SAs Macdonald and Stanley A. Pimentel regarding the above mentioned 88 matters. He was shown photographs of TODD and OJEDA, and advised that he did recall seeing them or hearing of them. [REDACTED] advised that about [REDACTED] he had telephone number [REDACTED], but xxx so many wrong number calls were made to his home. xxx He advised that about [REDACTED] he had the telephone service discontinued. He advised that he had not idea why anyone connected with the above 88 matters would have the telephone number. He advised that he is not involved in any political activity. He was cooperative during the interview and advised that should he be privy to any information concerning TODD or OJEDA he would immediately contact the FBI.

No neighborhood is being conducted at [REDACTED] PR inasmuch as there appears to be no connection with the above captioned matter.

In view of the above, it is recommended that the above captioned matter be closed administratively subject to being reopened should any information be received concerning the subject or the above mentioned telephone numbers.

2 *

SAC, San Juan [REDACTED] (P)

10/30/70

ROBERT J. HEIBEL

[REDACTED]
SM - PRN

Rememo of SA JAMES J. KINNEY, 10/6/70

Rememo provided information that the subject had telephonically contacted her husband at his employment, [REDACTED]

On 9/7/70, [REDACTED] PR Telephone Co (PRT), San Juan, advised the writer that the following long distance Island calls had been placed to phones listed to [REDACTED], San Juan, during the second quarter of 1970: (numbers in parenthesis indicate number of calls):

769-1230 (1)

"GP"

842-1140 (3)

El Ponce Intercontinental Hotel, Ponce, PR

[REDACTED] (1)

842-1170 (3)

WLED, Puerto Viejo Playa Ponce, PR

[REDACTED] (2)

[REDACTED] (1)

Banco Credito y Ahorro

[REDACTED] (1)

Bill to [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] (1)

3 - San Juan
(1) - 105-12315
RJH:gcb
(3) gcb

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 3/5/00 BY SPUB/ANP

105-12315-486

Heibel

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED] (1)

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

b7C

SJO indices negative re aforementioned [REDACTED]
[REDACTED] for which there are several references.

[REDACTED] also advised that no long distance Island
calls were placed to [REDACTED] the residence [REDACTED]
[REDACTED] of the subject.

LEAD:

SAN JUAN

AT SAN JUAN, PUERTO RICO.

1. Check numerous references re [REDACTED]
2. Maintain contact with POPR.

~~SECRET~~

SAC, SAN JUAN [REDACTED]

10/29/70

SA ROBERT J. HEIBEL

[REDACTED]
SM - PRN

On 10/7/70 [REDACTED]
U.S. Post Office (USPO), San Juan, Puerto Rico,
volunteered to the writer that the following
mail had been received that date for the subject,
his family and his known mailing accomodations:

~~To~~ FROM:

Puerto Rico Telephone Co.
GPO Box 998
San Juan, Puerto Rico

[REDACTED]
Ponce, Puerto Rico 00731

J.C. Penny Co., Inc.
GPO Box 4788
San Juan, Puerto Rico 00936

~~From~~ TO:

FROM:
Banco Mercantil de
Puerto Rico
Apartado BC
Rio Piedras, P.R.

5 - San Juan

(1 - [REDACTED])
(1 - 105-12315) (MIRA)

RJH:crk

(5)

7/5/00
CLASSIFIED BY NLS/BIA 60267 AAC
DECLASSIFY ON: 25X (1)

105-12315-487

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
NOV 5 1970	
FBI - SAN JUAN	

~~SECRET~~

~~SECRET~~

FROM:

Puerto Rico Telephone Co.
GPO Box 998
San Juan

TO:

On 10/19/70, [REDACTED] volunteered that the following mail had been received on that date for the subject, his family and his known mailing accomodations:

From

To

[REDACTED]
Hato Rey

[REDACTED]
Ponce, P.R.

[REDACTED]
Hato Rey

[REDACTED]
Hato Rey, P.R.

[REDACTED]
North Chicago, Ill.
60064

~~SECRET~~

~~SECRET~~

Internal Revenue Service

Dr. R.O. McCennie
Optometra
Calle Concordia esq. Jobos
Ponce, P.R.

Carolina, P.R.

Banco Popular de Puerto Rico
G.P.O. Box 2078
San Juan, Puerto Rico
00936

Banco Mercantil de Puerto Rico
Apartado BC
Rio Piedras, P.R.

Rio Piedras, Puerto Rico

On 10/20/70, [REDACTED] volunteered that the following mail had been received on that date for the subject, his family and his known mailing accomodations:

To

From

~~SECRET~~

b7C

~~SECRET~~

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

Hato Rey, P.R.

[REDACTED]

Ponce, P.R.
Forwarded to:

Rio Piedras, P.R.

Puerto Rico Telephone Co.
G.P.O. Box 998
San Juan, P.R.

[REDACTED]

Carolina, P.R.

4*
~~SECRET~~

F B I

Date: 11/4/70

Transmit the following in _____

(Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL _____

(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (105-202663)
(ATTN: LABORATORY, DOCUMENTS SECTION)

FROM: SAC, NEW YORK (105-106896) (P)

SUBJECT: MOVIMIENTO INDEPENDENTISTA REVOLUCIONARIO
EN ARMAS (MIRA)
IS-PRN

ReSJairtel to Director, FBI (Attn: Laboratory Documents Section) 10/23/70, dual captioned "MOVIMIENTO INDEPENDENTISTA REVOLUCIONARIO EN ARMAS (Armed Revolutionary Independence Movement) (MIRA); [REDACTED] (S)" b1 b7C

Captioned airtel enclosed for the Documents Section of the Laboratory 38 documents, numbered "Ex. 173 through Ex. 210".

The Documents Section of the Laboratory is requested to prepare two (2) Xerox copies of each document and forward same to the NYO.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
EXCEPT WHERE SHOWN OTHERWISE

5 - Bureau (RM)
(2-FBI Laboratory, Document Section)

(1-[REDACTED]) (S)
② - San Juan (105-12315) (INFO) (RM)

(1-[REDACTED]) (S)
1 - New York [REDACTED] (312)(S)
1 - New York

ADL:lh
(10)

7/5/00

NLS/BJA 60267 APAG

105-12315-488

Approved: _____

Special Agent in Charge

~~SECRET~~

M Per _____

NY 105-106896

It would appear that an examination of these documents would be helpful to the NYO's investigation of captioned group's activities in the NYC area.

(Mount Clipping in Space Below)

Cantidad Serviría Para 5 Mil Bombas

Por Luis R. Negrón
Redactor

Cuatro desconocidos, armados con revólveres e identificándose como miembros de una organización subversiva, hurtaron 700 libras de nitrato de amonía, con las cuales pueden fabricarse hasta 5,000 bombas incendiarias, después de amordazar al guardián de los almacenes de construcción Rexach, de Guaynabo.

Así lo informó el Superintendente Auxiliar de la Policía, Luis Batista Salas, quien dijo a EL IMPARCIAL, que dada la trascendencia de este hurto se ha movilizado la División de Inteligencia de la Policía.

SEGUN los informes los supuestos subversivos usaron un camión y un Volkswagen para hurtar los dos tambores de nitrato de amonía, compuesto químico utilizado para preparar explosivos de alta potencia y similar, de acuerdo con los informes, a los usados por la organización Comandos Armados de Liberación y Movimiento Independientista Revolucionario Armado (MIRA).

EL HECHO tuvo lugar a la 1 a.m. de antier, pero no fue hasta ayer tarde que se dió a conocer el hurto.

Batista Salas expresó, "que existe el peligro de que este material sea utilizado por las organizaciones subversivas para confección de artefactos explosivos para iniciar otra campaña de terrorismo en la isla".

EL SUPERINTENDENTE Auxiliar exhortó a la ciudadanía a que se comuniquen con la Policía y ofrezca cualquier información que pueda arrojar luz sobre este hecho".

(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)

— "EL IMPARCIAL"

— October 14, 1970

— Pg. 1

Date:

Edition:

Author:

Editor:

Title:

Character:

or

Classification:

Submitting Office:

☐ Being Investigated

105-12315-48

SEARCHED INDEXED
SERIALIZED FILED

OCT 19 1970
FBI — SAN JUAN

HEBER L. 114

QUANTITY ENOUGH TO MAKE 5,000 BOMBS

By Luis R. Negron

Four unknown gunmen identified as members of a subversive organization, stole 700 lbs. of Ammonium Nitrate, enough material to make almost 5,000 incendiary devices, from the construction warehouse of Rexach Construction Co, in Guaynabo.

Thus advised the Auxiliary Superintendent of the POPR, LUIS BATISTA SALAS, who advised that due to the seriousness of this theft, the whole Intelligence Division of that agency has been mobilized.

According to information received, the gunmen utilized a truck and a VW to haul the two drums of Ammonium Nitrate, a chemical compound used to prepare high power explosives, similar to the ones manufactured by CAL and MIRA.

The theft took place the day before yesterday at 1 am, but the press was not notified of this until yesterday.

BATISTA SALAS advised "there exists great danger that this material will be used by subversive organizations in the manufacturing of explosive devices to initiate another campaign of terrorism on the Island."

BATISTA begs the people of PR to advise the POPR of any information which might throw light on the matter.

(Mount Clipping in Space Below)

7/5/00

SP4BJA/RNP

Agente Dice Lo Poseía Ojeda Ríos

Por P. A. Reyes Vargas
Redactor

Un oficial de la Policía aseguró ayer en el Tribunal Superior de Bayamón que Filiberto Ojeda Ríos, identificado como uno de los líderes principales del Movimiento Independiente Revolucionario Armado (M.I.R.A.) tenía en un bolso los documentos relativos a un plan para eliminar por el terror a los más altos dirigentes del Gobierno, y que la lista de estos dirigentes la encabezaba el Superintendente de la Policía Luis Torres Massa.

José E. Sánchez, capitán de la Policía, testigo esencial del Estado en la vista que se celebra ante el Juez Superior, Edwin Meléndez Grillasca para determinar si se mantiene la fianza de \$100,000 señalada a Ojeda Ríos, arrestado por poseer explosivos, armas y otros delitos, dijo que él fue quien personalmente arrestó a Ojeda en el barrio Charcas, de Quebradillas, y que aproximadamente quinientos agentes de Seguridad participaron en esta acción.

SANCHEZ había sido identificado como el oficial que la Policía logró infiltrar entre los grupos izquierdistas que viajaron hace unos

Revelan Plan Para

(Viene de la Portada)

Praga y Pekín, y que luego sirvió como testigo clave en juicios por subversión celebrados en San Juan.

Declaró Sánchez que la persecución contra Ojeda Ríos se prolongó por cerca de un año, y, con la oposición de los letrados de la defensa, intentó introducir en su prueba el hecho de que Ojeda había sido compañero de Roberto Todd Pagán en acciones terroristas.

El juez sostuvo la objeción de la defensa, con la observación de que no iba a permitir actuaciones de Todd Pagán como prueba contra Ojeda Ríos.

EL TESTIGO explicó que él había sido puesto al mando de un grupo de agentes secretos cuya misión era investigar las actividades terroristas en la isla.

Agregó que conoció a Ojeda Ríos, personalmente, el 10 de octubre de 1970. Antes lo había conocido por referencias, mientras investigaba actividades subversivas en San Juan, con una orden de arresto en el bolsillo contra el acusado.

SIGUIÓ declarando Sánchez que él llegó a Quebradillas el 10 de octubre acompañado de diez agentes para arrestar a Ojeda. Ya tenía la confidencia sobre el sitio preciso en que se encontraba el líder del MIRA, y movilizó sus hombres en dos grupos, en vista de que Ojeda fue visto por él, mediante un anteojos, desde un cerro vecino a su escondite, mientras entraba a una de dos casas que le habían servido para ocultarse ese día. "CONOCIA antes a Ojeda por un retrato que hizo circular la Policía", dijo Sánchez, "y con los confi-

dencias que recibía de distintos sectores de la Isla, fui planeando su captura, hasta que el sábado 10 de octubre logramos arrestarlo".

Reveló, también, este testigo del Estado, que él llevó a sus agentes en una guagua pequeña, y que todos ellos iban acostados en el vehículo, para impedir que fueran vistos por Ojeda.

LA DEFENSA objetó esta parte del testimonio de Sánchez, y el fiscal Ramón Crespo sostuvo que esa prueba estaba destinada a establecer que Ojeda cambiaba de sitio muchas veces, y que lo mismo podía hacerlo de nuevo, si se le concedía la rebaja de fianza que piden los letrados defensores.

Dijo Sánchez que él consideró siempre a Ojeda como un hombre sumamente peligroso, y que por eso adoptó las medidas de seguridad que le parecieron lógicas en aquella situación.

AGREGÓ que el bulto identificado como propiedad de Ojeda Ríos lo había visto antes en casa de la dirigente nacionalista Juanita Ojeda, en Puerto Nuevo, cuando visitó esa residencia atendiendo a una confidencia que situaba a Ojeda en casa de Juanita.

Dijo que en el bulto fue ocupado un revólver cargado. También ocupó copias mimeografiadas de las requisitorias hechas por la Policía para acelerar la captura del prófugo.

EL TESTIGO sostuvo que cuando Ojeda fue llevado a la Unidad Montada de la Policía en San Juan, se negó a firmar la tarjeta del chequeo que se le hizo, y que la misma conducta fue observada por Ojeda cuando fue ingresado en La Princesa, negándose a firmar la hoja de ingreso.

(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)

"EL IMPARCIAL"

October 17, 1970

Pg. 1, 6

Date:
Edition:
Author:
Editor:
Title:

Character:
or
Classification:
Submitting Office:

☐ Being Investigated

105-12315-490
SEARCHED INDEXED
SERIALIZED FILED

OCT 19 1970

FBI - SAN JUAN

AK/BKL

NR 001 SJ CODE

600PM URGENT 11-9-70 RJR

TO DIRECTOR (105-202663)

ATT--FBI LABORATORY

FROM SAN JUAN (105-12315)(P)

MOVIMIENTO INDEPENDENTISTA REVOLUCIONARIO EN ARMAS
(ARMED REVOLUTIONARY INDEPENDENCE MOVEMENT)(MIRA), IS - PRN.

LABOPATORY REQUESTED TO EXPEDITIOUSLY FORWARD TO SAN JUAN
TWO EVEREADY BATTERIES, MODEL FOUR SEVEN NINE, NINETY VOLT, FOR
USE IN ATTACHE DOCUMENT CAMERA KIT. THIS CAMERA REQUIRED
BY SAN JUAN OFFICE TO PHOTOGRAPH DOCUMENTS RE CASE.

END

GMV WASH DC FBI HOLD

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 7/5/00 BY SPUBJA/RNP

105-12315-491
SEARCHED INDEXED
SERIALIZED FILED

HEIBEL

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : SAC, SAN JUAN (105-12315)

DATE: 11/9/70

FROM : SA ROBERT J. HEIBEL

SUBJECT: MIRA
IS - PRN

At the time of the arrest of FILIBERTO OJEDA RIOS on 10/10/70, a black overnight bag belonging to OJEDA RIOS was also seized. Contained in the bag was wallet wherein was located among other things a business card for [REDACTED]

Bayamon, Puerto Rico.

On 11/2/70, the writer contacted [REDACTED] at the above location. [REDACTED] displayed a cooperative attitude and made available [REDACTED] of his firm for the past two years. A review of these revealed no pertinent identifiable information. Photographs of known MIRA members were displayed to [REDACTED] who failed to recognize any as individuals contacting him concerning [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] advised that his business cards are readily available to anyone who visits his office and that they are frequently distributed by his friends in the Rotary Club.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 7/5/00 BY SP4BJA/PNP

2 - San Juan
(1) - 105-12315 (MIRA)

1 - [REDACTED]
RJH/jeb
(2) [REDACTED]

105-12315-492

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FBI - SAN JUAN	

Heibel [REDACTED]

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
FOIPA
DELETED PAGE INFORMATION SHEET

Page(s) withheld entirely at this location in the file. One or more of the following statements, where indicated, explain this deletion.

- ☐ Deletions were made pursuant to the exemptions indicated below with no segregable material available for release to you.

Section 552

Section 552a

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|---------------------------------|------------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| <input type="checkbox"/> (b)(1) | <input type="checkbox"/> (b)(7)(A) | <input type="checkbox"/> (d)(5) |
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| <input type="checkbox"/> (b)(4) | <input type="checkbox"/> (b)(8) | <input type="checkbox"/> (k)(5) |
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- ☐ Information pertained only to a third party with no reference to the subject of your request or the subject of your request is listed in the title only.

- ☐ Documents originated with another Government agency(ies).

Pages contain information furnished by another Government agency(ies). You will be advised by the FBI as to the releasability of this information following our consultation with the other agency(ies).

Page(s) withheld inasmuch as a final release determination has not been made. You will be advised as to the disposition at a later date.

Pages were not considered for release as they are duplicative of SJ 105-10822 (PSD)
SA Seddon memo to SJ dated 11/10/70

Page(s) withheld for the following reason(s): _____

- ☒ The following number is to be used for reference regarding these pages:

SJ 105-12315-493

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X Deleted Page(s) X
X No Duplication Fee X
X for this page X
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SAC, SAN JUAN [REDACTED] (P)

11/10/70

SA ALFRED E. SEDDON

[REDACTED]
SM-PHN

b7C

On 11/5/70, LUIS CARBONE, JR., Special
Prosecutor, Department of Justice, Commonwealth
of Puerto Rico, advised writer that the subject
[REDACTED] The subject, [REDACTED]
[REDACTED] is [REDACTED] is quite
familiar with [REDACTED] and quite interested in [REDACTED]
CARBONE has also seen the subject [REDACTED]
[REDACTED] in San Juan.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 7/5/00 BY SP4BJA/PNP

3- San Juan
(1- 105-12315) (MIRA)

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(3)

105-12315-494

SEARCHED	INDEXED
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NOV 10 1970	
FBI - SAN JUAN	

Herb R

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : SAC, SAN JUAN (105-12315)

DATE: 11/12/70

FROM : SA ROBERT J. HEIBEL

SUBJECT: MOVIMIENTO INDEPENDENTISTA REVOLUCIONARIO
EN ARMAS (MIRA)
IS - PRN

On 10/14/70, [REDACTED] OI-FOPR advised the writer of the following information:

On 10/10/70 following the arrest of FILIBERTO OJEDA RIOS in [REDACTED] P.R., [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] was unable to be advised as to the nature of [REDACTED] but stated that according to his information, [REDACTED]

On 10/15/70, [REDACTED] Puerto Rico Telephone Co., advised that [REDACTED] has unlisted telephone number [REDACTED] and resides at [REDACTED] P.R.

Regarding [REDACTED] the writer notes the following: On [REDACTED] a surveillance of the residence of [REDACTED] was being conducted by the SJO. At 6:05 P.M. the writer observed a [REDACTED] license [REDACTED] park in front of [REDACTED] residence. A young white female exited the car and went into [REDACTED] home. At 6:11 P.M., this female, accompanied by a young white male, possibly [REDACTED] drove away [REDACTED] A s

① - 105-12315

1 - [REDACTED]
1 - [REDACTED]
1 - [REDACTED]
1 - [REDACTED]
2 - [REDACTED]

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HEIBEL

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Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

These documents are part of the project "The FBI Files on Puerto Ricans" and are available free of charge at <http://www.pr-secrefiles.net/>.



SJ 105-12315

surveillance of this automobile ensued and at 6:19 P.M., it was observed to stop in the vicinity of [REDACTED] and another female entered the automobile. Thereafter the surveillance was discontinued when [REDACTED] and his wife were observed to depart their residence.

b7C A check of registration on license [REDACTED] revealed that instant [REDACTED] was registered to [REDACTED] P.R.

The significance of the above is not known to the writer, however it is possible that the young female driver [REDACTED] is an associate or girlfriend of [REDACTED] and that when [REDACTED] it was done to locate [REDACTED]

It should be noted that [REDACTED] is a source of the OI-POPR and his identity should be concealed and this information furnished by him suitably paraphrased. [REDACTED] has furnished reliable information in the past.



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
San Juan, Puerto Rico

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

NOV 12 1970

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MOVIMIENTO INDEPENDENTISTA REVOLUCIONARIO EN ARMAS
(ARMED REVOLUTIONARY INDEPENDENCE MOVEMENT) (MIRA)

This communication is a supplement to the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) San Juan report of Special Agent (SA) Robert J. Heibel, dated April 17, 1970.

b7C On October 8, 1970, [REDACTED] Office of Intelligence, Police of Puerto Rico (OI, POPR), advised an SA of the FBI that an individual strongly resembling local and federal fugitive MIRA leader, Filiberto Ojeda Rios, had been observed in Barrio Las Charcas near Quebradillas, Puerto Rico. An FBI composite photograph of Ojeda Rios was made available to [REDACTED] who stated that an attempt would be made by his office to determine if, in fact, the observed individual was Ojeda Rios.

Characterizations of MIRA and Filiberto Ojeda Rios are contained in Section II and Section I respectively of the attached appendix.

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HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED EXCEPT
WHERE SHOWN OTHERWISE.

7/5/00
CLASSIFIED BY SP4 BTJ/RNP
DECLASSIFY ON: 25X (U)

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Group I

Excluded from automatic downgrading
and declassification.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

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MIRA

On October 9, 1970, [REDACTED] advised that it appeared certain that the individual observed in Barrio Las Charcas was Ojeda Rios and it had been determined he was hiding at the residence of Saturnino Laboy Medina.

A characterization of Saturnino Laboy Medina is contained in Section I of the attached appendix.

At approximately 2:30 p.m., October 9, 1970, seven agents of the OI, POPR and two SAs of the FBI were transported by Puerto Rican National Guard helicopter to the vicinity of Quebradillas, Puerto Rico. This mode of transportation was necessary due to extensive flooding which had destroyed numerous bridges and washed out many roads in the area of Quebradillas.

b7C

On October 10, 1970, [REDACTED] advised that it had been determined that Ojeda Rios was at the home of [REDACTED]. On that date, at 2:30 p.m., a raiding party consisting of nine agents of the OI, POPR and two SAs of the FBI, concealed in a panel truck, entered Barrio Las Charcas. This barrio is located in a valley deep in the mountains in the northwestern part of the island and may only be reached by travelling approximately three miles on an extremely narrow mountain road. Complete surprise was achieved by the raiding party and Ojeda Rios was seized by an SA, FBI as he attempted to flee from the rear of the home of [REDACTED].

At the time of Ojeda Rios' apprehension, Agent [REDACTED] OI, POPR, seized a black overnight bag belonging to Ojeda Rios. Contained therein were a loaded .38 special Rohm revolver, 68 rounds of .38 special ammunition, assorted cosmetic makeup, personal toilet items, and numerous Spanish language documents dealing with MIRA. The following are translations of pertinent seized documents, and have been placed in chronological order where such date was available.

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MIRA

Document #1 - A spiral type notebook

On December 16, 1969, Rafael Nieves Negron, former undercover agent of the OI, POPR in MIRA, observed a photograph of Filiberto Ojeda Rios and advised that this individual was a MIRA leader and was known to him as "Ruben" and "G-2". The handwriting contained in Document #1 strongly resembles that of "Ruben" as contained in MIRA documents seized by the OI, POPR on February 24, 1970 in San Juan and Bayamon, Puerto Rico.

This document states as follows:

"June of 1970

"One of our greatest jobs right now is to stimulate and develop the periodic revision of the development of our struggle, constantly confronting ourselves with analysis and working plans of practical effective things.

"Without a doubt the problems that we face today are very different from those we faced six months ago. In some cases we overestimated the positive effects of our activities, in others we were quite correct.

"The purpose of this report is to fully analyze the present situation, to evaluate and to make new plans in accordance with our strategic concepts, in order to raise our struggle to even superior stages.

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MIRA

"In a report like this we should not be blamed for being too specific because the struggle comprises all fronts in our social, cultural, political and economical aspects of life.

"This factor demands that we who are committed to this emancipating struggle must work intensely to give a practical and theoretical solution to the great problem which we face. It is our duty at this moment. This what is expected of us and we shall do everything humanly possible, studying and analyzing conscientiously to make good our obligations to our people.

"The report is divided as follows:

- I - Analysis for the Development of a New Strategy and Tactics in effect at the end of 1969.
- II - Organizing development of MIRA after the actions of the 11th of December. Political results of our actions-Successes and Failures.
- III - Analysis of Main Problems Faced by our country as a Direct Result of Colonialism.
- IV - Analysis of Our Internal Deficiencies
- V - Setting Out of New Strategic and Tactical Plans at Short Terms.

"These are the points which I consider of major importance. I have not had any material for references available, because there are no books where I am. Nevertheless, I have based these plans in the practical experience obtained throughout the development of our activities.

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MIRA

"I - Analysis for the Development of a New Strategy and Tactics in effect at the end of 1969.

"When the relations between the revolutionary forces of our organization and the leftist and egocentrist sector were severed, a reevaluation of our struggle concept from the political, ideological, strategic and tactical point of view, was necessary.

"The reevaluation of our concepts was made considering the following points:

- (1) Internal reorganization
- (2) Revision of our positions
- (3) Setting up of strategic and tactical plans

"For the purpose of reorganization we started a superficial study of the militancy, its behaviors, responsibility assigned to each leader and a limited political orientation to all the groups that remained with us. These tasks were placed in effect through the direct contact with all our groups.

"The assignment of tasks and responsibilities was of a subjective nature, due to the fact that we were not known as an organization and we were not allowed to play an active role in the political struggle of our country.

"On the other hand, we worked on the revision of our political positions, particularly those positions pertaining to the leftist sector which was represented by Andres. This revision contained the following points:"

A characterization of "Andres" is contained in that of Narciso Rabell Martinez, which is located in Section I of the attached appendix.

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"What was our position regarding our relation with other patriotic organizations in Puerto Rico, particularly the MPI? We made an error when we attacked the MPI and other patriotic organizations through our magazine "CUADERNOS". As a result our own membership was disgusted and we were isolated.

"For many reasons we decided to tighten our friendly relations with the Cuban revolution and that we would support them in case of aggression by imperialism. By the same token, we would try to get moral and material support for our cause from the Cuban government. But it was decided that under no circumstances should we depend on foreign support, and on the contrary we should develop our struggle based on our own efforts and resources.

"Cuba is a revolutionary country which is constantly being attacked by imperialism. It has always given its assistance to all movements that struggle for liberation, particularly those who have won the support of their own people, to wit: Vietnam (South and North), Portuguese colonies, Algeria, Congo B and K, Korea, Venezuela, Bolivia, Colombia, Guatemala, Argentina, Puerto Rico, etc.

"The revision of the five points listed above, resulted in the following conclusions:

(5) Our position concerning the ideological and moral factors that would be implemented in our organization.

(4) Difference between the 'American' and the 'Puerto Rican' and our position in regard with the small bourgeoisie.

(3) The objectives for the development of the armed action.

(2) Our position regarding all patriotic organizations, particularly the MPI.

(1) Our position concerning the government of Cuba.

MIRA

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MIRA

A characterization of the Movimiento Pro Independencia de Puerto Rico (Puerto Rican Independence Movement) (MPIPR) is contained in Section II of the attached appendix.

A characterization of "Cuadernos" is contained in that of Narciso Rabell Martinez, which is located in Section I of the attached appendix.

"We fight for communism.

"Our analysis led us to the following position: We will not attack any of the patriotic organizations. We will develop our struggle based on the soundest revolutionary ideas; forcing with our action, a definition from the independentist sector.

"We even planned actions such as 'placing of bombs in supermarkets during daytime where Puerto Ricans would be killed; kill policemen to take the arms, breaking into Puerto Rican establishments, etc.' If we should have gone ahead with these plans we would have been condemned by our people and would have dangerously harmed our struggle.

"For these reasons we decided that our actions would be against all the establishments representing the economical Yankee domination in our Island. Everything representing imperialism in Puerto Rico would be the recipient of our actions.

"From the ideological point of view we also made important changes. We got to know what was an 'authoritarian leadership' under the name of democracy, and the effects of this kind of leadership. We decided to develop our struggle without creating an image for any man, but to create an image for an idea.

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MIRA

No document from our organization to the membership or to the people would be signed by any particular person, but by the organization itself. Our aim in following this is as follows:

- (a) Avoid by all means that our people would pay homage to men;
- (b) Avoid that individualism which prevails over the sense of collectivity
- (c) To develop in the inner feelings of our membership and the people the idea that there must be no type of personal interest while making the greatest efforts for the country, but only a genuine desire to serve the people.

We further decided to forge in the conscience of the membership the art of criticism and self-criticism, as a basis to develop the highest moral values and to eliminate little by little all the legacy of capitalism and classes.

"One of the greatest problems we had to solve was the little knowledge that the people had about our organization and our actions. As a result we:

- (1) Could not obtain the effective cooperation for the development of our plans.
- (2) Could not get economical help.
- (3) Lack moral support.
- (4) General limitation for the development of the organization.
- (5) Lack of foreign recognition.

"So we thought the best way to solve the situation was through the development of the armed struggle, conducting sabotage and making MIRA responsible publicly. We also started our action in New York with lots of propaganda.

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MIRA

"II - Organizing Development of MIRA after the Actions of December 11th. Political Results of Our Actions--Successes and Failures.

"A - Organizing Development of MIRA from December 11, 1969 through June, 1970.

"The actions of December 11, caused a great impact in our country. Effective and coordinated actions like these had never been carried out in Puerto Rico. A new range for our actions was opened and as a result we were able to extend our organization in the following aspects:

- "(1) New military cells and collaborators.
- (2) More facilities for transportation.
- (3) Development of the rural areas.
- (4) Expansion of our small network of hidecuts.
- (5) Donations of arms and fighting material.

"The above was attained with the utmost security measures.

"Another aspect worthy of mention is the representation obtained from the different sectors of the life of our country, to include professionals, laborers, countrymen, etc.

"One of the main contributions has been that of the basic explosive materials which are obtained in quantities. The Ammonium Nitrate (Nitrato de Amonio N.A.) which used to cost great amounts of monies and had to be brought from outside is no problem for a long time.

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"Another great accomplishment has been the creation of our rural base and the experience gained there. In our rural base we have places to bury equipment and arms. We have plans to expand our rural base and create others.

"On the other hand, we received very important information from reliable and well-informed sources.

"Our technical development is constantly increasing. Inventions like the 'Activator 101' and 'Activator 201' have raised us to a superior technical level. The prospect of installing our own radio station is important.

"The contacts and work that we visualize at 'el cano' are of great importance because they will greatly improve the plans of our organization."

Translator's Note:

(Meaning of "el cano" as follows:

Open sewer, ditch, conduit, cellar, channel at the entrance of seaports. There is a slum in the Santurce area known as "El Cano" and many places throughout the Island known by that name.)

"Finally, we have proven that our idea of armed struggle is correct and that it is the agent that will mobilize our people and the only way to attain our liberation.

"B - Political Changes in Puerto Rico as a result of our Action.

"As a tradition the colonial government has tried to keep a front of 'democratic freedom' utilizing all the resources available as the television, radio, press, educational system, and propaganda and psychological deformation to consolidate the myth of democratic bourgeoisie.

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MIRA

"There is a continuous praise for the moral values of the 'free enterprise' social system. Watchwords like 'Improvement of the individual', 'free enterprise', 'free determination', 'free elections' are used to confuse our people. On the other hand the colonial government tries to discredit the revolutionary struggle by instilling terror in the people's conscience to all fundamental political changes. Repressive action and identification of persons involved in the struggle was the 'control' being used.

"But the armed action carried out by the true vanguard created a new situation and after the sabotage actions against the North American enterprises, tourist centers, the image of 'justice', 'liberality' and 'democracy' stumbled.

"The pressure applied by the Yanquis to finish up the 'terrorists' showed the real face and the fascist character of the repressive government. They started to make up cases against independentists. All persons suspected of being involved with subversive organizations are threatened. The bonds set on the patriots are excessively high. Searching without a warrant is a common practice; massive arrests, rightist provocations, abuse and killing of students, persecution of the lawyers involved in legal counselling of independentists, etc., demonstrate that the 'democratic' front is not in use any more.

"A fact of real interest is that imperialists do not trust the repressive forces of the government and the FBI is assuming a more active role in the investigations of clandestine struggle. They don't only investigate but threaten the parents of the patriots being persecuted with killing their sons. We know very well that they will kill all those involved in the cause of liberty. On the other hand, they try to get the cooperation of persons who are weak before the difficulties of the struggle.

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MIRA

"Along these same lines the local press supports and asks for the arrest and trial of all those opposing the colonial regime and is trying using all means available to prepare the people psychologically for the massive repression which is being planned.

"It is concluded that:

- a) The FBI is playing a more significant role in the direction of the repression against our people.
- b) They will increase repression as struggle increases, taking action against all those identified with the independence, be these 'innocent' or 'guilty'.
- c) They make use of threats and blackmail with the relatives of the revolutionaries.
- d) They try to 'detect' the 'weakness' in individuals and obtain their services.
- e) A campaign of psychological terror is on the way for all those allegedly involved in the revolutionary struggle.
- f) A campaign to prepare public opinion for a massive repression has been started.
- g) They are increasing its repressive force and establishing 'control' systems for automobiles under pretexts.
- h) A repressive movement has been organized against student protest and laborer strikes.

"Summary: A wider and methodical repression is under way against all the patriotic sectors, with the exception of those who want the independence without any structural changes.

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MIRA

"Reaction of Independentist Sectors to the Armed Struggle:

"In Puerto Rico the struggle for independence has been tackled in an idealistic and romantic manner on one side and nationalist terms on the other. This has been so throughout our history up to the 50's decade in which new ideas and concepts were 'discovered' by the leaders of the struggle.

"As we have explained before, we fight for socialism and all it implies, but in order to think in socialism we must attain independence.

"Our efforts are headed toward the development of armed struggle through intensive work of a political ideological character with the people, in order to develop conscience of the masses and transform the objectives of the struggle for formal independence into national liberation.

"We will keep a respectful attitude toward the other patriotic organizations because at the long run they will facilitate our work.

"Our actions in the armed struggle caused a 'leadership crisis' in the MPI. It is our opinion that the armed action carried out by MIRA and CAL forced this situation."

A characterization of Comandos Armados de Liberacion (Armed Commandos of Liberation) (CAL) is contained in Section II of the attached appendix.

"We believe this has been very positive, but we plan to create new situations in our future actions. We don't doubt that the militancy of the MPI will react positively, but we have to see if some of its leaders will resist the pressure.

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MIRA

"As far as the PIP is concerned, they have gone through very positive changes. Socialism is part of their political program, but frankly, we do not trust the socialism of the PIP."

A characterization of the Partido Independentista Puertorriqueno (Independence Party of Puerto Rico) (PIP) is located in Section II of the attached appendix.

"Nevertheless, the PIP is being radicalized slowly. The PIP Youth, though confused ideologically, has a greater understanding of the problems of the national leaders. We are expecting an internal strike in the PIP.

"As far as the Nationalist Party is concerned, they have gone through a process of internal division. This was caused by the struggle between the revolutionary sector and the sector which adheres to the traditional dogmas."

The Nationalist Party of Puerto Rico (NPPR) has been designated by the Attorney General of the United States pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

"Although this process has not caused other consequences, except those known perfectly by MIRA, the general results have been very positive for our struggle.

"The 'Partido Union Puertorriquena' as expected, has the role of the garbage dump where all cowards, opportunists and rightists 'independentists' are received. We must watch them closely because very possibly they will join the enemy placing their personal interest before the country's interests.

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Partido Union Puertorriquena (Puerto Rican Union Party) (PUP) is a new independence party headed by Dr. Antonio J. Gonzalez, a University of Puerto Rico Professor, which was established on June 1, 1969 in Rio Piedras, Puerto Rico. During the charter convention Dr. Gonzalez proclaimed that his party was an independence movement to be carried out within a framework of "close friendship with the United States" and one that will reject violence and communism.

"III - Analysis of Main Problems Faced by our Country as a Direct Result of Colonialism."

(Note of translator: This section includes a general discussion of a social exploitation system of man by man; the exploitation of a weak country by a powerful one; the results of capitalism in Puerto Rico as far as unemployment, insecurity, social injustice, social and racial discrimination and the fact that capitalists are the owners of the great majority of the businesses established in the country. It also covers the psychological effects of colonialism on the character and mental formation of Puerto Ricans.)

"The following are examples of these problems:

- a) Exploitation of copper mines.
- b) Culebra case.
- c) Military obligatory service.
- d) The establishment of the Phillip Petroleum Co. in the city of Yabucoa and its problems.

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MIRA

e) Increase in the price of water services and the fact that half million of persons do not have water services.

f) Telephone company services and its problems.

g) Problems of drugs and prostitution.

h) Problems caused by Cuban exiles.

i) The struggle of labor unions.

j) Problems arising from the importation of minor crops from Santo Domingo and other countries which affect our farmers.

"IV - Analysis of Our Internal Deficiencies.

"This part has been divided in four subjects. The consolidation and progress of our organization depends on the solution given to each one of these subjects.

"(1) Maximum utilization of the intellectual and practical capacity of each cell; cells to be located in accordance with its capabilities of revolutionary work.

"Up to this moment we have not been properly using companions who have the capacity of undertaking important and significant tasks for the development of this struggle.

"This error was not made voluntarily, but was caused by a deficient system of communications and the insecurity which involves our clandestine activities.

Although our cells must overcome a long series of intellectual and ideological deficiencies, they possess very positive qualities. Qualities that are of utmost value in this struggle: conscience, courage, sacrifice and excellence.

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MIRA

"These cells are actually capable of doing recruitment work. They know the right kind of people who, in their opinion, would be willing to support our organization.

"One or two persons have been in charge of the recruitment and organizative work. The services of all other members have been waiting for the solution given to the problems. It is necessary that this situation be corrected by utilizing to the maximum the capacity of the cells.

"(2) Analysis of Logistical Needs

"A major problem has been the fact that we have failed to solve in advance our basic logistical needs.

"Many times we have to move from one place to another and we have difficulties with the transportation, etc. We must make an effort to determine our logistical needs and then find a solution for the problem. If necessary, we must use all our resources to do it.

"Personally, I believe that we must solve the following logistical needs:

- "(1) Transportation (automobile, motorcycles, jeeps, buses, etc.)
- "(2) Arms and explosives
- "(3) Urban and rural hideouts
- "(4) Supplies

"These are our basic logistical needs, the solution of which will guarantee the continuity of our struggle.

"(3) Development of our Specialized Propaganda Network

"The political-ideological task is one of the fundamental pillars for the attainment of our national liberation.

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MIRA

Only developing to the maximum capacity the political-ideological work can we raise the level of the people's conscience. We must get the people to understand the political contents of our actions, because that is the only way to obtain their support.

"Only specialized cells should be completely devoted to the accomplishment of this task. The intellectual level of the cell assigned this task must be quite developed.

"Once the propaganda network is functioning in an efficient manner, the official magazine of the organization would be published. Editorials and other important articles will be written by members of the national directorate. On the other hand, any militant with writing ability would have the opportunity to write for the magazine.

"(4) Improvement of the Communication System between Members of the National Directorate.

"As we have explained before, many of our problems have resulted from a deficient organization which is evident in the communication system between the national leaders in our organization.

"One of the worst situations that active revolutionaries may encounter is being incommunicados among themselves.

"On the other hand, it is a fact that our clandestine operations, the lack of transportation and other material problems, make periodic personal communication very difficult. Nevertheless, in lieu of personal contacts, we must send periodic reports of the development of our activities.

"All reading material concerning the actual struggle must reach all members of the National Directorate for analysis and conclusions at the earliest date.

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MIHA

"We should study the ways to solve the problems of personal communication between ourselves as an urgent matter.

"V = Setting Our New Strategic and Tactical Plans at Short Terms

1. Strategic Plans

"We have already covered the development of our strategy for last year, its success and failures.

"As far as our long-termed strategy is concerned it is clearly defined. It is the 'take over by the people'. Our tactical strategy has been defined also: 'armed struggle'.

"As we have stated in the past, it is necessary to establish short-termed strategic plans which would improve slowly our struggle.

"Generally, as a result of our actions, we have been able to overcome fundamental problems that we faced in our first strategic plan. As was to be expected, new problems have arisen which we must take in consideration for our new strategic and tactical plans.

"Right now we are facing a very difficult situation and we are still in the stage in which our activities must be directed mainly towards the internal development and consolidation of our organization.

"In order to attain the internal development and consolidation, we must increase the development of the conscience and support of all sectors sympathizing with our struggle.

"This means that our strategic conception must be, in the first place, the internal consolidation.

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MIRA

"When would we be able to feel that we have reached our internal consolidation, in order to start the development of our struggle in all its capacity, effectiveness and ability to expand.

"We will consider we have attained this when:

"(1) We have a propaganda center

(2) We have a network of hiding places that would guarantee the continuity of our struggle

(3) We have solved the transportation problem

(4) We have solved the problems of political and ideological excellence of our cells

(5) We have developed a communications system to insure maximum security

"Once these problems are solved we may consider that our second short-termed strategic plan has been accomplished.

"Some of these problems may be solved immediately, but most of them depend on our economical situation. This brings up a new problem: 'How are we going to meet our financial needs?'

"Experience has shown that our action has been able to further our development. We have received financial help and we think the help has been up to the action carried out. Nevertheless, we are in need of huge economical resources and those on hand have a zero balance. The possibility of receiving large quantities are practically none. So, we have three alternatives:

"(a) Expropriation of resources

(b) Wait for the resources that will possibly reach Comrade Adrian through the procedures known to him.

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MIRA

(c) Improve our hideouts system, communications, transportation and propaganda at the present time, and mobilize the organization militarily to resume the efforts to obtain funds after our actions.

"In this matter, once we are able to overcome our financial difficulties, we may start to work in our organization problems."

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MIRA

Written on a page by itself was the following:

"Black Panther Newspaper
3106 Shattuck Ave.
Berkley, California

"Editor
Eldridge Cleaver

Production Manager

John Seale"

The Black Panther Newspaper is a periodical newspaper of the Black Panther Party. A characterization of the Black Panther Party is contained in Section II of the attached appendix.

The following section of this notebook contains seven partially filled pages which appear to be enciphered notes.

Also included in this section are the following notes:

"Pedro -
For him - Tuesday - 4 & 5 August
First Tuesday"

"Luz Maria - hiding place - cafe Mis Amores -
in front of hospital - Base -
Ask Santos Colon and Antonio Torres -
Gu. Brothers Ana Maria"

Santos Colon

Santos Colon Aponte is the Guayama Zone Secretary of the MPIPR and the Mis Amores Bar is occasionally utilized as the meeting place of the Guayama Mission of the MPIPR.

SJ T-1
October 29, 1970

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MIRA

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"Attorney Cesar Rivera - in front
of Government Center - C.S. Ana's husband
who wants a divorce - Ask William"

Cesar Rivera

On April 12, 1965, MPIPR members
Marta Sanchez and Cesar Rivera visited
the Humacao district to raise funds
for the MPIPR.

Police of Puerto Rico (POPR)
Information Bulletin #184
April, 1965

A characterization of Marta
Sanchez is contained in Section I
of the attached appendix.

Attorney Cesar Rivera, [REDACTED] b7C
[REDACTED] Humacao, Puerto Rico
advised that he planned to attend
the celebration of Grito de Lares in
Lares, Puerto Rico on September 23,
1969.

3J T-2
September 19, 1969

A characterization of Grito
de Lares appears in Section II of
the attached appendix.

"Guayanilla - J.T. mayor's son - ask (illegible)"

Juan Torres Alonso

Juan Torres Alonso is the son of
Juan Torres Irizarry, Mayor of Guayanilla,
Puerto Rico, and is a member of
the Guayanilla Mission of the MPIPR.

3J T-3
August 29, 1968
May 14, 1970

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MIRA

"Enio or Enid - Madrid 1056 - Santa Rita -
Ana's brother - at two - studies pharmacy -
\$ - material - Gate towards garage"

"Hector - C.S. Ana's brother - PIP -
Medical matters
Ask Efrain - Cond. Los Alamos - Apt FJ or 7J"

"Deeply involved Jose Noya - write saying date,
day and time of trip to Spain - R.P. Post Office -
Calle De Diego - C.S. Ana's friend - \$ - Farm"

"No 7
Rivera Cesar, Lawyer"

b7C [REDACTED]

By 65th Infantry in front of Bargain T
House has a Puerto Rican flag"

Jose Noya Herrero

Jose Noya Herrero has been affiliated
with the NPPR since 1921 and was at one
time a close associate of its deceased
leader, Pedro Albizu Camps. He estimated
he has donated \$17,000 to the NPPR in
his life time. He resided at [REDACTED]
[REDACTED] Puerto Rico.

Interview of Jose Noya Herrero
by SAs, FBI on February 17, 1961

"Pedro - First Tuesday of August -
Rio - 11:00 p.m.

Pedro Emergency:

Friday, Saturday and Sunday
8:00 p.m. W.J and corner P -
sister after actions"

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MIRA

The next section of this notebook is devoted to the summations of passage of "Wretched of the Earth" by Francois Fanon.

The next section of the notebook is captioned "Record of Agents and Informants" and contains the following information:

"FBI Agent

"John J. Burke - Wife [REDACTED]
[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]

b7c
"License plate - [REDACTED]

"Children: [REDACTED]

"This agent is actively working against the Puerto Rican independentists. He has resorted to threats. He has threatened the mothers and relatives of patriots engaged in clandestine work with killing their children, etc.

"6-28-70"

John J. Burke is an SA, FBI who was stationed in San Juan, Puerto Rico until the fall of 1970, at which time he was transferred to another assignment.

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"Federal Judge

"Name - Miller, Harley A.

b7c
"Wife - [REDACTED]

"Address - [REDACTED]

"Federal Judge. Handles the cases regarding Obligatory Military Service. This individual is sarcastic with the accused. He has a private office in Fortaleza Street # _____. This is the building with the carillon that rings the hour. It is in front of a shoe store. His name is in the building's directory. The office is on the third floor.

"6-28-70"

Harley A. Miller is the United States Commissioner in San Juan, Puerto Rico.

"CIC Agent

"Name - [REDACTED] - Wife, [REDACTED]

b7c
"Address - [REDACTED]

"June 28, 1970

"This agent is active in political cases against the patriots. Explosives section."

[REDACTED] is a former member of the Explosives Section of the Criminal Investigations Corps of the POPR.

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"Name - [REDACTED] [REDACTED]

"Wife - [REDACTED]

"Address - [REDACTED]

"This traitor is the brother of [REDACTED]
He accused his sister and testified against the patriots
who attacked the Senate. b7C

"June 28, 1970

[REDACTED] is related to him"

[REDACTED] is the
brother of [REDACTED] and imprisoned
member of the NPPR. He is a member of
the Popular Democratic Party of Puerto
Rico, a legally constituted political
party favoring commonwealth status for
Puerto Rico.

"Name - Nieves Negron, Rafael - Single [REDACTED]

"Address - [REDACTED] b7C

[REDACTED]
"Undercover agent of the Bayamon area. Truly a rat.
He was a policeman before an undercover agent. He is
being protected by special agents. His guard has been
slowly reduced from six to four and two. Lately he has been
seen driving his car. He lives with his parents. He sleeps
at night at the Police Headquarters. He wears a gun belt.
His finking has won him the scorn of the people.

"June 28, 1970"

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MIRA

Rafael Nieves Negron is an agent of the OI, POFR who during 1969 worked in an undercover capacity in MIRA and has provided information leading to criminal charges against several MIRA members including Filiberto Ojeda Rios.

"Antonio

[REDACTED]

b7C

"License plate [REDACTED] Ford LTD - 1969

"White and black"

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MIRA

Document #2 - A letter, the handwriting of which resembles that of "Ruben" as contained in MIRA documents seized on February 24, 1970. This document states as follows:

"Monday, August 31, 1970

"Dear Comrades Ricardo and A (Gina):

"We have received detailed information concerning you. We think it's very sad that the place where you were staying was burned so soon. The truth of the matter is that that what happened was accidental and not due to malice, because the person who went there to visit your sister brought FBI investigation there.

"Regardless of this, some errors were made. I don't know if this was caused by the last instructions I gave you, perhaps they were not clear, or were not understood.

"I am giving you exact instructions for you to follow:

"1. Do everything possible to change your physical appearance. I do not know about your companion, Gina, but yours is very possible.

"2. Get false documents for you and for her (birth certificates for both of you).

"3. Get married under your new names. That way you will get a Marriage Certificate.

"4. If at all possible, apply for a drivers license under your new names.

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MIRA

"5. Get a new Social Security Card under your new name. Even though you use your new name, do not put the information that appears on the birth certificate, such as father, mother, place and date of birth, on the Social Security application. This will avoid the possibility that there might be a Social Security account with that information. Make that information up.

"6. Do everything possible to normalize your life. Do not participate in any way in any political activity, or any other activity that will bring attention to you. You have to make a lot of friends and convert yourself into another politically alienated person. Do not talk politics, and if you ever have to say anything, defend the United States.

"We realize that this is going to be difficult. But this is necessary in view of the projects we have for you. For your general knowledge, I set out the following so that you can get a better idea for the reasons behind the orders to assume this attitude.

"In a little while, a cell of the National Directorate will be moving there. Once you have attained all that is expected of you, you will move where we indicate and will move in with the utmost normality. A married couple who moves from one state to another. It is not like moving from Puerto Rico to the States. You see? Once you are there, you will be the main collaborators with your comrade and you will aid him in the development of his work, which he will explain to you later. I cannot give you any more details but I can tell you this, it is of utmost importance that you follow these instructions.

"You may write to some members of your family which you think is necessary, and give your letters to the comrade who gave you this one. We will assure that it arrives. Do not let on where you are!

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MIRA

"Tell me how Gina is. Has she had her baby? We have been really worried about you, especially since we could not get instructions to you.

"No one must find out what this letter is about. Not even the comrade who delivered it to you. The things you know can only be discussed with your immediate supervisor. This is Carmelo, until the comrade from here arrives.

"Do not forget that in the struggle there are militants and collaborators. You are naturally militants. But a lot of the people who have aided us are only collaborators, and can know no more than that which corresponds to their level of participation. Although that is the same thing we do with the militants, their level of participation and trust is much greater.

"When you answer my letter, let me know how the political situation is over there. What do they say about MIRA?

"Well comrades, you can be sure that we do not forget about you. We have you in our minds at all our activities.

"A revolutionary hug is sent for both of you, with utmost affection. You may be three already. Your comrades Papo and W also send their regards. These are really involved.

"Always to the chant:

"Long Live Free Puerto Rico!!

War To The Yankee!!

Liberation or Death!!

D. N. De M----

"Once you have read this letter and have all your instructions clear, BURN IT.

"Your answer will be delivered sealed."

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MIRA

Document #3 - A typewritten letter which states:

"September 5, 1970

"Comrades:

"One of the basic assumptions that lays the foundation for the democratic way in which MIRA carries out its activities has been, and is, the fundamental respect of the procedures that characterize a collective management. The concept of a collective management, as a method of deliberation and decision, was adopted by our organization for two fundamental reasons: the first, in recognition of the merits of a method whose basic premise states that various individuals, working together, can better approach the truth than one individual that cannot come face to face with the dialectics of the discussion or the censure of the group. The second reason, sprouts from the objective reality of our present situation: that up until this moment there has not arisen in MIRA or in the national struggle, one single individual with extraordinary and agglutinating capacities capable of assuming powers of major importance. Considering the immense limitations to which we, the comrades that have assumed the responsibilities for the activities of MIRA, are subjected to, the only possibility left for carrying out these activities with a minimum of error and a better understanding of the correct ways is to be consistent in the principles of the collective directive.

"Among other things, the collective management implies mutual respect, constant consultation, perpetual criticism and, above all, the inviolability of the procedures already agreed upon.

"These premises--axiomatic to the concept of collective management--have been arbitrarily violated in our organization. This situation leaves me no other alternative but to energetically censure the comrades of the National Directorate who--to a lesser or greater degree--have been responsible for this situation. Let us look at the facts:

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MIRA

"In the early morning hours of yesterday, September 4, I was confronted with a consummated act: I was presented with a copy of a document written by comrade Carlos, signed by the National Directorate, and addressed to the Political Bureau of the Cuban Communist Party. I was informed that the same had already been sent through Comrade Rosa thus making its delivery impossible to stop.

"In the second paragraph of the document in question were enumerated the objectives of the same and I quote:

'1- To establish the means and ways by which we will smuggle out comrades that must leave the country as was agreed upon by you and the comrade who represented us in your last meeting.

'2- To know if you wish to re-establish contact in M.

'3- To submit a brief report to you concerning the development of the struggle in Puerto Rico.

'4- To clarify some points that might be a cause of worry to you.

'5- To let you know our official standpoint on some points of common interest.'

"The last agreement reached by the National Directorate concerning the steps to take regarding relations between MIRA and Cuba were: that Comrade Ana would be instructed to make the pertinent arrangements for a new contact in M and that Comrade Benjamin would travel there to personally speak with the Cubans. So as to clarify, I would like to point out that in an earlier meeting of the National Directive (ND) held on Base I a motion by Comrade Carlos, in the sense that any official document having to do with the internal relations of MIRA had to be discussed and approved by the totality of the Directive's members before it was sent out, was unanimously approved.

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MIRA

"Even though I am a member of the ND of MIRA, I was not consulted or informed at any given moment that the editing and delivery of an official document from our organization to the Cuban Communist Party was being contemplated. Only after the document had already left Puerto Rico was I presented with a copy of same; only after it had become a consummated and irreversible act.

"This constitutes a serious precedent and a clear violation of the principles of the collective management that guides our organization. Besides being disrespectful to my person as a member of the ND, this creates an intolerable situation heightened by the fact that I have deep-rooted differences with the general character and context of the aforementioned document. Let us see:

"In the first place--and this should have been discussed even before writing began on the document--I would have strongly opposed establishing contact with the Cubans, at the present time, by means of an expositive document. If I had been given the opportunity, I would have defended my position based on the complexity of the relations between MIRA and the Cuban Communist Party; and sustained by, what I consider, the lack of responsibility on the part of the Cubans as regards their internationalist duty toward our organization and its struggle.

"Secondly--and aside from the fact of whether a document should have been sent or not--I consider the report under discussion, in its totality, highly deficient. The general characteristic of the complete document is the extreme simplification almost to the point of detracting strength from certain matters which are highly complex, profound and dialectic.

"Thirdly, the general tone of the document is apologetic from top to bottom and this is doubly serious in itself in a document of such nature especially when there is no logical reason for such an un-called for attitude.

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MIRA

"Fourth--the document falsifies--through neglect--the actual reality of relations between MIRA and the Cuban Communist Party. One can lie openly but to say some truths and silence others is also another way of lying. The great flaw of the document is that it selected and elaborated concrete points, omitting certain substantive ones and only stating the co-substantive and secondary.

"Fifth--and although it is now useless to discuss the document point by point--I can not omit, without comment, the part that says that the members of the MINREX are much better equipped than we, the Puerto Ricans, to analyze the political, social and economic aspects of the struggle of our people. Need I say that I absolutely reject that criteria. Furthermore, I consider absolutely unnecessary that the problem of the 'vicious detractions' perpetrated by other patriotic organizations against MIRA should have been included in the document. This takes, in an official form, the internal problems of the Puerto Rican struggle beyond our national boundaries and can negatively affect the solution of those differences that are hindering the revolutionary unity. In short, all of this is disputable ~~rather was~~ disputable because now it is a consummated act.

"Sixth--and as a logical conclusion to all that I have said--the document is absolutely arbitrary. In part it reflects the positions and interpretations of one member of the ND, in some cases, of two members but at no given moment of the leadership as a whole.

"Comrade Benjamin has confessed to me that he considers my indignation as just regarding the procedures utilized in writing and sending the document. Furthermore, he shares my views as far as that the document is superficial and arbitrary. He agrees that said document falsifies our state of relations and specially in that it is apologetic. This verifies that my appreciation of the document is not altogether subjective nor in minority.

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MIRA

"I have already pointed out to Comrade Benjamin-- and once more I reiterate--that it was an irresponsible act on his part to allow that document to be sent, specially when he himself had doubts as to its contents.

"As I still consider myself a member of the ND of MIRA, I have no other choice but to demand from my comrades Carlos and Benjamin that they be consistent with the revolutionary principle of autocriticism and that they give themselves a vote of censure for their actions. Furthermore, I consider it just and necessary that when contact is made with the Cubans in M it be pointed out to them that the document sent to them did not constitute an official standpoint due to the fact that it had not been discussed and approved by the ND as a whole as our procedures require. I consider these retributions necessary and just in order to straighten out this situation.

"In conclusion I assure you that my trust in you in spite of what has happened, remains intact. My fraternal and sincere revolutionary wishes to you, as always

"LONG LIVE FREE PUERTO RICO
ARCADIO"

"LIBERATION OR DEATH"

On December 16, 1970, Rafael Nieves Negrón identified Roberto Todd Pagan as a MIRA leader known to him as "Hugo". The signature of "Arcadio" at the end of this letter resembles that of "Hugo" as contained in MIRA documents seized by POPR on February 24, 1970.

A characterization of Roberto Todd Pagan is contained in Section I of the attached appendix.

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MIRA

Document #4 - A letter, the handwriting of which resembles that of "Ruben" in documents seized by OI, POPR, on February 24, 1970. It states as follows:

"September 10, 1970

"Comrades:

"After a week and a half of being isolated, I have received letters from all the comrades. Obviously, the one written by comrade Arcadio, dated September 5, surprised me greatly, not only by its contents, but also by its form. It is for this reason that I dedicate this letter exclusively to express my criterion with regard to the same, always led on by my desire to clear any difficulty which may arise among us and to better our political and personal relations to the utmost.

"It is my belief that to achieve this objective, and considering the nature of the comrade's letter, it is necessary to speak with the utmost frankness.

"In his letter, comrade Arcadio presents a grave accusation against me. My faults, according to the comrade, have been as follows:

'1. Having violated the basic assumptions which make up the democratic form of conducting work in MIRA.

'2. Having violated the concept of collective administration.

'3. Having attributed myself extraordinary abilities to assume power over major decisions.

'4. Not having had mutual respect.

'5. Having composed a letter in which the points set out are absolutely mistaken.

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MIRA

"6. Having neglected my responsibilities in the National Directorate of MIRA.

"Since it is not a question of six separate and distinct accusations, but of five resulting directly from an act; in other words, the act of composing and sending a letter 'without consultation,' on one hand, and on the other hand the contents of the letter, I have only two points on which to comment.

"In the first place, I am just finding out that comrade Arcadio had no knowledge of the letter being sent.

"I wish to make the following clear to comrade Arcadio:

"a) By Tuesday, August 20, I had commented to comrade Benjamin the need to send a letter to the Cubans concerning the basis of the issues regarding the transfer of the comrades to Cuba and the problem of M. In addition, I told him that a type of short 'report' could be made, something which is, as you know, a routine among organizations which have even a minimum of intercourse.

"b) The comrade told me that a woman comrade was leaving very soon, but we agreed, on my suggestion, that in order to save time, I would compose the letters and there would be time to take them to you for your opinion. After all, tearing up a letter is not hard.

"c) On August 25, Benny comes back with E. from the base. He tells me concretely that he had talked to you and that you were in agreement. Not only that, but also that you were giving a vote of confidence. In other words, that there was no problem.

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MINA

"d) That same night he told me to finish the letters, that the woman comrade was leaving the 2nd for N.Y. He agrees to come the next day. He came Saturday 30. He told me what had been settled with E., and what was to be done for the overcoming of the 'co.' He was here for about three hours. He sealed all the letters: one for Carmelo, for the child, for Pena, for F.S., for Ricardo, and for my family. He told me that the letter for Ricardo should not be sent, since the address was unknown. He told me P.'s letter was good; he found not objection in F.S.'s, and he told me the following about the children's:

"a) that there was something about the style or vocabulary which he did not like. I told him that in the long run, the contents was the most important thing, and that the matter of style can be varied.

"b) he commented that he did not like the end of the letter. I asked his reasons for this, and he replied concretely that he did not like the part about 'our actions against the gusanera.' I answered that what I was really trying to tell the child was that 'even though they have not been able to fulfill their international duties, we, in spite of our shortcomings and real limitations, are willing to fulfill our international obligations with the 'Cuban people' (I did not say Cuban government).' He reacted positively to this explanation and we did not disagree on anything else.

"c) I ask him again about comrade Arcadio, and if he is sure that Arcadio is in agreement, and he answers yes.

"My final words to him were that I was satisfied with the letter, and I did not think Arcadio would have any profound objections.

"Later, I see comrade Benny on Monday, August 31, and I have not seen him since. This has been the issue, just as it has developed.

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"Today, much to my surprise, I receive your letter, which is written in the severest of tones, and which I reject completely because the accusations (I am referring to the five) are made a priori without having taken the trouble to do some previous investigating that could justify the letter.

"What can be interpreted from your letter? Well, in the first place, that you consider the comrades guilty of acts, without any inquiries, and furthermore, you wish to impose a moral sanction, which to your satisfaction you consider 'imperative'.

"I regret I am unable to accommodate you with regard to autocriticism for the five accusations. With respect to the 'form and content' of my letter, that is another matter. As is only natural, I respect your opinion of my letter, which according to you, does not express the criterion of the national directorate of MIRA, the dignity a document should maintain, and lastly that the document is reproachable for its subjectivity, and why not say it--worthless. That is your opinion, and I respect it.

"Nevertheless, I wish to make something clear. According to your interpretation of my letter, I express the fact that 'the functionaries of MINREX are better qualified than we Puerto Ricans to prepare a report which analyzes the political, social, and economic aspects of our struggle.'

"I consider such a statement an insult to the Puerto Rican people, its capability, and its sense of dignity. I did not say that in my letter. What I did say was that due to our clandestine condition, we do not have the means at hand to prepare this type of 'classic' report. By means, it is implicit I am referring to economic material for reference purposes, etc. for that classic report. That the national directorate is too busy fighting and struggling to "waste time" in that at this moment. I do not like the idea of having reactionary ideas such as the ones comrade Arcadio interprets in my letter attributed to me.

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"That I have told the Cubans, once the letter has been read a second time and its real meaning seen, the following:

"1. That we do not need them to continue this struggle.

"2. That they have not been able to meet their internationalist obligations.

"3. That solidarity and true internationalism is priceless.

"4. That we labor with a sounder and less selfish spirit.

"5. That in spite of having started from scratch, we have made progress.

"6. That we are conscious of the fact that they have not met their obligations.

"7. That in spite of everything, we are giving them a sound and honest opportunity to rectify their attitude.

"8. And that the way towards this rectification is being blocked.

"I am accused of being apologetic, confusing the tactic and true sense of intention to correct errors (and not just samples giving the necessary opportunity before preparing to determine a position of another nature. I have been courteous, not apologetic. I am certain this is the interpretation they will give that letter. I am sure of this for a reason, that in spite of the fact that we have been together for a year, 'fighting' side by side, they know me better. You, it pains me to say it, are a bit suspicious of me, especially comrade Arcadio, who, while being very patient in the face of my (or our) serious injuries to his dignity, concludes by saying that 'his confidence remains intact.'

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"It is very true that the problems we confront are profound problems, complicated, and dialectical. It is also true that they are expressed with obvious simplicity. The comrade says ingenuously. That really is not my fault. My best efforts were put forth to make a simple letter, without going into other points which we prefer to obviate for the present. Is it my fault I am not a worthy possessor of more erudition? I have tried hard, and have gone through a lot of sacrifices to better myself starting from nothing, without help, without professors, without finishing my studies. This, comrades, is not my fault. If the lack of profound wording, dialectic of these complex problems creates more problems, then you have to excuse me. I continue studying daily to overcome my simplicity. I am sure that little by little with your help, I will make it.

"Comrade Arcadio maintains that the letter is false because it 'omits the real state of affairs between M and C.' He states that 'it is possible to lie openly, but to state certain truths and omit others is also a form of lying.' This, in my opinion, is a great truth. The comrade continues by saying that 'the document selects and elaborates certain concrete points. Certain substantial matters are omitted and other co-substantial or secondary matters are treated.'

"This, in my opinion, is a positive factor, because if this has been the reaction of the comrade to my letter, in spite of the fact that I have respectfully avoided treating the underlying problem knowing that: a) the comrade Arcadio has given me a vote of confidence and b) that underlying problems cannot be treated as a basis for 'votes of confidence'. What would have happened if I had gone into 'essential' problems or issues? I say this in spite of the fact that the comrade does not say which are the essential points, although we know.

"To summarize, I am accused of taking upon myself, behind the DN's back, the right to contact the C's through a letter, violating the norms of our democratic postulates, on the one hand, and on the other hand, I am accused of not having

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violated these postulates by writing a letter that was not explicit, because it was superficial, simple, etc. The simplicity of this letter is due precisely to the respect felt for our DN.

"In addition, I cannot help but point out another thing. In his letter of September 8, comrade Benny writes: 'That same night I gave the comrade the letters that had gone out that same morning to N.Y. Right away, comrade Arcadio, before having finished reading the document for the "friends", expressed himself in a way totally opposed to the content and form of this communication.' This is something on which I feel I must give my criterion. I am going to be very subjective in this, and if I am wrong, I would like comrade Arcadio to set me straight. I feel that any initiative I have had (without exception) with regard to recommendations to the DN, is immediately rejected by comrade Arcadio. On numerous occasions on which I have suggested documents, communications, letter, contacts, etc., etc, comrade Arcadio, like a conditioned reflex, expresses his opposition consequently. Overlooking the communication regarding the case of J.A.C., or the declaration about Sanchez's report, general ideas about the form of a communication, etc., etc., and the most recent about the Culebra march, always meet with the comrade's opposition.

"And now, an unjustified attitude on his part, if he had made further inquiries. I want the comrade to tell me if he sees anything negative in me, or that affects him in any way, because if it exists, I will correct it. On the contrary, if he thinks I am not qualified to collaborate with the DN of MIRA, let him be frank about it without any reservations.

"I prefer to be out of the DN and have our struggle progress, than to be in it and have unjustified friction exist.

"I have always thought, and continue to do so, that comrade Arcadio is a man of extraordinary talent, and that eventually as a result of his virtues, he will occupy a prominent place in our liberating struggle. I have always respected his ability and other revolutionary virtues, and I have placed in him great faith and respect.

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"About myself, I have never thought I am anything else but a revolutionary at heart, without any other ambition than to see this struggle prosper.

"This is why I want to clearly establish the fact that I will accept being out of the dn, if that will benefit our struggle. I will incorporate myself into any branch of work, and to the orders of the dn of m with the same earnestness I feel I am doing so at the present. If my abilities do not meet the demands of this struggle, I submit my position to whomever has more ability than I. I say this without the least bit of resentment. I simply prefer this to finding myself obligated to enter into senseless discussions."

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Document #5 - A typewritten letter which states:

"September 20, 1970

"Comrades:

"In this communique I will answer the fundamental issues of the letter I received from comrade Carlos. I do this in the spirit of comradeship which characterizes our relationships:

"I - The Policy of Procedure:

"In comrade Carlos' letter an attempt is made to explain and clarify the procedure used to send the document to the Cubans. Based on these explanations the comrade intends to justify his participation in the writing and sending of said document saying that the procedural norms were not violated. I carefully read those explanations and I consider that all they demonstrate is how really arbitrary the whole procedure was. Let us see:

"Comrade Carlos states: 'On Tuesday, August 20 I had told comrade Benjamin that a communique had to be sent to the Cubans in order to solve the problem of the transfers of the comrades to C, concerning the problem of the contact in M. and that they should be given a general idea on how our activities were developing here.'

"Further on he says: 'On August 25, B. returned with E. from the base and told me that the female comrade would depart soon (Sept. 2) to which I said that I would write up the letters in order to win time. The comrade stated he had talked with you and that you had agreed. Not only that, but that you had given a vote of confidence.'

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"First Contradiction: Comrade Carlos says that he brought up the sending of the document the 20th, that I had been contacted and that the 25th my approval and vote of confidence were received. The sent document was dated the 27th but, in spite of all this, it was not until the 28th that comrade Benjamin saw me for the first time after various weeks without meeting with each other. How could I have sent my approval and vote of confidence on the 25th?

"Second Contradiction: Comrade Carlos says that he had planned sending a document consisting of three points: 1- transfer of the comrades to C; 2- rendezvous or contact in M; 3- general report concerning our activities. He states that he acted in the belief that he had my approval and vote of confidence. I reiterate that at no time did I give my approval or vote of confidence but even if comrade Carlos thinks this is so; where does he get the approval and vote of confidence to include points four and five which he added to the document? (Point #4: 'To clarify some points of interest that might give you cause to worry.' Point #5: 'To give you our official standpoint on some points of common interest')

"Comrade Benjamin states that at no time did comrade Carlos mention his intention of including those two additional points. Comrade B points out that he became aware of them for the first time when he saw them on the document and that he was taken by surprise.

"In fact, comrade Benjamin adds that at no time did he interpret that I had given my approval or vote of confidence to include the three points that Carlos added, that he understood that I had only approved point number two, the one referring to the establishment of a contact in M. I did not even approve that, since I was not aware of the fact that any type of communication was to be sent to the Cubans and I was not consulted.

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" How can there be any doubt about this since I have repeatedly insisted that all communications sent to New York cannot contain anything that can jeopardize comrade Rosa if she were to be searched at the airport. Comrade B absolutely guaranteed that the comrade would not be carrying anything compromising since she agreed that things at the airport were going from bad to worse. Comrade B agrees that I could not have known about the communique for the Cubans upon my bringing up these points. May I remind you that in that letter, weapons were asked for and that actions against the 'gusanera' ~~gusanera~~ were mentioned and it was addressed to the Political Bureau of the Cuban Communist Party.

"Third Contradiction: I saw the document for the first time September 3 when it had already been sent. That is when I first realized that it had been decided to send one and for the first time did I see its contents. I immediately asked for an explanation from comrade B who explained that I had not been consulted due to the fact that the comrade could not delay her departure from P.R. In other words, that all that had happened was due to a lack of time and that is why I had not been consulted.

"Nevertheless, comrade Carlos affirms in his letter that I did have knowledge of the document, that I had knowledge of the points later included and that I even gave a vote of confidence so that he could write it up. As if this were not enough, comrade Carlos now says that he wrote up the document knowing that I would not get to read it.

"In short: At no time was I consulted regarding a decision of sending the document to the Cubans. Therefore, I could not have approved or given it a vote of confidence. Carlos' letter clearly demonstrates this when he points out the dates when the matter was brought up, 'approved and voted upon' by me since up until then I had not seen comrade Benjamin. Comrade Carlos' explanation that he acted in the belief that I had approved and given my vote of confidence does not free him from responsibility since it does not justify the additional points added to the document.

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"Conclusion: The procedure utilized in deciding to send a document to the Cubans was arbitrary. The form used to write it up and to decide its content was also arbitrary. Our procedural norms demand that official documents of the ND of MIRA be discussed and approved by the totality of the members of the ND before they are sent. In the case of documents affecting international relationships it had been agreed upon that this would be the way. Therefore, the sent document cannot be considered an official document of the ND of MIRA.

"II - About the General Character of the Document

"In my criticism on the document I stated that the same falsified--through neglect-- the actual reality of the relations between MIRA and the Cuban Communist Party. I pointed out that, to say some truths and to silence others was a form of lying and that the document precisely omitted certain substantial points and affirmed the co-substantial and secondary.

"Comrade Carlos argues this point as if I had criticized everything in the document as secondary and that nothing in it was substantial. That is not the criticism I made and that I reiterate.

"If it is affirmed that something is co-substantial what is being said is that it is not secondary and that it is substantial but that it also depends on another substantial thing. In other words, there are two things--in this case truths--that go hand-in-hand in an intimate relationship. I criticized that in the document some things were not expressed in their true dimension, that is to say that, part of the relationship between two truths was stated without mention of the other part.

"But, in comrade Carlos' answer there are a series of contradictions that deserve to be mentioned and commented upon. The comrade states that the document read:

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'1. That they have not carried out their internationalist duties or obligations.

'2. That we do not need them for the continuance of our struggle.

'3. That solidarity and true internationalism have no political price or any other kind.

'4. That we are aware of the fact that they have not done their duty.

'5. That we work with a cleaner spirit, less egotistical.

'6. That in spite of all we give them one more chance, honest and pure, to rectify their attitude.

'7. That the time for this rectification is drawing to a close.

'8. That in spite of having started from scratch, we are progressing.'

"Nevertheless, the comrade says that the document 'does not go into the substantial, only the secondary.' This is a clear contradiction since the alternatives are limited:

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"1- The document did include the eight points stated by the comrade and, therefore, did state the substantial.

"2- The document did not include the eight points stated by the comrade and, therefore, did not state the substantial. What is really impossible is that the document should have included the eight points and still not state the substantial. I carefully read and analyzed the document and I can affirm that those points were not brought up. Comrade Benjamin, who also read the document, did not see them either.

"In referring to my criticism that the document falsified a state of relationships by lying through neglect, comrade Carlos states that in that way all human beings lie daily. This is true, but it still demands a comment.

"The dehumanization of man under capitalism has converted human relations into relations between interests. Due to this, lying through neglect has become a generalized conventionalism or a commodity utilized by the men this society forms. At a superstructural level of morality and ethics, it is the dynamic reflex of some determined necessities by the realities and relationships of production. We have then, that the bourgeois morality is not applicable to the revolutionary and its values cannot be utilized to justify or rationalize our actions.

"A revolutionary vanguard constitutes an infrastructure of power with its own moral code which stands in dialectic antithesis before the bourgeoisie eventually taking its place. Therefore, our actions cannot be measured by what is practiced or acceptable in the society we are struggling to destroy.

"The new man is not formed after the rise to power, but in the infrastructure of power, in the struggle itself. Therefore, the revolution from its beginning has an obligation to the truth since truth itself is revolutionary. This obligation cannot be sacrificed even though the immediate interests may be opposed to it. To silence fundamental truths in order to obtain political advantages, solidarity, help or whatever, is to be an opportunist.

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"Furthermore, to speak with double meaning, to say without saying, but still saying, to write one thing so that another is understood, is not at the height of our convictions nor our courage to express them. Aesop's language--damned by Lenin--is not a valid resource to express revolutionary positions. Our points of view must be expressed in consequential forms, clear and direct, as we believe them to be.

"Regarding what I pointed out, that the document's general tone was apologetic from top to bottom, it's enough to say that comrade Benjamin has the same opinion. Furthermore, Benny points out that as soon as he read the document he pointed this out to comrade Carlos. Benny told me that comrade Carlos answered him saying, 'I know how the Cubans operate' and that was why he had written the document in such a manner since they would understand what he had meant to say. Needless to say, I absolutely reject the criteria that our official documents be written based on such subjective variables as, 'I know how the Cubans operate'. This is specially so since the language used is so Aesopic that neither comrade Benjamin nor I could see the things that 'are said and that they will see,' as comrade Carlos affirms.

"III - The Concrete Points:

"In my criticism of the document I commented on two concrete points in the context. These were the ones referring to the vicious detractions and the MINREX. Based on the comments comrade Carlos makes about these two in his letter, I will again comment on them.

"Comrade Benjamin tells me that when he was typing up the document he had his doubts as to whether he should have included the paragraph where our capacities are underestimated and the MINREX is overestimated, but that he decided not to change anything that might have been fundamental to the document. In other words, comrade B interpreted that paragraph in the same way I did.

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"Comrade Benjamin tells me that he mentioned this to comrade Carlos that he told him he would regret later on not changing that paragraph but comrade Carlos told him that was his right and reminded him how we had all changed opinion in relation to the last MIRA communique.

"Nevertheless, comrade Carlos tells me in his letter concerning that point: 'I did not express that in my communication. I asked Benny about that point and he said that he never interpreted it that way, nor is it expressed in the document directly or disguised.'

"Comrade Carlos asks me: 'Why did you reach that conclusion?' The answer is simple: for the same reason comrade B reached it, because it was there in the document. To clear away any doubts, I will quote the paragraph expressing my criticism and later the paragraph in question.

"My criticism: 'I cannot omit, without comment, the part that says that the members of the MINREX are much better equipped than we, the Puerto Ricans, to analyze the political, social and economic aspects of the struggle of our people.'

"The Document Read: 'This perhaps is not the type of classic report on the development of a struggle. That is to say, one that will analyze the political, social and economic aspects, etc. That type of report would have required many efforts, technical data, etc. and at this precise moment we cannot tackle such a project. At any rate, you already have knowledge of those things and you have the MINREX who is in a better position of rendering a report of that nature than we are.'

"In this letter comrade Carlos explains what he meant to say by that. It is my duty to remind the comrade that when it comes to an 'official' document from the ND what was meant to say does not matter but what was actually said is what counts.

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"The second concrete point I criticized was expressed by me in the following manner:

'I consider absolutely unnecessary that the problem of the "vicious detractions" perpetrated by other patriotic organizations against MIRA should have been included in the document. This takes, in an official form, the internal problems of the Puerto Rican struggle beyond our national boundaries and can negatively affect the solution of those differences that are hindering the revolutionary unity.'

"Comrade Carlos rejects the criticism with two arguments: First he points out that he did not say the organizations but instead some organizations. Secondly he states that we have not been the ones to take this problem outside of Puerto Rico since the MPIPR had already done that.

As to whether the comrade used the words the organizations or some organizations, may I remind him that I did not place the word the in quotation marks since I was not quoting. In spite of all, this does not change anything since what the comrade said is far more stronger than what his explanation clarifies. I will now quote directly from the document sent to the Cubans:

"First it says: 'But there exist certain reasons that might give you cause to worry since leaders of sister organizations have become, for unknown reasons, our detractors. For example, it has been said that our organization is "run by the CIA" and things of that nature that only confuse those that see in MIRA a ray of hope for the nation.'

"Later on it points out: 'What the enemy has done with captured documents is to give the impression that we have been infiltrated and everyone they interrogate is told the same thing. We can expect this from the enemy because that is what they are for but...from our friends?'

"As if this were not enough: 'the reactionary press does not publish our releases completely, only disfigured fragments of them and the separatist press--well, they do not even publish fragments.'

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"And again: 'this seed has begun growing and nothing can stop it; neither our enemies with their fierce repression against MIRA, nor our friends with their vicious detractions.'

"Secondly, the comrade believes that we have not been the ones to take this problem beyond our boundaries since the MPI had already taken care of that. This argument falls through completely: subjectively it assumes that the MPI had already informed this, although there is no proof of it, and then goes right ahead and informs it himself. That is called judging subjectively to later commit the same sin that we would criticize had they been the ones at fault. What comrade Carlos did was tell the Cubans officially in case they had heard the rumor. With this we lose moral strength to later condemn others if we find out they have said it.

"Our problems with other Puerto Rican organizations are just that: Our problems. We will solve them here in Puerto Rico in the revolutionary way we best see fit, between the organizations involved. The Cubans have nothing to say in this matters and we do not have to let them in on them. In any case, should they stick their nose in, they would probably make things worse.

"As I pointed out in my criticism of the document, these things are all disputable. Comrades Carlos or Benjamin have a right to differ from my views. I too have the right to hold different points of view. Fine, what no one has the right to do is to give his opinions or interpretations in the name of the National Directorate of the organization as the official policy of MIRA.

"Because of all the reasons exposed by my in my original criticism of the document and amplified here, I still consider that the only just thing to do is:

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"1- To be consistent with the principles of criticism and auto-criticism recognizing in a revolutionary manner the faults committed.

"2- To reaffirm the agreement reached by the ND that all official documents of the ND of MIRA must be discussed and approved by the totality of the members as a necessary prerequisite to give legitimacy to any document.

"3- The next time a contact is established with the Cubans they will be told that the document sent to them was not officially from the ND of MIRA. Point out to them our official policy relating to some issues the document touched upon and others it did not mention.

"I do not want to close without making it clear that I am aware of the fact that mistakes will always follow us but with a profound sense of auto-criticism we may be able to learn from these mistakes and turn them into instruments that will enhance us.

"Once again I firmly reiterate that my confidence has not been affected and that comradeship remains as always.

"Long Live Free Puerto Rico,

"Liberation or Death

"Arcadio"

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Document #6 - A letter containing both typewriting and handwriting, which states:

"September 25, 1970

"Comrades:

"With this letter I intend to clarify the controversy brought about by the sending of the document to the Cubans. Comrade A has stated his position regarding the matter and comrade C his. Neither one will budge from his position. Comrade C feels most offended because of the supposed personal accusations against him. I believe the matter is not as serious as C seems to think.

"Before anything else, I would like to give my version of the procedures utilized to send said document:

"1. Comrade R arrived Thursday, August 20 with various reports from Carmelo's area. She informs me that she will depart September 3rd. We agree to meet again Tuesday the 25th to give her a message and for her to give me a report on what happened to G's wife.

"2. That same night I go to see comrade C to have him read the report. After many hours of waiting for comrade Rolando I decide to go up to the apartment. That night we read the message in almost total darkness and afterwards we commented on the situation in New York. Later, while waiting for Rolo, I fall asleep which did not give us an opportunity to talk over what should be done next.

"3. Between Friday 21 and Saturday 22 or Sunday, I again meet with comrade C at which time he expressed his position regarding the New York problem. He thought a letter should be sent to the C's to see if they wished to re-establish the lost contact; also write a letter to the comrades in C.

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"4. During those days I wrote a letter to comrade A. informing him of Rosa's arrival and if at all possible, that he should begin writing up the letters for New York; one for the Young Lords which C had recommended and one for the Cubans soliciting the re-establishment of the contact. Comrade A answers in another letter that he had never promised to write up so many letters and anyway, why so many letters?

"5. Comrade C read this letter and we agreed that he (C) would begin writing said letters. That same day (Monday) I sent word to Comrade A that he could go to Angel's house which he did not do until Thursday night (27th)

"6. I return with E from the base accompanied by comrade Marcos. According to comrade C that night I told him that A had given his vote of confidence and that he could write the letters up. May I remind C that that night I rushed in and out, (1) because M was waiting for me in the car and it was raining (2) because C plopped down on the floor to read the letter I gave him in which the New York situation was analyzed and (3) because the only words uttered there were in reference to the fact that E had made the telephone calls.

"7. I returned to Rolo's house the next day. C informs me about his conversation with E. C presents me for the first time with his project of writing up the letter. Concerning this I gave him my opinion on some issues which I will talk about later in this letter. By the time point #7 was written it was the 26th and still no contact had been made with A. Carlos agreed to re-do some issues which were cloudy and to relocate some paragraphs.

"8. On Friday morning I met with A at Angel's house. Already it was the 28th. On the 27th I did not meet with comrade Carlos which was the day he was to finish writing the documents that were to be sent.

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"I believe everything is clear up to this point and I will now touch upon some points related with what I have said up until now:

"1) On the 26th when C showed me the document for the first time, I gave him my opinion:

a) that the weapons mentioned in the document were not of such number. He answered that he knew that but that 'I can make a mistake.'

b) that I did not like the apologetic tone in which our organization was mentioned since we are much better than all of the others as far as quality is concerned. He asked me if this was not true. I answered yes, but that this was one thing and another was to mention it in the document. Finally, it remained as such.

c) that I did not believe the reference made to the Cuban organizations in exile should be included the way it was worded. Concerning this, I explained that the purpose was to criticize their past attitudes toward us and the struggle. I accepted his explanation. He said he would work on it some more.

d) regarding the rest, everything was O.K. with me.

"2) On August 28, I saw Arcadio and told him the following:

a) everything related with E and his calls

b) that a letter for Carmelo was being written, another for the Young Lords, one for the comrades in C and one for the C's in which we asked if they wished to re-establish contact. I say 'were being written' because they were not finished. The comrade agreed with all this but said that

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anything going out must be camouflaged so as not to jeopardize Rosa if she were stopped at the airport. Nothing else was said at this moment to A perhaps because I forgot or believing that he would be able to read the finished product. A's 'O.K.' I interpreted as a vote of confidence for writing up the letters. On his part, A understood that the C project would be done through Ana. At that moment I did not interpret it as such and when C asked me about the approval and vote of confidence I said, 'Yes, everything is all right'.

"In short: I am sure I told A that a document was being sent to the C's. I think I did not express myself very well and did not explain in detail what was going on.

"The 29th I see C and he gives me the finished products to be typed up. From here on in comrade A does not receive the documents because we were waiting to type them up so that he could see them, of course, we were counting on A's support. I began typing the documents and managed to type the last one precisely the day Rosa was leaving. Throughout all this I do not believe it was the comrade's intention to 'give his personal opinions and interpretations in the name of the ND of the organization as the official policy of MIRA.'

"Comrade A says that 'the premises expounded' by him 'have been arbitrarily violated'...and 'censures the comrades of the ND that, to a lesser or greater degree, have been responsible', and points this out as 'a lack of respect towards me as an integral member of the ND'. I believe this whole issue has not been 'arbitrary' or meant to be 'arbitrary' by comrades Carlos and B. In any case (...illegible...) At no time has there been a lack of respect towards him as a member of the ND.

"Comrade Carlos is deeply offended since he interprets the criticism as directed at him. My participation in the writing and approving of the document is the same or greater than comrade Carlos' since I was responsible of showing the same to A before it was sent.

~~SECRET~~

~~SECRET~~

MIRA

"Regarding the Document:

"1. I share A's opinion regarding the MINREX issue. I had already expressed this to Carlos. After thinking about the issue I coincided with A and I let him know it. What comrade C wanted to express in this issue is not really implicit and therefore he should explain what he meant by that.

"2. Regarding the issue of the 'vicious detractions', I believe A has given too much importance to it when he states that 'it can hinder the solution to our problems and differences which are keeping us from revolutionary unity.' I do not believe this will have any negative influence, in the near or far future, on what we term 'revolutionary unity'. C's position may be subjective but we cannot deny that it is the closest to the truth given past experience in this respect.

"Regarding comrade A's comment as to the 'deficiency of the document' we must make this very clear. Whether the document is deficient or not does not imply that C and B are morons. The document is deficient because it lacks profound analysis. This we could not do in the time allotted. The document is simply a letter that never pretended to indulge in profound issues that only correspond to the ND as a whole. I believe the document to be written in 'simple' form but we cannot classify it as 'stupid'.

"I believe that no matter how many flaws the document may have, this does not change the existing relations between the Cuban Communist Party and MIRA. We really did not compromise ourselves with the C.P. but we did express an obligation, in principle, towards the Cuban people.

"Regarding the clarification with the Cubans should another contact be established, our positions can be plainly expressed since the issues of discrepancies are not questions of analysis, definite and static. The Cuban issue has always been left hanging in the air and this now will not add or subtract from it.

~~SECRET~~

~~SECRET~~

MIRA

"I hope the comrades of the ND will be able to see things without passion and I trust that our organization will be able to pull out of worse situations triumphantly and stronger than before.

"Without anything further to say on this matter,

"Mitia"

~~SECRET~~

~~SECRET~~

MIRA

Document #7 - A typewritten letter which states:

"September 29, 1970

"Comrades:

"I will now answer the second letter I received from comrade Benjamin.

"#1- I have just met with comrade Marcos and he informs that he still has not been able to solve the problem of the ammunition and the chlorate but he will keep on trying. I told him about the trip to Base I and he will probably be able to take B tonight. He told me he would give me assurances before seven P.M. tonight so I will add a post-script to this letter telling B. In case Marcos cannot make it today, the trip should not be called off under any circumstances. You all know how long ago we should have gone there and how important that contact is.

"#2- Maria will establish contact with Sandra tomorrow since I am scheduled to be in that area sometime this week. While I am there I will try to get the rest of the manufacturing equipment so it will be ready by Thursday. That day I will also have Omar's three fuses.

"#3- I have received word from Ali in which he tells me he has finished the preliminary study of the objective assigned to him. We have agreed that as soon as he finished that stage of the investigation I would go with him to make it more thorough and see what possibilities of action against that base there are. This is due to the importance of the objective and to the fact that Ali does not wish to meet anyone else in the organization. The problem posed by this situation is that he has to be the guide for the study since we must do it through the mountains surrounding the base. That is why we cannot send another comrade to verify the study but rather we must go with him.

~~SECRET~~

~~SECRET~~

MIRA

I can arrange for lodging in Ponce for a couple of days or for the duration of this activity. I hope comrade Benjamin has explained to Carlos the specific action I am talking about since I gave him a detailed explanation after my last meeting with Ali. If for some reason comrade B did not do it, I can put it in writing along with the maps.

"#4- I believe comrade Carlos should be the one to go to Roque's house based on the fact that he has been the one that has worked more closely with that comrade. I would have to start from scratch with him since I hardly know him. It is most logical that comrade Carlos should continue that job even though we had considered that I should be the one to do it.

"#5- Here are the \$10.00 for Carlos' books. I also send cigars and the rest of my vitamin C supply.

"#6- Well, that is all for now. This week I leave for Sandra's place and later on I will be in Ponce. What is stopping me from going to the place near the park? I remind you that financially we are down to zero and that sure money comes via that route.

"As always my revolutionary wishes.

"Long Live Free Puerto Rico!

"Liberation or Death!

"Arcadio"

~~SECRET~~

~~SECRET~~

MIRA

Document # 8 - A typewritten letter which states:

"September 29, 1970

"Comrade Mitia:

"Revolutionary Wishes.

"I need to see you tomorrow at 2:00 P.M. in the old apartment to finish our cleaning labors...If there is some inconvenience to you please send word with comrade Marcos. Please forgive the many bothers but I must be out of the apartment before the 31st of the month.

"Until final victory.

"Long Live Free Puerto Rico

"Liberation or Death

"Maria"

~~SECRET~~

~~SECRET~~

MIRA

Document #9 - A typewritten letter which states:

"September 29, 1970

"Comrades:

"I have just received comrade Benjamin's letter in which he explains with utmost clarity how the process of decision and writing of the document sent to the Cubans came about. I will not dwell on some minor points which I may still have reserves about. Based on the fundamental expounded by the comrade I would like to point out the following:

"1- This whole situation was brought on as a direct consequence of not having followed the established norms approved by the ND regarding communications affecting international relations of MIRA. From this experience we can learn that revolutionary procedures are not mere formalisms that we can disregard whenever we feel like it; they cannot be violated.

"2- The problem we have faced has been heightened by two facts that have contributed much to turning our attention away from the core of the matter: My indignation at the fact I was presented with and comrade Carlos' interpretation of my criticism as personal accusations. Regarding the first one, I consider that my reaction was justified under the circumstances; regarding the second, I only repeat what I expressed to comrade B so that he could in turn communicate it to comrade C: that at no time have I made personal accusations to comrade Carlos and it is a mistake on his part to interpret it as such. I may add that when I have an accusation to make, I will make it directly as I have done in the past.

"3- I have not the slightest interest in perpetuating this discussion except a guarantee that situations such as this one will not be repeated in the future.

~~SECRET~~

~~SECRET~~

MIRA

"4- I retract my demand that the comrades autocriticize themselves since comrade Carlos sees no reason to do so. Nevertheless, I whole-heartedly thank comrade Benjamin for the revolutionary way in which he criticized himself.

"5- I retract my demand that explanations be given to the Cubans regarding the document as being non-official. Later on we shall clearly state our official policy.

"6- I reiterate my confidence in you and want to make clear that it has not been affected by this situation.

"I believe this wraps the matter up and we can now dedicate our revolutionary energies to more fruitful activities. As always my revolutionary best wishes.

"Long Live Free Puerto Rico!

"Liberation or Death!

"Arcadio

"P.S. Marcos is going."

~~SECRET~~

~~SECRET~~

MIRA

Document #10 - A typewritten letter which states:

"September 30, 1970

"Comrade Benjamin:

"As always my revolutionary wishes. I hope that last night's trip was without event and that the information you gathered is of a positive nature.

"Last night I destroyed both letters you had sent me and that I answered but before I burned them I read them again. I saw a point which I had not noticed before: in which you inform me that comrade Carlos is preparing to depart for Q....

"In my last letters that I sent with Marcos I told you that Carlos should substitute me in the trip to Roque's house. I said this without knowing that he was planning a trip to the other side. I thought he would spend some time at Rolando's without going anywhere. Obviously after noticing this important point I retract my proposition. I think Carlos would have more problems going there than I since I could go straight from Sandra's (which is near there). In any case let comrade Carlos be the one to decide since he knows better than I how much time he has left.

"On my part, I foresee no problem in going to Roque's house only that comrade Carlos would have to send me some information about that comrade, that area, etc. Nothing extensive, just general ideas about his experiences with that comrade and the agreements already made with his brother-in-law: Frankly, I have completely forgotten those details. I hope arrangements have already been made with Marcos to go to Roque's so that we may tell him. If not, let me know to arrange a meeting.

"Well, that is all for now. Add this letter to the two I sent you yesterday so that comrade Carlos also gets a look at them. As always

"Long Live Free Puerto Rico
"Liberation or Death

"Arcadio"

~~SECRET~~

Document #11 - A handwritten, undated letter which states:

b7c

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
FOIPA
DELETED PAGE INFORMATION SHEET

2

Page(s) withheld entirely at this location in the file. One or more of the following statements, where indicated, explain this deletion.

☒ Deletions were made pursuant to the exemptions indicated below with no segregable material available for release to you.

Section 552

Section 552a

☐ (b)(1)

☐ (b)(7)(A)

☐ (d)(5)

☐ (b)(2)

☐ (b)(7)(B)

☐ (j)(2)

☐ (b)(3)

☒ (b)(7)(C)

☐ (k)(1)

☒ (b)(7)(D)

☐ (k)(2)

☐ (b)(7)(E)

☐ (k)(3)

☐ (b)(7)(F)

☐ (k)(4)

☐ (b)(4)

☐ (b)(8)

☐ (k)(5)

☐ (b)(5)

☐ (b)(9)

☐ (k)(6)

☐ (b)(6)

☐ (k)(7)

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SJ 105-12315-496 pg. 67-68

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X Deleted Page(s) X
X No Duplication Fee X
X for this page X
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"Going deeper into our conversation, which interests me greatly (because of its political implications), we consider that the Capitalist businesses and the Government, behind the scenes, give each other moral support, and the decision of the Government to intervene, supposedly in order to help the workers, is merely a demagogical tactic to slow down and stop the development of the Puerto Rican working class consciousness.

"Some of the problems which you were discussing were directly caused by the 'slow development of a proletarian conscience in the Puerto Rican laborer,' and here I agreed with you. We also discussed the great division which exists in the heart of the working classes and we concluded, very briefly, that the North American Unions in Puerto Rico are the cause of this division, and went into no further details.

"I have been thinking about the series of conversations we had during my stay there, during which you were telling me about the type of problems which the Puerto Rican labor movement is going through. All this came up when you were doing organizational work to develop the support of the labor force for the striking General Electric workers.

"First of all, I would like to give you a warm revolutionary greeting. Then I will get into the details and purpose of this letter.

"Copy of a letter sent to Faye

Document #12 - A letter, the handwriting of which resembles that of "Ruben" as contained in documents seized by OI, POFR on February 24, 1970. It states:

A characterization of Juan Antonio
Castillo Ayala is contained in Section
I of the attached appendix.

MIRA

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"The need for an organization which would be able to cope with all this scheming was clearly seen--to channelize labor activities into a global support for striking workers. This would have to be done from a political standpoint and then do the impossible, elevate it from the political-economic standpoint--and this is what brings it to the solidarity movement. But this was doomed to failure. Naturally, experience was gained, and as you stated, it has been proven that when the workers unite to act, panic strikes the enemy lines, and the development of class consciousness is hampered."

"What called my attention was the fact that concerning the problem of GE, the syndicate leaders were in a state of frustration--impatient against the scheming between the yellow unions who act as subsidiaries to the capitalist businesses, all businesses in general, and the colonial government."

"As Marx stated, the militant working class links closely economic movement and political activities, and that against the collectivity of classes in the proletariat can only act as a class, as a political party, opposite to all the order parties created by the dominating class."

"Actually, I would like to know how you feel about the creation of a Puerto Rican Workers Party or Puerto Rican Laborers Party as a possible solution to the problems which you are confronting, now at the time when you want to create a unity between the Puerto Rican laborers and the striking workers at GE, and all other strikes in the future."

"That is what this letter is about, since you have ample knowledge of the workers movement in Puerto Rico. I would like to consult some things with you, and also ask some favors."

"The truth of the matter is that all this has made me sit and think about the political aspects of this situation and I am precisely in the middle of this study."

MIRA

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MIRA

"For this reason, I ask your opinion, and also because I believe in the creation of the Puerto Rican Workers Party as a necessary factor in the development in the armed struggle. I have not been able to even organize my thinking in this respect, but I will give you a general idea:

"1. We will only be able to gain a victory if we get the support and the participation of the working classes.

"2. The development of the armed struggle has to consolidate the basis of its action in order to have specific functions to prepare the armed struggle.

"3. An ideological basis will be developed in order to have something to fall back on during the process of reconstruction.

"4. An ideological basis will be developed in order to instill the basic structural changes.

"These are all things which we all know about and believe in, but how do you manage this when you do not have the ideological basis and the political basis necessary?

"Well as you can see, these are my questions and my suggestions. I hope you do not misunderstand and think that the armed struggle is no longer first in my mind. No! Definitely no! It is essential to develop the necessary techniques to mobilize our workers and gain their support in the armed struggle. We must use propaganda: our armed action must be more persevering, more daring, and more effective.

"I see the possibility that you, along with the other syndicate heads (radicals whom are trustworthy), can organize a Puerto Rican Workers Party for MIRA. People such as Tutu and some others that you have mentioned would be perfect for such a job.

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MIRA

"I ask that you think about these things with the depth that they merit, and I expect an answer as soon as you can answer me objectively. Up to now, I had not mentioned this to anybody, because I am still in the process of investigation, before I make any definite proposals.

"Please send me information concerning your movement of the labor forces in Puerto Rico, if at all possible, and ideological and theoretical information concerning the unions, both American and insular.

"That is all for now, and I hope to hear from you soon."

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MIRA

Document #13 - A document, the handwriting of which resembles that of "Hugo" as contained in documents seized by POPR on February 24, 1970. It states:

"Mr. Griffis - works for the FBI

- "A - American, white
- "B - Tall, approximately 6'
- "C - Blond hair, crew cut
- "D - Blue eyes
- "E - 47-48 years old
- "F - Aquiline nose
- "G - Slim, athletic build
- "H - Wore an electric-blue suit

"When Sandra asked him where he worked, he answered with the Federal Government, without giving any more details. He stated that he loved Puerto Rico, that he would like to stay here after he retired, and that we have a 'wonderful climate.' He drinks a lot--whiskey on the rocks. He smokes Winstons. He likes to play golf. He likes the movies.

"He has travelled extensively through Latin America. He spoke of Bolivia and his stay there, although he was very careful about stating why he went. He spoke of the different ethnic groups in Bolivia; of the percentage of white, Indian, and Mestizo population; how the climate changes from one region to another (which means he has travelled throughout Bolivia); that if they had a port economy would flourish; that there is poor mining resources--silver is scarce, and the iron is of poor quality; and that their best mineral was tin. He stated that the Bolivian army was very disciplined. He also spoke well of the Bolivian police force. He minimized the importance of 'minority groups.'

"He advised that Argentina was the Latin American country that most impressed him; that it was a pleasure to associate with the Argentines, because they were very cultured, educated, and polite, in the European fashion. He spoke highly of the President of Argentina, stating that he was a 'great man,' with excellent preparation, and a lot of know-how.

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MIRA

"He mentioned, without giving any details, that he had been in Chile, Uruguay, Peru, and Mexico. He says that Latin America finally has stable governments of excellent composition(?).

"Mr. Alamo

- "A - Puerto Rican
- "B - Black hair-greying
- "C - Light brown eyes
- "D - 40-42 years of age
- "E - Thin latin-type mustache, very well kept
- "F - Approximately 5'9"
- "G - Strong athletic build
- "H - Wore a light grey suit

"Mr. Ramirez

- "A - Puerto Rican
- "B - Darker than Alamo, but not Negro
- "C - Shorter than Alamo
- "D - Slim, skinny
- "E - Black hair
- "F - Dark eyes
- "G - Wore glasses
- "H - The prototype of the bureaucrat

"Sandra advised that they did not say anything original all night. They only sat and listened and agreed with everything Griffis said. They spent the rest of their time talking to Mrs. Griffis. She said that both of them are the prototype of the 'Apple Polisher', and acted very inferior and servile to the 'gringo.'

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MIRA

"Cars parked in front of the house

"A - A white Toyota

"B - A Chevrolet (about three or four years old)

"C - A Mercury Comet (new) blue

"Griffis' wife

"A - She looks older than he

"B - Tall and very slim

"C - Hair dyed almost white ('ash blond')

"D - Blue eyes

"E - Dry skin (like an iguana)

"In spite of this, Sandra advised that she is an attractive woman.

"Ramirez' wife

"A - Blond

"B - Almost as tall as Ramirez, but looks taller

"C - Nice figure, well developed

"D - Skinny legs

"E - Brown eyes

"F - Flattened nose

"G - Buck teeth

"Sandra advised that in spite of this, she is not ugly.

"Alamo's wife

"A - Light Negress

"B - Good figure

"C - Nice legs

"D - Young

"E - Average Height

"F - Wore a brown wig (auburn-copper)

"G - Well made-up

"Sandra stated that she was a very elegant woman."

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MIRA

Document #14 - A scrap of cardboard containing two handwritten lists. On the first list items 2, 3, 6, 9, 10, 13, 14, 15, 16, and 17 have been crossed out. On the second list items 1, 2, and 3 have check marks placed beside them.

- "1. Machine Gun (crossed out: 'and needles')
2. Batteries
3. Binoculars Nylon
4. Four hammocks Helmet
5. Four nylons
6. Two lanterns
7. Monitors
8. Make-up
9. Scale
10. Bottles for pills
11. Pecos Bill
12. Wig
13. Green ink
14. Medicines
15. Civilian clothes
16. Radios
17. Threads for (illegible) and sewing
18. Helmet

- "1. Machine Gun
2. Binoculars
3. Monitor
4. Make-up and Wig
5. Pecos Bill"

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MIRA

On October 17, 1970, [REDACTED] OI, POPR, San Juan, Puerto Rico, advised Special Agent Robert J. Heibel that a Habeas Corpus hearing regarding Filiberto Ojeda Rios was held in the Superior Court of Bayamon, Puerto Rico on October 16 and 17, 1970 before Judge Edwin Melendez Grillasca.

As a result of this hearing, Melendez Grillasca reduced Ojeda Rios' bond from \$100,000 to \$12,000. This bond was posted by Wilibaldo Ojeda Rios, the brother of Filiberto and consisted of \$4,000 in cash and \$8,000 property guarantee. Filiberto Ojeda Rios was released from custody at 4:30 p.m. of October 17, 1970. A preliminary hearing in this case was scheduled for October 27, 1970. b7c

On October 22, 1970, [REDACTED] advised a Special Agent of the FBI that the current whereabouts of Filiberto Ojeda were unknown.

On October 27, 1970, [REDACTED] advised Special Agent Robert J. Heibel that Filiberto Ojeda Rios had failed to appear at 9:00 a.m., that date, for a show cause hearing in connection with charges against him for violation of the Explosives Law of Puerto Rico. Sanchez added the bond on the subject was ordered by the presiding judge to be raised to \$100,000.

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A P P E N D I X

SECTION I

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MIRA

JUAN ANTONIO CASTILLO AYALA

Castillo Ayala is also known as Papo and was born [REDACTED] at Aguadilla, Puerto Rico. He is the son of Jose Miguel Castillo Vega, also known as Tato, and a nephew of Miguel Angel Castillo Vega, also known as Pipo.

[REDACTED]
OI, POPR
March 5, 1970

On November 20, 1964, Castillo Ayala was elected president of the Federacion Estudiantil Pro Independencia (Federation of Students for Independence) (FEPI) in Aguada, Puerto Rico.

Records of OI, POPR to
SA Merwin E. Mellor,
October 10, 1965

A characterization of the
FEPI is contained in Section II
of the attached appendix.

Castillo Ayala, his father and his uncle, Miguel, were involved in a plot to place incendiary devices in trucks of the Puerto Rico National Guard in Aguadilla, Puerto Rico, on September 23, 1963. This action did not take place because the devices failed to function.

[REDACTED]
OI, POPR to SA John D. Devine,
September 25, 1965

Castillo Ayala was the president of the Federacion Nacional de Estudiantes Puertorriquenos (National Federation of Puerto Rican Students) (FNEP) in Bayamon, Puerto Rico.

SJ T-4, April 17, 1968

The FNEP is the youth
organization of the NPPR.

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b7c

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MIRA

"Felipe" was the code name of Juan Antonio Castillo Ayala within the Bayamon cell of MIRA.

Rafael Nieves Negron
OI, POPR
February 26, 1970

SATURNINO LABOY MEDINA

Saturnino Laboy is also known as Don Tuno and was born on [REDACTED] at Yabucoa, Puerto Rico.

[REDACTED]
supra, March 5, 1970

Saturnino Laboy was the director of the Supreme Council of the Cruzada Patriotica Cristiana (Patriotic Christian Crusade) (CPC).

"El Imparcial",
April 9, 1960

b7c

A characterization of the CPC is contained in Section II of the attached appendix.

"El Imparcial" is a daily Spanish language newspaper in San Juan, Puerto Rico.

On September 8, 1963, Laboy took part in a discussion concerning the use of incendiary devices to sabotage sugar cane fields. In January, 1964, he visited Caguas, Puerto Rico, to obtain sabotage materials, however, they were unavailable. He, thereafter, assisted in the preparation of incendiary devices, which he suggested be sent through the mail. In February, 1964, Laboy was instructing a group of people in the sabotage of police cars.

Records of the OI, POPR to
SA Thomas P. Garvey, June 30, 1964

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MIRA

On June 10, 1965, Laboy and two other individuals charged with violation of the Explosives Law of Puerto Rico in connection with bombs which exploded at the Ponce Mining Company in Utuado, Puerto Rico, on April 16, 1965, were set free for lack of evidence. Representing the three defendants was Juan Mari Bras.

"San Juan Star", June 11, 1965

The "San Juan Star" is a daily English language newspaper of San Juan, Puerto Rico.

Juan Mari Bras is the Secretary General of the MPIPR.

On [REDACTED] it was noted that [REDACTED]

SJ T-5, July 26, 1967

On [REDACTED] it was stated that Puerto Rican independentists in New York City were [REDACTED]

b7C
b7D

SJ T-6, February 12, 1968

FILIBERTO OJEDA RIOS

Filiberto Ojeda Rios was born [REDACTED] at Naguabo, Puerto Rico.

[REDACTED] supra,
March 5, 1970

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MIRA

The name Filiberto Ojeda, [REDACTED]
[REDACTED] appeared on a mailing list of [REDACTED]

SJ T-7, May 16, 1961

[REDACTED] is a
revolutionary organization founded
and led by [REDACTED]
[REDACTED]

On December 18, 1961, Filiberto Ojeda Rios, his wife
[REDACTED] and their three children sailed from Veracruz, Mexico,
aboard the Cuban vessel "Bahia de Tenamo" en route to Havana,
Cuba.

SJ T-8, December 20, 1961

In a letter dated [REDACTED] signed [REDACTED]
[REDACTED] and directed to [REDACTED] stated, "Comrade Filiberto
Ojeda is working [REDACTED] and planning to
return to Puerto Rico and to work [REDACTED] Subsequently,
[REDACTED] and in case
it should be decided that he is to go back to Puerto Rico, [REDACTED]
[REDACTED] Furthermore, he can
be quite helpful [REDACTED]
[REDACTED] There is no doubt that Filiberto would be a
very valuable man [REDACTED]

b7C
b7D

In a letter dated [REDACTED]
[REDACTED] advised Juan Mari Bras that
[REDACTED]

[REDACTED] Filiberto Ojeda
Rios, advised that he was resigning his position as Deputy-
Delegate of the MPIPR in Havana, Cuba. Ojeda indicated that he
was doing this as a protest of the dismissal of Rabell Martinez
as a leader of the MPIPR Mission in Cuba by Mari Bras. Ojeda

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MIRA

stated he disagreed with the MPIPR decision to remain home during the Plebiscite in Puerto Rico, and stated he backed a speech by Rabell Martinez over radio Havana in which he urged the people of Puerto Rico to take to the streets to combat the Plebiscite farce on July 23, 1968.

SJ T-9, September 18, 1968

A characterization of the Plebiscite appears in Section II of the attached appendix.

Located at Calle Comerio was a letter dated December 30, 1969, in which "Ruben" advised "Hugo" that he, Ruben had been identified and that the OI, POPR had interviewed his brother.

In an undated document located at Calle Comerio in the handwriting of Ojeda Rios, the writer stated that when the police interrogated his brother, they asked him if Ojeda Rios had been a musician in a Cuban band in New York. His brother had replied yes and stated he had not seen him in two years.

"Ruben" is the code name utilized by Filiberto Ojeda Rios within the MIRA organization.

Rafael Nieves Negron, supra,
December 16, 1969

NARCISO ANDRES RABELL MARTINEZ

Rabell Martinez was born [REDACTED] at [REDACTED]
Puerto Rico.

[REDACTED]
supra, March 5, 1970

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b7c

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MIRA

During the annual General Assembly of Federacion de Universitarios Pro Independencia (Federation of University Students for Independence) (FUPI) held in Rio Piedras, Puerto Rico, on November 11, 1959, an election of officers was held. Narciso Rabell was among those elected to the Board of Directors.

"El Imparcial",
November 13, 1959

A characterization of the
FUPI appears in Section II of the
attached appendix.

In May, 1961, Rabell was approved by the Board of Directors of FUPI as the recipient of a five year scholarship to a university in Prague, Czechoslovakia, which scholarship had been offered to FUPI by the International Union of Students (IUS) in Prague. Rabell was also designated as the FUPI delegate to the IUS Executive Committee in Prague for a two year term. Rabell departed in May 23, 1961, to attend the IUS Executive Committee in Havana, Cuba, after which he was to travel directly to Czechoslovakia.

SJ T-10, May, 1961

Juan Mari Bras advised that Rabell [REDACTED] b7D

[REDACTED]
Rabell had married a Czechoslovakian citizen, who was born in Russia and they had a child in [REDACTED] b7C

SJ T-11, December 3, 1963 and
December 20, 1963

[REDACTED] b1
[REDACTED] (s)
SJ T-12, February 26, 1964

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MIRA

On April 24, 1964, the International Radio of North Korea broadcast a joint statement issued by Puerto Rican representatives of the IUS, who were then visiting North Korea, and the North Korean Youth League. Speaking for the Puerto Rican IUS were Narciso Rabell Martinez and Marta Sanchez Olmeda.

SJ T-13, April 30, 1964

Radio Peking broadcast that Marta Sanchez and Narciso Rabell were in Peking as FUPI representatives and had been greeted there by party chairman Mao Tse Tung. Sanchez and Rabell reportedly both attacked American imperialism and stated a revolution was needed in Puerto Rico.

"El Diario - La Prensa",
April 7, 1964, page 5

"El Diario - La Prensa" is a
daily Spanish language newspaper in
New York City.

Narciso Rabell Martinez was to be one of three representatives of the MPIPR at the Tri-Continental Conference to be held in Havana, Cuba between January 3-15, 1966. Rabell was also named permanent MPIPR representative in Havana.

Juan Mari Bras at Press
Conference, La Mallorquina
Restaurant, San Juan, Puerto
Rico, February 8, 1966

The Tri-Continental Conference,
which was sponsored by the Cuban
Communist Party, was held at Havana,
Cuba, January 3 to 15, 1966.

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MIRA

[REDACTED]

b1

(S)

SJ T-14, April 3, 1967

Rabell was relieved as the MPIPR representative in Havana, Cuba, by Juan Mari Bras on July 21, 1967.

"San Juan Star",
July 21, 1967

[REDACTED]

(S) b1

SJ T-12, July 11, 1968

In August, 1968, Rabell allied himself with Roberto Tood to publish an ultra-left magazine known as "Cuaderno Revolucionario" (Revolutionary Notebook). Todd and Rabell advocated the creation of a clandestine cellular organization dedicated to violent action.

SJ T-15, September 10, 1968

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MIRA

"Andres" was the code name utilized by Narciso Rabell Martinez within the MIRA.

Rafael Nieves Negron, supra,
February 26, 1970

MARTA CRISTINA SANCHEZ OLMEDA

Marta Sanchez was born [REDACTED] at [REDACTED] Puerto Rico, and has been active on the behalf of Puerto Rican pro-independence groups for many years and in the early 1960s travelled to Communist China and other Communist controlled countries to gain their support for the movement. She has consistently supported the position of Fidel Castro and adopted an anti-American attitude in her public statements. She was arrested by the POPR on June 13, 1966, on a charge of Breach of Peace after she was identified as being the principal agitator among a group of MPIPR members voicing their support of the Cuban delegation to the 10th Caribbean and Central American Games, which were held in San Juan in June, 1966. On August 12, 1968, Sanchez was arrested by the POPR for her involvement in student disturbances at the University of Puerto Rico (UPR) in September, 1967. b7c

[REDACTED] supra,
April 5, 1970

Marta Sanchez and two other representatives of the MPIPR planned to depart for Havana, Cuba, from Puerto Rico on June 10, 1967, to attend a conference of Latin American youth. Sanchez was to represent the Feminine Action Committee of the MPIPR.

SJ T-16, May 3, 1967

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MIRA

In February, 1968, Sanchez was a constant companion of Juan Mari Bras and while in New York City at that time they were believed to be romantically linked.

SJ T-17, February 27, 1968

The body of Jose Varona, also known as Fefel, an MPIPR member, who died allegedly as the result of wounds suffered in North Vietnam during a raid by United States bombers, arrived at John F. Kennedy International Airport, New York, New York, on March 31, 1968. Marta Sanchez accompanied the body of Varona in its shipment from New York City to Puerto Rico.

SJ T-18, April 1, 1968

During November, 1968, members of the MPIPR Mission in New York advised that Marta Sanchez was pregnant [REDACTED] b7C

SJ T-19, November 7, 1968

[REDACTED] (C)

b1

SJ T-20, March 3, 1970

Sanchez resides at [REDACTED] b7C

[REDACTED] Agent,
OI, POPR to SA Robert M.
Miniter, May 27, 1969

In a document located at [REDACTED] entitled "Report on Organizations" which is signed "Ana", the writer stated that she accompanied the body of Fefel to Puerto Rico.

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MIRA

ROBERTO JOSE TODD PAGAN

Roberto Todd, also known as Tito, was born on [REDACTED] at [REDACTED] Puerto Rico. b7C

[REDACTED] supra,
March 5, 1970

Todd was the Graphic Arts Secretary of the Rafael Cordero Mission of the MPIPR.

SJ T-21, November 23, 1965

"Organizacion Continental Latinoamericana de Estudiantes (Continental Organization of Latin American Students) (OCLAE)" numbers 9 and 10 (combined issue) for September and October, 1967, on page 30 contained a photograph of Roberto Todd with a caption indicating that he represented the Permanent Secretariate of OCLAE in Havana, Cuba, and was also a FUPI member in Puerto Rico.

SJ T-19, January 12, 1968

OCLAE is an organization of Latin American students with headquarters located in Havana, Cuba.

Todd was expected to arrive in Hanoi, North Vietnam during May, 1967.

"Carta Semanal" #304
April 26, 1967

"Carta Semanal" is an official weekly letter from MPIPR headquarters to officials of branch missions.

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MIRA

Todd had recently returned from Cuba to Puerto Rico, where he was the FUPI representative to OCLAE.

SJ T-15, October 25, 1967

A letter located at [REDACTED] from Juan Antonio Castillo Ayala written before December 30, 1969, to "Diego" states: "You can communicate using the name Diego or Moises." b7C

"Hugo" and "Diego" were code names used by Roberto Todd Pagan within the MIRA organization.

Rafael Nieves Negron, supra,
February 26, 1970

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A P P E N D I X

Part II

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MIRA

APPENDIX

1

BLACK PANTHER PARTY, Also Known As
Black Panther Party for Self-Defense

According to its official newspaper, the Black Panther Party (BPP) was started during December, 1966, in Oakland, California, to organize black people so they can take control of the life, politics and the destiny of the black community. It was organized by Bobby Seale, BPP Chairman, and Huey P. Newton, BPP Minister of Defense. Newton was sentenced in 1968 to serve 2 to 15 years after being convicted of manslaughter in connection with the killing of an Oakland police officer.

The official newspaper, "The Black Panther," which further describes itself as the "Black Community News Service," states that the BPP advocates the use of guns and guerrilla tactics in its revolutionary program to end oppression of the black people. Residents of the black community are urged to arm themselves against the police who are consistently referred to in the publication as "pigs" who should be killed.

"The Black Panther" issue of September 7, 1968, contains an editorial by BPP Minister of Education, George Mason Murray, which ends with the following:

"Black men. Black people, colored persons of America, revolt everywhere! Arm yourselves. The only culture worth keeping is a revolutionary culture. Change. Freedom everywhere. Dynamite! Black Power. Use the gun. Kill the pigs everywhere."

Included in the introduction to an article appearing in the October 5, 1968, edition of "The Black Panther" is the statement "...we will not dissent from American Government. We will overthrow it."

Issues of "The Black Panther" regularly contain quotations from the writings of Chairman Mao Tse-tung of the People's Republic of China and feature Mao's statement that "political power grows out of the barrel of a gun."

The national headquarters of the BPP is located at 3106 Shattuck Avenue, Berkeley, California. Branches have been established at various locations throughout the United States.

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MIRA

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APPENDIX

COMANDOS ARMADOS DE LIBERACION
(ARMED COMMANDOS OF LIBERATION)
(CAL)

On February 24, 1968, Associated Press (AP), San Juan, Puerto Rico, received a letter captioned "Communique Number One" and signed "Comandos Armados de Liberacion, CAL," (Armed Commandos of Liberation). The letter declares the intent of CAL to force the "Yankee Invader" to abandon Puerto Rico and goes on to announce among other things that in two places CAL "has destroyed" the Aguadilla-Ramey pipe-line. On February 22, 1968, two explosive devices, one detonated, the other intact, had been discovered on or near the pipe-line used to transport aircraft fuel to Ramey Air Force Base, Aguadilla, Puerto Rico.

On September 26, 1968, a confidential source furnished a pamphlet distributed on September 23, 1968, captioned "Independence or Death - Manifesto to the Puerto Rican Nation from Armed Commandos of Liberation." It summarizes the goals of CAL and its accomplishments during its first year of existence. It expresses satisfaction with the "first phases of our operations consisting of the attack and destruction of American establishments," and goes on to specifically name a number of American establishments attacked or destroyed.

On May 15, 1969, two bombs exploded at a U. S. Naval Station Housing area, San Juan, Puerto Rico. On May 27, 1969, United Press International (UPI), San Juan, furnished a letter received in the mail from CAL headed "Communique Number Ten" dated May 16, 1969, in which CAL claimed credit for this attack. In this letter, CAL called attention of the Press to the fact that its "Communique's could always be identified because invariably we use the same typewriter..."

On November 23, 1969, another confidential source furnished a pamphlet distributed that date in San Juan which carried the statement at the bottom "Clandestinely printed by Armed Commandos of Liberation." This bulletin, "repeats" the promise that "for each Puerto Rican jailed for refusing to serve in the armed forces of the United States, we shall execute one yankee." The remainder of the contents includes detailed instructions on conducting a revolution.

Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) Laboratory examinations of the CAL communications mentioned above and many others have established that a number of them have been prepared on the same typewriter. The writer of these letters has not been identified nor has any leader-member been identified.

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APPENDIX

MIRA

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FEDERACION ESTUDIANTIL PRO-INDEPENDENCIA
(FEDERATION OF STUDENTS FOR INDEPENDENCE) (FEPI)

On May 14, 1968, a confidential source advised that the FEPI was organized in May, 1963, under the guidance and direction of the Movimiento Pro-Independencia de Puerto Rico (Puerto Rican Independence Movement) (MPIPR), a militant CASTRO Cuba-oriented independence-seeking group in Puerto Rico and the Federacion de Universitarios Pro-Independencia (Federation of University Students for Independence) (FUPI), the MPIPR affiliated group on the university level.

According to the source, the FEPI's primary purpose and objective since being organized is to indoctrinate the high school youth of Puerto Rico with the political thinking of the leadership of the MPIPR and FUPI and to recruit future membership for these organizations. The FEPI attempts to indoctrinate the pre-university level students in such a way that their only desire is in obtaining independence for Puerto Rico. The FEPI seeks: to exterminate all vestiges of United States "intervention" in Puerto Rico, to join with other Puerto Rican independence-seeking groups in their cause, to protest against compulsory military service for Puerto Rican youths and condemnation of the United States for any intervention in the affairs of other countries in the world.

According to the source, the FEPI, with a current estimated membership of 160 members, is a menace to the high school system in Puerto Rico, as it seeks to ridicule, criticize and reject the educational norms established by the Puerto Rico Department of Public Education. The FEPI in the past has attempted to interrupt by any method, including violence, the methods of teaching in the school in Puerto Rico. The FEPI distributes propaganda in the schools and takes part in pickets and demonstrations organized by the MPIPR and FUPI.

Since its conception in 1963, the leaders of the MPIPR and FUPI have continuously counselled, directed and organized the FEPI and its activities.

Characterizations of the MPIPR and FUPI are attached hereto.

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APPENDIX

MIRA

FEDERACION DE UNIVERSITARIOS PRO-INDEPENDENCIA
(FEDERATION OF UNIVERSITY STUDENTS FOR INDEPENDENCE) (FUPI)

The FUPI was organized in October, 1964, at the University of Puerto Rico (UPR), Rio Piedras, Puerto Rico, as a student organization working to obtain independence for Puerto Rico.

In the "General Statement" adopted at the 14th Annual FUPI Congress which was held at Rio Piedras on November 18-20, 1969, and dedicated to HO CHI MINH, the deceased political and ideological leader of North Vietnam, FUPI declared that the common enemy of all countries is Yankee imperialism; proclaimed that the final victory-on a universal scale-against imperialism can only be achieved with the united struggle of all the oppressed in the world and that the spinal chord of that struggle is the armed people; greeted and expressed their solidarity with the "heroic Vietnamese people, vanguard of the anti-imperialist struggle"; greeted and expressed their solidarity with the comrades who await trial for refusing to join the American army and with the university students who will be tried after the radical struggle against the Reserve Officers' Training Corps (ROTC); and resolved to continue supporting and strengthening the Organizacion Continental Latinoamericana de Estudiantes (Continental Organization of Latin American Students) (OCLAE) because it is the only student organization on a continental level which is giving moral and material support to the Latin American revolutionary.

OCLAE is an organization of Latin American students with headquarters located in Havana, Cuba.

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APPENDIX

GRITO DE LARES
SEPTEMBER 23, 1868

The Partido Nacionalista Puertorriqueno (Nationalist Party of Puerto Rico) (NPPR) celebrates this date as the anniversary of the brief rebellion at Lares, Puerto Rico, against the Spanish regime, staged by a group of Puerto Rican revolutionaries. On this date, the Puerto Rico group established momentary control in the mountain town of Lares and proclaimed the Republic of Puerto Rico. This date has a special significance for the NPPR inasmuch as the main thesis of NPPR doctrine is the claim that Puerto Rican sovereignty was actually established on September 23, 1868, with the rebellion at Lares. The large NPPR celebration on September 23rd of each year is concentrated at Lares.

The NPPR has been designated by the Attorney General of the United States pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

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APPENDIX

MOVIMIENTO INDEPENDENTISTA REVOLUCIONARIO EN ARMAS
(ARMED REVOLUTIONARY INDEPENDENCE MOVEMENT) (MIRA)

On January 8, 1970, [REDACTED], Office of Intelligence, Police of Puerto Rico (OI, POPR), advised that [REDACTED] b7C

[REDACTED] NARCISO RABELL MARTINEZ and ROBERTO TODD PAGAN assumed leadership of the organization. At that time, the PSO was a recently organized self-described Marxist-Leninist organization in Puerto Rico openly advocating the use of violence to achieve independence for Puerto Rico. RABELL organized within the PSO a clandestine group which was to dedicate itself to the destruction of United States-owned enterprises by sabotage and which was to be known as the Movimiento Independencia Rebelde Armada (Armed Rebel Independence Movement) (MIRA). RABELL stated that the operation was Cuban directed and that MIRA initials were designated by Cuba.

On December 4, 1968, a confidential source furnished substantially the same information as that above. In January, 1969, the source provided a copy of a sabotage manual used by RABELL in training MIRA members, which manual was utilized by RABELL according to his own statement while undergoing sabotage training in Cuba.

On December 11, 1969, explosions occurred in six United States-owned business establishments in the San Juan, Puerto Rico, area causing considerable damage. On December 12, 1969, in connection with these bombings the OI, POPR arrested four MIRA members for violation of the Explosives Law of Puerto Rico and secured warrants for ROBERTO TODD PAGAN and FILIBERTO OJEDA RIOS on the same charges. The arrests were based on information supplied by RAFAEL NIEVES NEGRON, OI, POPR, who served as an undercover agent in the MIRA organization for OI, POPR. NIEVES NEGRON has advised that MIRA, now known as Movimiento Independentista Revolucionario en Armas (Armed Revolutionary Independence Movement) (MIRA) is led by ROBERTO TODD PAGAN and FILIBERTO OJEDA RIOS. He explained that the present MIRA organization is the same as that originally organized in the PSO and that FILIBERTO OJEDA RIOS is a Cuban trained sabotage agent who gave instructions in sabotage to MIRA members.

On February 24, 1970, the OI, POPR conducted raids on two locations in the San Juan area in an unsuccessful attempt to apprehend TODD and OJEDA. They seized an abundance of written material much of which was specifically identified with TODD and OJEDA and with the MIRA organization. Among the documents seized was a carbon copy of a sabotage manual which upon comparison appeared to be identical to the manual utilized by RABELL.

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MIRA

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APPENDIX

MOVIMIENTO PRO-INDEPENDENCIA DE PUERTO RICO
(PUERTO RICAN INDEPENDENCE MOVEMENT)
(MPIPR)

The MPIPR was organized in November, 1959, at Ponce, Puerto Rico. It has a current membership of about 700 - 800 persons with several thousand sympathizers. The MPIPR is organized in missions which are located in various towns throughout Puerto Rico. There are also members and sympathizers in the continental United States. The MPIPR National Headquarters is located at 1122 Ponce de Leon Avenue, Rio Piedras, Puerto Rico.

At the time the MPIPR was organized, it indicated that it did not advocate violence but would accept members who did. JUAN MARI BRAS, the founder and dominant leader of the organization, in a speech in 1964, threatened violence comparable to that in Algeria, 1964, if Puerto Rico became a state within the United States.

MARI BRAS, in an editorial appearing in the March 15, 1970, issue of "Claridad," the MPIPR newspaper, stated that "in Puerto Rico there is an incipient armed struggle on the part of pro-independence individuals who consider it their patriotic duty to conduct warfare against the empire which dominates us. We believe that every Puerto Rican has the right to make war against the invaders of our country. And war is mainly killing and dying."

The press of Puerto Rico has reported that MPIPR has held numerous public meetings and demonstrations at which they protested compulsory military service for Puerto Ricans and United States police in Vietnam. The MPIPR has further urged the boycott of elections in Puerto Rico.

On April 21, 1970, during the course of a program on WTSJ Television in San Juan, Puerto Rico, MARI BRAS stated that the MPIPR has innumerable contacts with revolutionary organizations in South America, Canada, Cuba, Europe, Africa, and in Asia. Through 1969, the MPIPR had a permanent representative stationed in Havana, Cuba.

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MIRA

APPENDIX

PARTIDO COMUNISTA PUERTORRIQUEÑO
(COMMUNIST PARTY OF PUERTO RICO)
(PCP)

An article by JUAN SANTOS RIVERA, Secretary General of the PCP, in the February 19, 1944, issue of "Puerto Rico, Ayer, Hoy y Manana" (Puerto Rico, Yesterday, Today, and Tomorrow) stated the Communist Party of Puerto Rico was founded in Ponce, Puerto Rico, on September 23, 1934.

A source advised in November, 1963, that JUAN SANTOS RIVERA was changing the name of the PCP and the new name would be Partido Obrero Liberador (POL). In May, 1964, RIVERA publicly declared that the POL was the new name of the Communist Party of Puerto Rico.

On September 12, 1966, a second source advised that on September 8, 1966, RIVERA called a special meeting of the POL at which meeting the name of the POL was changed to the original PCP.

The second source advised on September 12, 1966, that a communication has recently been received by the PCP, San Juan, from the Communist Party in Prague, Czechoslovakia, to the effect that Puerto Rico is recognized as a nation and that, therefore, the PCP is a Communist Party in its own right and not a district organization of the Communist Party, USA (CPUSA). This source stated that although the PCP is not a district of the CPUSA, it is based on the same Marxist-Leninist principles as the CPUSA.

A third source has advised that the PCP received \$6,000 on February 21, 1969, and \$2,000 on May 2, 1969, from the CPUSA to assist in the purchase of a printing shop in Puerto Rico. This same source advised that a two man PCP delegation was in attendance at the CPUSA National Convention held in New York City April 30, 1969, through May 4, 1969. As a result of this participation a new liaison was established between these two parties.

This third source advised that FELIX OJEDA, PCP Secretary of Press and Propaganda, returned from the Soviet Union in August, 1969, where he attended the International Conference of Communist Parties. Source also reported that JUAN SANTOS RIVERA and PCP Central Committee member, JUAN BAUTISTA PEREZ, left Puerto Rico in April, 1970, for the Soviet Union to attend the Lenin Centennial celebration.

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MIRA

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PARTIDO INDEPENDENTISTA PUERTORRIQUEÑO
(INDEPENDENT PARTY OF PUERTO RICO) (PIP)

The PIP was founded in 1946, but has declined in votes drastically since 1962. The party first lost legal standing when it failed to poll the required five percent of the total vote cast in the elections of 1960. The PIP was placed on the ballot by legislative edict for the 1964 elections, but again failed to poll the required number of votes. After being placed on the 1968 ballot by fulfilling all legal requirements for recognition as a political party by petition, the PIP received less than three percent of the total vote cast, again losing its status as a registered party.

On March 10, 1970, Mrs. ROSITA M. CORDOVA, Secretary to the Superintendent, Commonwealth of Puerto Rico Elections Board, advised that at the January 23, 1970, meeting of the Elections Board, the PIP was certified as a legally constituted political party in Puerto Rico by reason of petition.

The January 26, 1970, edition of "The San Juan Star," an English language daily newspaper published at San Juan, Puerto Rico, reported that during his speech, accepting the presidency of the PIP, RUBEN BERRIOS MARTINEZ pledged himself to a more radical political posture, with "Christian socialism" and "peaceful militance" as principal tactics. In an interview, BERRIOS placed special significance on the inclusion of other means of gaining independence in addition to going to the polls, such as more active participation in protests, marches, pickets and boycotts.

The February 24, 1970, edition of "The San Juan Star," reports that BERRIOS stated that "The only way to solve... the problem of military occupation in Puerto Rico is to achieve our independence as a nation."

The April 17, 1970, edition of "El Mundo," a Spanish language daily newspaper published at San Juan, Puerto Rico, contains parts of a speech given by BERRIOS wherein he says that the members of his organization are to intensify the struggle against the regime, but that violence was ruled out for his party. He added that it was more profitable for their cause "to let the invaders break the heads of those opposing their oppression than to fight them face to face." "Some day," he stated, "the lackeys of Yankee imperialism will go too far and there will be innocent victims and blood will run."

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APPENDIX

1 MIRA

PLEBISCITE

The plebiscite mentioned herein refers to the balloting in Puerto Rico on July 23, 1967. The voters, with alternatives of statehood, independence, or commonwealth status, voted for a continuation of the present status of Puerto Rico as a commonwealth.

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In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
San Juan, Puerto Rico

November 12, 1970

Title MOVIMIENTO INDEPENDENTISTA REVOLUCIONARIO
EN ARMAS (ARMED REVOLUTIONARY INDEPENDENCE
MOVEMENT) (MIRA)

Character INTERNAL SECURITY-PUERTO RICAN NATIONALIST

Reference FBI, San Juan communication dated and
captioned as above.

All sources (except any listed below) whose identities
are concealed in referenced communication have furnished reliable
information in the past.

These documents are part of the project "The FBI Files on Puerto Ricans" and are available free of charge at <http://www.pr-secretfiles.net/>.

FBI

Date: 11/12/70

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)

AIRTEL _____
(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (105-202663)

FROM: SAC, SAN JUAN (105-12315) (P)

MOVIMIENTO INDEPENDENTISTA REVOLUCIONARIO
EN ARMAS (ARMED REVOLUTIONARY INDEPENDENCE
MOVEMENT) (MIRA)
IS -PRN
(OO: SJ)

7/5/00
CLASSIFIED BY NLS/BJA 60267AAG
DECLASSIFY ON: 25X (1)

Re Bureau airtel, 10/16/70

Enclosed for the Bureau are nine copies of an
LHM re captioned organization.

Enclosed for New York are two copies and for San
Francisco and Legat, Montreal one copy.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED EXCEPT
WHERE SHOWN OTHERWISE.

- 4-Bureau (Enc. 9) (RM)
 - (1- Legat, Montreal)
 - (1- [redacted])
- 2-New York (Enc. 2) (RM)
 - 1-San Francisco
 - 1-San Juan (105-12315)
 - (1- [redacted]) (s) (1- 105-3401)
 - (1- [redacted])
 - (1- 105-3353) (Groups Seeking Independence)
 - (1- 105-6498) (Arms for Puerto Rico)
 - (1- 105-3733) (Cuban Intelligence Activities)

RJH:mtn
(15) mtn

105-12315-497
SEARCHED INDEXED
SERIALIZED FILED

Heibel

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ST-1-13-15 FBIS, Daily Bulletin

(S) [REDACTED] 21-12 JS

SS T-11 18 Form

ST 10-1 15

former PSI [REDACTED]

87 6-1 JCB

ST 8-1 19

ST 7-1 15

ST 9-4 JS

87-5-L JS

87-4-18

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SI 7-1 CS

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Instant report

The following confidential informants and sources were utilized in LHM: 1.

National Government has been disseminated locally to
Department of Defense Office at Military Intelligence

STAFF REPORT

SECRET

SECRET

SJ 105-12315

SJ T-14 [REDACTED] (C)

SJ T-15 is [REDACTED]

SJ T-16 is [REDACTED]

former PSI

SJ T-17 is [REDACTED]

SJ T-18 is [REDACTED]

SJ T-19 [REDACTED] (C)

SJ T-20 is [REDACTED] (C)

SJ T-21 is [REDACTED]

SJ T-22 is [REDACTED] (C)

SJO Comments

Document #1

SJO is of the opinion that this document was prepared by Filiberto Ojeda Rios and that he is concerned by the actions of the FBI against MIRA. It is evident that the investigation and interviews by the SJO in connection with the Filiberto Ojeda Rios and Roberto Todd Pagan 86 cases have had a desirable psychological effect on MIRA leadership from our point of view. The fact that the name of SA JOHN J. BURKE, currently assigned to the NYO, appears in this document with background information, tends to indicate that a conscious effort was being made to identify agents investigating MIRA, and that these would probably be considered for future action.

This document reveals, as has been suspected by the SJO, that MIRA took several months to recuperate from the Office of Intelligence, Police of Puerto Rico (OI, POPR) raids on 2/24/70, and is now expanding its clandestine cells throughout the island of Puerto Rico, specifically Guayama, Ponce, Guayanilla, and Humacao.

SECRET

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SJ 105-12315

The Bureau is aware of the identity of SANTOS COLON APONTE mentioned in this document. He has been alerted that in the near future he may be contacted by a representative of MIRA. The Bureau will be kept advised of this phase of the MIRA investigation as it develops.

As the Bureau is aware a copy of enciphered notes contained in this document were submitted for Laboratory examination on 10/13/70.

Regarding the "Record of Agents and Informants" contained in this document, U.S. Commissioner HARLEY A. MILLER was notified that his name appeared therein.

[REDACTED] OL. POFR, advised he would notify [REDACTED] RAPHAEL NIEVES NEGRON and also determine the identity of and notify ANTONIO (LNU), [REDACTED]

b7c

Document #2

The SJO is of the opinion that this document was prepared by FILIBERTO OJEDA RIOS and is directed to MIRA members CARLOS FONSECA ORTAS [REDACTED] and his common-law wife, ADELINA RAMIREZ RODRIGUEZ, who is known to have been pregnant at the time this letter was written. Apparently, SAs of the NYO have come in contact with the intended recipients of this letter in the course of an investigation. The lead to NYO in this matter will be set forth to NYO [REDACTED]

This letter refers to "CARMELO" as the immediate supervisor of the recipient. This would tend to indicate that MIRA in NYC had not changed codenames as it has in Puerto Rico. The theory is subsequently reinforced in these documents by reference to ANA, who is known to be MARTA SANCHEZ OLMEDA.

SECRET

SS 105-12315

Document #3

This document appears to have been written by ROBERTO TODD PAGAN [redacted] codename "ARCADIO" and is a criticism of FILIBERTO OJEDA RIOS, codename "CARLOS", for composing and sending a communication to the Political Bureau of the Cuban Communist Party; without including TODD in the chain of approval.

The writer refers to reestablishing contact in "M". RAFAEL NIEVES NEGRON, former undercover agent OI, POPR in MIRA has advised that in the fall of 1969 he was informed by MIRA member WILLIAM PINTADO BURGOS that "G-2" (alias of FILIBERTO OJEDA RIOS) had travelled to Canada to meet with the Cubans. "M" in this case may refer to Montreal. This document notes that comrade "ANA" is the go between for MIRA and Cuba. Prior investigation has established that MIRA member MARTA SANCHEZ OLMEDA [redacted] was known by codename "ANA" and that she has been closely affiliated with known CIS agents attached to the Cuban Mission to the United Nations (CMUN). b7C

Document #4

This document appears to have been by FILIBERTO OJEDA RIOS as a rebuttal to accusations made against him by TODD PAGAN on 9/5/70.

OJEDA states that letters being carried by the courier were as follows: one for CARMELO, for the child, for PENA, for F.S., for RICARDO, and for my family. He goes on to say the letter to RICARDO was not sent because the address was unknown.

SJO believes that "the child" refers to Cuba. FILIBERTO OJEDA RIOS used this phrase in a document seized on 2/24/70 when he stated, "I have arrived at the point at which I believe that the child will not help us a great deal. It has cost me a great deal of work to confront this reality, but today I believe we will not receive the big thing. What does this make me think about? Simply that every night I listen in order to find out if they even mention us and there is nothing."

SECRET

SJ 105-12315

[REDACTED]

(S)

Document #5

This document appears to have been written by ROBERTO TODD PAGAN and is a continuation of the dispute between he, FILIBERTO OJEDA RIOS, and BENJAMIN, members of the National Directive of MIRA.

Document #6

Although this document is signed "MITIA", it is believed that the writer is "BENJAMIN" the third member of the ND of MIRA. SJO notes that handwriting of this individual bears a strong resemblance to that of "DEMETRIO" a member of the ND of MIRA as shown in documents seized by POPR on 2/24/70.

The writer states that ROSA is the courier to New York and that she arrived in Puerto Rico on Thursday, 8/20/70 with reports from CARMELO's area.

Previous documents indicate that ROSA is a friend of "ANA" (MARTA SANCHEZ OLMEDEA). SJO believes there is a good possibility that DIXIE BAYO MEISNER is identical with "ROSA". she was in NYC on 8/14/70 and scheduled to go to Puerto Rico

b7c

SECRET

These documents are part of the project "The FBI Files on Puerto Ricans" and are available free of charge at <http://www.pr-secretsites.net/>

SA 105-12315

the following week. Subsequent to another source on 9/28/70 stated that DIXIE BAYO was in NYC having attended a fundraising party on 9/8/70. This would place BAYO's travel within the pattern of that attributed to ROSA. BAYO is also known to be a close associate of MARTA SANCHEZ.

Evidently Comrade E. (JUAN ANTONIO CASTILLO AYALA) has become involved in an incident involving telephone calls to NYC and is subject to some criticism because of it. SJO notes that in MIRA documents on 2/24/70, CASTILLO AYALA was a member of the DN of MIRA, however, documents seized on 10/10/70 indicate he is not now included in the decision making processes of MIRA. b7c

Document #7

Regarding the target being scouted by ALI. SJO has been unable to reach any logical conclusion as to the identity of the target because all military bases and National Guard Armories in the Ponce area are at sea level, with the exception of Henry Barracks, which has been turned over to Puerto Rico and is in non-military use.

Document #13

Regarding Mr. GRIFFIS and his companions, the SJO has conducted extensive investigation, but thus far has been unable to identify these individuals. Leads in this matter are being set out [redacted] and the Bureau will be advised.

Document #14

Item shown as "Pecos Bill" may refer to a side arm.

The New York Office is requested to comment on information contained in LHM.

7
SECRET

SECRET

NY 105-12345

SJO during its investigation to locate OJEDA RIOS has continually borne in mind instructions contained in Bureau airtel to San Juan, 1/20/70, which were reiterated in referenced communication. At the time of OJEDA RIOS' apprehension on 10/10/70 he immediately stated that he refused to talk to the FBI. During his transfer from the arrest site to San Juan, he began a conversation with [REDACTED] who was in charge of the arrest operation. [REDACTED] during the early 60's was an undercover agent of the POPR in FUPI and the MPIPR, and this fact is well known in current independentist circles. In his conversation with [REDACTED] OJEDA stated that he would enjoy having a private conversation with [REDACTED] in which they could discuss philosophy, politics and other things of common interest. In view of his displayed antagonism toward the FBI, it was felt that [REDACTED] who has shown himself to be a close friend of the SJO, could better obtain information which would be pertinent to the Bureau's interests. As it has now worked out, OJEDA subsequently refused to see [REDACTED] or anyone else after his incarceration of 10/10/70. b7C

This LHM has been classified "Secret" to conform with [REDACTED] information from which was used in LHM. (S) b1

An information copy of LHM was furnished to SFO due to reference to BPP and its leaders. Information copy also being furnished Legat, Ottawa in that Montreal may be used by MIRA leaders as site for meeting with Cuban officials.

An up-to-date MIRA report will be submitted to the Bureau upon receipt of results of examinations by Laboratory in the matter.

Translations of documents utilized in LHM were made by Steno GLORIA C. BLANCO, Correlator Translator CARMEN R. ORRACA, and SA DIADER H. ROSARIO.

8*

SECRET

DIRECTOR, FBI [REDACTED]

11/5/70

SAC, SAN JUAN [REDACTED] (P)

SM-PRN
00: SJ

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 7/5/00 BY SP4 BJA/EMP

Re San Juan letter to the Bureau dated 8/31/70.

On 9/18/70, [REDACTED] Agent, Office of Intelligence, Police of Puerto Rico (OI, POPR), Hato Rey, Puerto Rico, advised that he had learned from a confidential source that [REDACTED] was residing in [REDACTED] Puerto Rico, [REDACTED]

On 9/21/70, [REDACTED] Office Managers, [REDACTED] Puerto Rico, advised that [REDACTED] was being rented by one [REDACTED] and who has resided in [REDACTED] Neither individual could state that [REDACTED] was living in his [REDACTED]

On 10/8/70, Agent [REDACTED] advised that his office had talked with [REDACTED] on 10/6/70, at which time he had stated that he was residing in [REDACTED] He declined to speak with them regarding any of his activities on behalf of MIRA or his [REDACTED]

On 10/20/70, SA JAMES J. KINNEY and SA PETER A. HIEBEL interviewed [REDACTED] the wife of [REDACTED] [REDACTED] advised that she does not believe that her husband is involved in any activities with MIRA or other violence-prone groups. She stated that he was not currently [REDACTED] and that he was not employed at the present time. [REDACTED] stated that her husband had stayed with [REDACTED] during his time [REDACTED] She stated that she is certain that her husband was not involved in illegal activities [REDACTED]

2 - Bureau (RM)
1 - New York [REDACTED] (Info.) (RM)
3 - San Juan [REDACTED]
(1) 105-12315)
JJK:slb
(6) xlt

SEARCHED INDEXED
SERIALIZED FILED

Heibel
105-12315-498

[REDACTED]

b7C It is noted that, immediately after the interviewing Agents entered the apartment, a [REDACTED] Toyota began to park immediately in front of the apartment. As the door was open, the occupant noted the Agents and immediately reversed the vehicle and departed the area at a high rate of speed. Though positive identification was impossible because of darkness, the driver appeared to be [REDACTED] himself.

Agent [REDACTED] advised that [REDACTED] is the brother-in-law of [REDACTED]

LEADS:

SAN JUAN

AT SAN JUAN, PUERTO RICO

- 1) Will submit FD 122 reflecting subject's current address.
- 2) Will continue efforts to locate subject and interview him regarding the whereabouts of ROBERTO TODD PAGAN.

REPORT of the



FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION WASHINGTON, D. C. 20535

To: **FBI, San Juan (105-12315)**Date: **November 10, 1970**
 Re: **MOVIMIENTO INDEPENDENTISTA
REVOLUCIONARIO
EN ARMAS (ARMED REVOLUTIONARY
INDEPENDENCE MOVEMENT) (MIRA)**
FBI File No. **105-202663**Lab. No. **CR-13538 IC**
 ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE **7/5/00** BY **SP4 QJA/RNP**
Specimens received **10/14/70.**

- Qc203** Copy of sheet of paper containing digits beginning
"31561..."
- Qc204** Copy of sheet of paper containing digits beginning
"33952..."
- Qc205** Copy of sheet of paper containing digits beginning
"39958..."
- Qc206** Copy of sheet of paper containing digits beginning
"86833..."
- Qc207** Copy of sheet of paper containing digits beginning
"04453..."
- Qc208** Copy of sheet of paper containing digits beginning
"22627..."
- Qc209** Copy of sheet of paper containing digits beginning
"34914..."
- Qc210** Copy of sheet of paper with handwritten wording beginning
"Pedro; para el..."
- Qc211** Copy of sheet of paper with handwritten wording beginning
"San Mario..."
- Qc212** Copy of sheet of paper with handwritten wording beginning
"Pedro Primer martes..."

(continued on next page)

105-12315-499

SEARCHED	INDEXED
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NOV 13 1970 FBI — SAN JUAN	

HEIBEL

Result of examination:

On the basis of material available for examination, no decryption of specimens has been made.



**FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
WASHINGTON, D. C. 20535**

To: FBI, San Juan (105-12315)

Date: November 10, 1970

Re: MOVIMIENTO INDEPENDENTISTA
REVOLUCIONARIO EN ARMAS (ARMED
REVOLUTIONARY INDEPENDENCE
MOVEMENT) (MIRA)

J. Edgar Hoover
John Edgar Hoover, Director

FBI File No. 105-202663
Lab. No. CR-13538 IC

Examination requested by: FBI, San Juan

Reference: San Juan airtel 10/12/70

Examination requested: Cryptanalysis

Remarks:

Specimens Qc203 through Qc212 returned herewith. Copies retained Cryptanalysis-Translation Section.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 3/5/00 BY SPUBA/ENP

Enclosures (12) (2 Laboratory reports, specimens Qc203 through Qc212).

105-12315-500

SEARCHED	INDEXED
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FBI—SAN JUAN	

HERBER

ADMINISTRATIVE PAGE

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FOIPA
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Section 552

Section 552a

☐ (b)(1)

☐ (b)(7)(A)

☐ (d)(5)

☐ (b)(2)

☐ (b)(7)(B)

☐ (j)(2)

☐ (b)(3)

☐ (b)(7)(C)

☐ (k)(1)

☐ (b)(7)(D)

☐ (k)(2)

☐ (b)(7)(E)

☐ (k)(3)

☐ (b)(7)(F)

☐ (k)(4)

☐ (b)(4)

☐ (b)(8)

☐ (k)(5)

☐ (b)(5)

☐ (b)(9)

☐ (k)(6)

☐ (b)(6)

☐ (k)(7)

- ☐ Information pertained only to a third party with no reference to the subject of your request or the subject of your request is listed in the title only.

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Pages contain information furnished by another Government agency(ies). You will be advised by the FBI as to the releasability of this information following our consultation with the other agency(ies).

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7 Pages were not considered for release as they are duplicative of SS 105-3079 (FUPI)
FD 306 dated 9/10/70

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- ☒ The following number is to be used for reference regarding these pages:

SS 105-12315-501

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X for this page X
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Date prepared

10/28/70

Date received

10/16/70

Received from (name or symbol number)

[REDACTED] b2 b7D

Received by

ROBERT E. O'BRIEN

Method of delivery (check appropriate blocks)

☒ in person ☐ by telephone ☐ by mail ☒ orally ☐ recording device ☐ written by Informant

If orally furnished and reduced to writing by Agent:

Date

Dictated 10/22/70 to Mildred J. Diaz

Transcribed 10/28/70

Authenticated by Informant N/A

Date of Report

N/A

Date(s) of activity

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 7/5/00 BY SP4BTA/RNP

Brief description of activity or material

Source's interpretation of document seized by
CI-POOR in connection with the arrest of
FILIBERTO OJEDA RIOS.

File where original is located if not attached

[REDACTED] b2 b7D

INDIVIDUALS DESIGNATED BY AN ASTERISK () ONLY ATTENDED A MEETING AND DID NOT ACTIVELY PARTICIPATE.
VIOLENCE OR REVOLUTIONARY ACTIVITIES WERE NOT DISCUSSED.

☐ Information recorded on a card index by _____ on date _____

Remarks:

ACTION: 1. All necessary action has been taken on
information contained herein.

2. SOURCE HAS FURNISHED RELIABLE INFORMATION IN THE PAST.
WHEN INFORMATION FROM SOURCE IS DISSEMINATED, IT SHOULD BE PARAPHRASED
AND CLASSIFIED CONFIDENTIAL TO PROTECT IDENTITY OF SOURCE.

REO:mjd

(6) [REDACTED] (Inv.) b2 b7D

105-3401 (MPI)

CCO: Route to case agent if
case assigned to RA.

ACTION CONTINUED ON PAGE B*.

[REDACTED] b7C

105-12315 (MWRW)

105-12315-502

Heibel
I HAVE READ re

Block Stamp

Searched	Indexed
Serialized	Filed
10/28/70	
FBI, SAN JUAN	
<i>Any</i>	

b2
b7D

3. The following is lead information not reduced to writing:

On 10/10/70, OI-POPR arrested FILIBERTO OJEDA RIOS in Barrio Las Charcas, Arecibo. Numerous documents were seized in connection with this arrest. One in particular addressed to "PEYE" and unsigned presumably written by FILIBERTO OJEDA RIOS. This document stated that PEYE had been instrumental in attempting to organize strike workers in a General Electric plant in Puerto Rico.

Source was shown above mentioned document and he advised that PEYE was a familiar form of PEDRO. He also pointed out that the persons organizing the strikers at the General Electric plant were [REDACTED]

b7D [REDACTED] Source concluded that most likely this letter was written to [REDACTED]

Source opined that "TUTU" mentioned in the document might refer to [REDACTED] who previously resided in [REDACTED] and according to source, had [REDACTED] Source did not know the location of [REDACTED]

B*

SAC, SAN JUAN [REDACTED] (P)

11/13/70

SA RONALD TODD

b7C

[REDACTED]
SM-PRN

b2
b7D

On 11/5/70, [REDACTED] advised that the subject contacted him on [REDACTED] and asked him [REDACTED]. Source indicated a willingness to cooperate and subject stated he would contact the source at a later date.

[REDACTED] a copy of "Causa Proletaria", Number 3, year 1, a Marxist-Leninist publication self described as an organ for the construction of the Partido Proletario Revolucionario.

Subject was driving a [REDACTED] Toyota.

b7C
b7D

The source described [REDACTED] as follows:

Race:	White
Sex:	Male
Age:	[REDACTED]
Height:	5'6"
Weight:	110
Build:	very thin
Hair:	[REDACTED]
Eyes:	blue
Characteristic:	[REDACTED]
Employment:	unknown
Address:	believed to be [REDACTED] or possibly [REDACTED] (formerly resided [REDACTED])

4-San Juan

- (1- 105-12315) (MIRA)
- (1- 105-12353) (Partido Proletario Revolucionario)
- (1- 105-5208) (Incendiarism in Puerto Rico)

RT:mtn

(4) mtn

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105-12315-503
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SERIALIZED FILED
FBI - SAN JUAN
7/11/00
J. E. [Signature]

SAC, SAN JUAN (105-new)

11/13/70

SA RONALD TODD

MPIPR CAMP AT LARES
SM-FRN
(00:3J)

b2
b7D
On 11/4/70, [REDACTED] advised that an MPIPR camp has been set up at Lares. The camp is located approximately one kilometer outside the town of Lares going towards Arecibo. The entrance is through a path on the right hand side of the road coming from Arecibo. It is approximately half a kilometer from the main road. At the entrance to the path there are about eight houses and then one or two houses are scattered apart. The path leads to a hill where the camp is located.

The camp has various purposes:

1. to shelter persons who work for the MPIPR
2. to carry out political training
3. to serve as a center of operations in setting up FEPI and MPIPR missions
4. it also serves as a base of operations for persons whom the MPIPR has working in the mining zone

At the camp, [REDACTED]

b7C
b7D
[REDACTED] gave various training courses during [REDACTED]. The camp and the land where it is located belong to a man named [REDACTED] in Lares. He lives in [REDACTED]. The camp there is another house owned by [REDACTED] where [REDACTED] stays when he has to visit Lares.

10-San Juan

(1- 105-3401) (MPIPR)
(1- 105-12315) (MIRA)

RT:Rch
(10) *mtm*

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
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DATE 7/5/00 BY SP4BJA/RNP

100-72375-504

SEARCHED	INDEXED
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NOV 16 1970	
FBI - SAN JUAN	

Herbel

SJ 105-new

The camp contains the following equipment:

men and women's clothing

five beds

four-range gas stoves

a refrigerator

a mimeograph

two typewriters

a "Konika" camera

typing paper

a dinning table

short wave radio

pellet rifle (which does not work)

the bath in the house is made of cement

The camp director is probably [REDACTED]

67C
67D
The camp has [REDACTED] with
license plate [REDACTED]
[REDACTED] by a man from [REDACTED] mission.

[REDACTED] is a white female, approximately [REDACTED]
old, slender, 112 pounds, 5'4" black hair, brown eyes,
[REDACTED] is a
member of [REDACTED] mission, and can be found at the camp
[REDACTED]

SJ 105-new

b7C
b7D
[redacted] belongs to [redacted] mission, but can also be found at the camp [redacted]. He is described as a white male, 5'7", 140 pounds, stout build, brown hair, greenish-brown eyes, approximately [redacted] old, [redacted].

[redacted] also a member of [redacted] mission, can be found at the camp [redacted] and is described as a white male, [redacted] 5'4", 130 pounds, brown hair, brown eyes, [redacted].

[redacted] white male, approximately [redacted] 5'7", 140 pounds, brown hair, brown eyes, [redacted] a member of [redacted] mission, and can be found at the camp [redacted].

[redacted] of
FUPI visits the camp [redacted].

It is recommended that this case be opened to more fully establish the purposes and activities of the above mentioned camp and the persons attending the camp.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : SAC, SAN JUAN [REDACTED]

DATE: 11/16/70

FROM : SA ROBERT J. HRIBEL

SUBJECT: UNSUB, AKA. [REDACTED]
SM - PRN

On 11/4/70, [REDACTED] to the Manager of [REDACTED] Rio Piedras, P.R. made available to the writer three sheets of handwriting and hand printing of [REDACTED] who is considered to be the prime suspect as the subject. [REDACTED] further advised that [REDACTED] continues to be employed by [REDACTED] working the hours of [REDACTED] on week days and [REDACTED] on Saturdays. [REDACTED] advised that she would attempt to obtain additional samples of handwriting of [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] stated that she could be telephoned at [REDACTED]

The above mentioned handwriting samples are being placed in the 1A section of [REDACTED]

Upon receipt of handwriting samples requested from DMV, both samples will be forwarded to Lab for comparison with letter written by [REDACTED]

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 7/5/00 BY SP4BJA/DPF

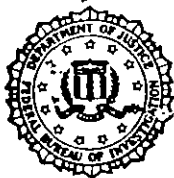
1 - [REDACTED]
1 - [REDACTED]
① - 105-12315 (MIRA)

RJH/:
(3)

105-12315-505
m m
H. [REDACTED] [REDACTED]



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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Washington, D. C. 20537

REPORT

~~SECRET~~

of the

IDENTIFICATION DIVISION

LATENT FINGERPRINT SECTION

YOUR FILE NO. [REDACTED]

FBI FILE NO. [REDACTED]

LATENT CASE NO.

A-28339

November 12, 1970

TO: SAC, San Juan

7/5/00

CLASSIFIED BY NLS/BJA 60267 AAG

DECLASSIFY ON: 25X (1)

RE: [REDACTED]

AKA; (S)

SM - PRN

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED EXCEPT
WHERE SHOWN OTHERWISE.

REFERENCE:

Airtel 10/14/70

EXAMINATION REQUESTED BY:

San Juan

SPECIMENS:

Miscellaneous items for latent print examination,
Q39 through Q47, Q49 and Q50Fingerprints of [REDACTED] and
elimination fingerprints of [REDACTED]Listed Q specimens described in separate
Laboratory report.No latent prints of value present or developed
on specimens.Latent prints previously reported in Bufile
#105-202663, latent case #A-19365, San Juan file #105-12315,
and in Bufile #105-180132, latent case #A-20547, San Juan

(2) - San Juan (105-12315)

(1 - [REDACTED])

(Continued on next page)

John Edgar Hoover, Director

105-12315-506

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
NOV 16 1970	
FBI - SAN JUAN	

THIS REPORT IS FURNISHED FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY

SAC, San Juan

November 12, 1970

file [REDACTED] not identical fingerprints [REDACTED]

67C
[REDACTED] of [REDACTED]

whose correct [REDACTED]

Specimens and your Exhibit 170, Q48, which
was also submitted, being returned under separate cover.

XXXXXX
XXXXXX
XXXXXX

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
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Section 552

Section 552a

- | | | |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| <input type="checkbox"/> (b)(1) | <input type="checkbox"/> (b)(7)(A) | <input type="checkbox"/> (d)(5) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> (b)(2) | <input type="checkbox"/> (b)(7)(B) | <input type="checkbox"/> (j)(2) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> (b)(3) | <input type="checkbox"/> (b)(7)(C) | <input type="checkbox"/> (k)(1) |
| _____ | <input type="checkbox"/> (b)(7)(D) | <input type="checkbox"/> (k)(2) |
| _____ | <input type="checkbox"/> (b)(7)(E) | <input type="checkbox"/> (k)(3) |
| _____ | <input type="checkbox"/> (b)(7)(F) | <input type="checkbox"/> (k)(4) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> (b)(4) | <input type="checkbox"/> (b)(8) | <input type="checkbox"/> (k)(5) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> (b)(5) | <input type="checkbox"/> (b)(9) | <input type="checkbox"/> (k)(6) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> (b)(6) | | <input type="checkbox"/> (k)(7) |

- ☐ Information pertained only to a third party with no reference to the subject of your request or the subject of your request is listed in the title only.
- ☐ Documents originated with another Government agency(ies).

Pages contain information furnished by another Government agency(ies). You will be advised by the FBI as to the releasability of this information following our consultation with the other agency(ies).

Page(s) withheld inasmuch as a final release determination has not been made. You will be advised as to the disposition at a later date.

3 Pages were not considered for release as they are duplicative of SJ 105-10644 (CAL).

SJ memo to HQ dated 11/17/70

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- ☒ The following number is to be used for reference regarding these pages:

SJ 105-12315-507

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(Mount Clipping in Space Below)

Campaña Bien Planificada De Terrorismo

Por Tony Santiago

EL MUNDO supo por fuentes que merecen entero crédito que existe en Puerto Rico una campaña bien planificada para crear un ambiente de incertidumbre y desasosiego en los próximos meses.

Esta campaña es una de terrorismo y desobediencia civil, según los informantes.

Según las fuentes, en la campaña participan los movimientos terroristas puertorriqueños conocidos como "CAL" (Comandos Armados de Liberación), "MIRA" (Movimiento Independentista Re-

volucionario Armado) y las organizaciones que tienen a su cargo la campaña de desobediencia civil que son el "MPI" y el "PIP".

De acuerdo con las fuentes,

ANÁLISIS DE NOTICIAS

el objetivo primordial de este movimiento es desalentar el flujo de turistas hacia Puerto Rico y desacreditar la campaña intensiva para aumento del turismo que está llevando a cabo el Gobierno de Puerto Rico.

También se supo se espera crear un caos dentro del clima industrial de la Isla, por la inseguridad que las bombas crean en las industrias y negocios de origen americano.

De acuerdo con lo informado, se espera que este movimiento se intensifique durante el transcurso del mes de noviembre, prolongándose hasta diciembre, "meses claves" para la temporada turística en Puerto Rico.

La campaña de terrorismo y desobediencia civil se ha evidenciado durante los últimos días en los sucesos ocurridos en el área del Condado, donde se han colocado alrededor de diez bombas explosivas en diversos lugares de esta zona hotelera.

También se registró el más grave incidente de desobe-

(Continúa en la página 14-A)

(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)

El Mundo

11/17/70

Page 1 - 14-A

Date:

Edition:

Author:

Editor:

Title:

Character:

or

Classification:

Submitting Office:

☐ Being Investigated

105-12315-508

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
NOV 19 1970	
FBI - SAN JUAN	

Campaña Bien...

viencia civil en la tarde del domingo, cuando un grupo de personas intentó invadir la playa de Hotel Caribe Hilton, originando un caos.

En los disturbios se afectaron numerosos establecimientos del área del Condado y varias automóviles sufrieron

daños de consideración.

Hace algunos meses MIRA envió un Comunicado de Prensa a una agencia noticiosa del país, donde aconsejaba a los puertorriqueños que no transitaran por el área del Condado, "porque esta área está destinada a convertirse en una zona donde se van a realizar guerrillas urbanas."

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED

HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

DATE 7/5/00 BY SP4BJR/ENP

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : SAC, SAN JUAN [REDACTED] (C)

DATE: 11/17/70

FROM : SA ROBERT J. HEIBEL

b7C

SUBJECT: UNSUB; aka
[REDACTED]
SM - PRN

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 7/5/00 BY SP4BJA/RNP

On 11/4/70, the writer and SA ALFRED E. SEDDON attempted to locate [REDACTED] P.R. A young white female in her late teens advised the writer that she is [REDACTED] who resides at that address and is employed at [REDACTED]. Unknown female further advised that [REDACTED]. She also advised that [REDACTED].

On 11/13/70, the writer and SA SEDDON contacted [REDACTED] at her residence. She advised as follows:

She is currently employed as [REDACTED]. She obtained [REDACTED].

She observed photographs of ROBERTO TODD PAGAN, FEDERICO ACEVEDO SANTIAGO, FERDINAND TORRES and GLADYS JIMENEZ DE TORRES. She advised that she did not know any of the individuals, however believed that she had seen ACEVEDO SANTIAGO in the past.

[REDACTED] volunteered that she is an independentist, and during [REDACTED] was a member of FUPI. She stated that at the present time she is not a member of any independence organization, although she favors the MPI over the PIP.

During the conversation, [REDACTED] continually referred to Puerto Rico as a colony of the United States. It should be noted that this conversation was continually kept on a friendly basis, and upon the departure of the SAS, she invited them back for a further visit.

- 1 - [REDACTED]
1 - 88-2263 (TODD)
1 - [REDACTED]
① - 105-12315 (MIRA)
2 - [REDACTED]

RJH/:
(6)

105-12315-509

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
NOV 24 1970	
FBI - SAN JUAN	

[Signature]

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

[REDACTED]

During this interview [REDACTED] stated that she was definitely opposed to the tactics being utilized by terrorist organizations in Puerto Rico because it is only a matter of time before someone is killed.

The writer makes the following observations on this matter:

b7C
The writer's memo on 5/21/70 set out information that on 5/4/70, a source at [REDACTED] advised that [REDACTED] was an independentist and an associate of [REDACTED] known MIRA member. If this is true, it then must be assumed that [REDACTED] is lying about the extent of her relationship with [REDACTED]

The writer feels at this time, all available investigative steps have been taken to determine the identity of [REDACTED] and that from what is at hand currently it cannot be stated if [REDACTED] and the subject are identical. The writer therefore recommends that this case be closed for a period of 120 days, at which time it should be reopened for evaluation.

b2
b7D
In view of the seemingly cooperative attitude of [REDACTED] during this interview, the writer believed that there is a possibility that she may have potential as an informant, if properly developed. It is therefore recommended that a [REDACTED] be opened on [REDACTED] and that it be assigned to the writer.

F B I

Date: 11/20/70

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)Via AIRTEL _____
(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (105-202663)

FROM: SAC, NEW YORK (105-106896)(P)

SUBJECT: MOVIMIENTO INDEPENDENTISTA
REVOLUCIONARIO EN ARMAS (MIRA)
IS-PRN
(00:SJ)

Re SJ airtel and LHM, 11/12/70.

It would appear from the translations of documents set out in re LHM that, while Puerto Rico based MIRA suspects have been assigned new code names, the NYC MIRA suspects AVELINO GONZALEZ CLAUDIO [REDACTED] and MARTA SANCHEZ CLIMEDA [REDACTED] continue to be referred to as "CARMELO" and "ANA", respectively.

7/5/00
CLASSIFIED BY NLS/BJA 60267 AAG
(1)

8-Bureau (RM)

- (1- [REDACTED])
- (1- [REDACTED])
- (1- [REDACTED])
- (1- [REDACTED])
- (1-105-103488)(INCENDIARISM IN PUERTO RICO)
- (1-105-66754)(GROUPS SEEKING INDEPENDENCE FOR PR)

⑧ San Juan (105-12315)(RM)

- (1- [REDACTED])
- (1- [REDACTED])
- (1- [REDACTED])
- (1-105-3353)(GROUPS SEEKING INDEPENDENCE FOR PR)
- (1-105-5208)(INCENDIARISM IN PUERTO RICO)

1-New York

ADL:ems

(25)

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
NOV 24 1970	
FBI - NEW YORK	

[Signature]

COPIES CONTINUED:

Approved: _____
Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____

M Per _____

NY 105-106896

COPIES CONTINUED:

b7c
1-New York [REDACTED] (41)
1-New York [REDACTED] (41)
1-New York [REDACTED] (41)
1-New York [REDACTED] (41)
1-New York [REDACTED] (41)
1-New York (105-32872) (GROUPS SEEKING INDEPENDENCE FOR PR) (41)
1-New York (105-58148) (INCENDIARISM IN PR) (41)

[REDACTED] has confirmed SJO's suggestion that "ROSA" mentioned in referenced LHM, may be identical to BAYO, since her reported travel between Puerto Rico and NYC falls within the time period that "ROSA" was to carry documents to NYC.

b7c

Document #2 (page 27 of re LHM) is of particular interest to the NYO. It would appear that the recipients of this letter, "Comrades Ricardo and A (Gina)", were residing in the NYC area and not Puerto Rico at the time the letter was written. This contention is supported by the following statements made by the letter writer (felt by SJO to be FILIBERTO OJEDA RIOS), who was writing from Puerto Rico.

Page 28, paragraph 4

"In a little while, a cell of the National Directorate will be moving there.....you will move.... from one state to another. It is not like moving from Puerto Rico to the States".

Page 29, paragraph 2

"The things you know can only be discussed with your immediate supervisor (superior?). This is Carmelo, until the comrade from here arrives".

Page 29, paragraph 4

"When you answer my letter, let me know how the political situation is over there. What do they say about MIRA?"

NY 105-106896

As the Bureau is aware "CARMELO" is AVELINO GONZALEZ CLAUDIO, who is felt to be the leader of the MIRA Coordinate in NYC.

In addition, document #4 (page 37, paragraph 1) disclosed that "the woman comrade (believed to be MIRA courier "ROSA") was leaving the 2nd (of September, 1970) for NY" and among the letters she was to carry was one "for RICARDO".

b7C The SJO is requested to immediately furnish all available information on CARLOS FONSECA ORTA [REDACTED] who is felt by the SJO to be the "RICARDO" referred to in the above letters. If available, photographs of FONSECA and his common-law wife ADELINA RAMIREZ RODRIGUEZ should also be forwarded, so that efforts can be made to locate them in the NYC area.

The NYO is continuing its review of the translations set out in re IHM and any pertinent conclusions reached will be furnished the Bureau and SJO.



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
San Juan, Puerto Rico

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

November 19, 1970

DECLASSIFIED BY SP4BJA/RNP
ON 3/5/00

On May 26, 1970, [REDACTED] Office of Intelligence, Police of Puerto Rico, (OI-POPR), advised a Special Agent (SA) of the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) that he had just returned from a trip to New York City, where he had been in contact with Agents of the Division of Special Services of the New York City Police Department (DSS-NYCPD). [REDACTED] further advised that the DSS-NYCPD had furnished a list of associates of Avelino Gonzalez Claudio, leader of the Movimiento Independentista Revolucionario En Armas (Armed Revolutionary Independence Movement) (MIRA). Included in this list was the name, [REDACTED]

Avelino Gonzalez Claudio

On February 5, 1965, [REDACTED] OI-POPR, advised a SA of the FBI that as of December, 1964, Avelino Gonzalez Claudio was the Vice President of Federacion de Universitarios Pro-Independencia (Federation of University Students for Independence) (FUPI), and a member of its Executive Committee. b7C

On November 6, 1967 and January 16, 1968, a first confidential source advised that on November 1, 1967, Avelino Gonzalez Claudio was appointed

- 5 - Bureau (RM)
- 3 - New York (RM)

- (1 - [REDACTED])
- 4 - San Juan [REDACTED]
- (1 - [REDACTED])
- (1 - 105-12315) (MIRA)

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

GROUP I [REDACTED]
Excluded from Automatic
downgrading and declassification

RJH:cmj
(12) C/M

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

105-12315-511
SEARCHED [REDACTED] INDEXED [REDACTED]
NEIBFL [REDACTED]

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

[REDACTED]

Secretary of Organization of the New York Mission of the Movimiento Pro-Independencia de Puerto Rico (Puerto Rican Independence Movement) (MPIPR). In December, 1967, his activity in the MPIPR suddenly declined because he considered the organization to be insufficiently aggressive in seeking Puerto Rican independence.

During December, 1969, the POPR arrested several members of MIRA on charges involving violations of the Explosives Laws of Puerto Rico connected with bombings of various business establishments in the San Juan, Puerto Rico area during that month. Two leaders of the group, Roberto Todd Pagan and Filiberto Inocencio Ojeda Rios, were not arrested at that time although warrants had been issued for them.

On February 23, 1970, the OI-POPR received information from a reliable confidential source that Ojeda Rios was hiding at [REDACTED] Puerto Rico, and that Todd Pagan was hiding [REDACTED] Puerto Rico. On February 24, 1970, Agents of the OI-POPR conducted raids at the two addresses, but neither subject was present in the respective hiding place.

b7C [REDACTED] the OI-POPR Agents seized a large manila envelope containing an abundance of written material. Much of the written material was specifically identified with MIRA and "Ruben". OI sources had previously identified "Ruben" as the code name of Ojeda Rios.

[REDACTED] OI Agents seized written material of the same character as that seized at [REDACTED] and in addition, a high-powered rifle with a telescopic sight, a pistol, and a volume of equipment utilized in the construction of incendiary-bombing devices. Prior to this time, OI sources had identified "Hugo" as the code name of Todd Pagan.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Among the documents located at [REDACTED] was a letter dated January 25, 1970, in which "Hugo" advised "Ruben" that he believed "Carmelo's" address was [REDACTED]

On December 3, 1968, [REDACTED] New York City, and on April 14, 1970, [REDACTED] OI-POPR, advised that Avelino Gonzalez Claudio resided at [REDACTED]

b7C
On October 10, 1970, SA's of the FBI and Agents, OI-POPR arrested Filiberto Ojeda Rios in Barrio Las Charcas, near Quebradillas, Puerto Rico. Seized at the time of the arrest and identified as belonging to Ojeda Rios were a series of documents specifically identified with MIRA activities.

Among these documents was a letter dated August 31, 1970 which states that "Carmelo" continues to be the leader of MIRA in New York City.

Characterizations of MIRA, MPIPR and FUPI are attached hereto.

In a letter located at [REDACTED] dated [REDACTED] and signed [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] it was stated to [REDACTED]

On June 24, 1970, [REDACTED] OI-POPR caused the records of that office to be checked concerning [REDACTED] They contained only one reference dated November 1, 1964 which states that [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] were reported to be [REDACTED]

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

On July 7, 1970, a second confidential source furnished the following background information concerning [REDACTED]

Sex: Male
Race: White
Date of birth: [REDACTED]
Place of birth: [REDACTED]
Height: 5'8" to 5'9"
Weight: 155 pounds
Hair: Brown
Eyes: Brown
Build: Medium
Mailing address: [REDACTED]

Father: [REDACTED]
Mother: [REDACTED]
Sisters: [REDACTED]

Brothers: [REDACTED]

Education: [REDACTED]

Employment: [REDACTED]

Language: [REDACTED]

The same source advised that [REDACTED]

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

[REDACTED]

On September 15, 1970, a third confidential source advised that [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] He was employed as [REDACTED]

b7C
b7D

During August and September, 1970, sources familiar with phases of the Puerto Rican Pro-Independence Movement in Puerto Rico were contacted concerning [REDACTED] with no information being developed.

On October 13, 1970, and November 12, 1970, [REDACTED] OI-POPR advised that his office has developed no additional information indicating involvement of [REDACTED] in the activities of MIRA.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

b7c

FEDERACION DE UNIVERSITARIOS PRO-INDEPENDENCIA
(FEDERATION OF UNIVERSITY STUDENTS FOR INDEPENDENCE) (FUPI)
INTERNAL SECURITY - PUERTO RICAN NATIONALIST

The FUPI was organized in October, 1956, at the University of Puerto Rico (UPR), Rio Piedras, Puerto Rico, as a student organization working to obtain independence for Puerto Rico.

In the "General Statement" adopted at the 14th Annual FUPI Congress which was held at Rio Piedras on November 18-20, 1969, and dedicated to HO CHI MINH, the deceased political and ideological leader of North Vietnam, FUPI declared that the common enemy of all countries is Yankee imperialism; proclaimed that the final victory-on a universal scale-against imperialism can only be achieved with the united struggle of all the oppressed in the world and that the spinal chord of that struggle is the armed people; greeted and expressed their solidarity with the "heroic Vietnamese people, vanguard of the anti-imperialist struggle"; greeted and expressed their solidarity with the comrades who await trial for refusing to join the American army and with the university students who will be tried after the radical struggle against the Reserve Officers' Training Corps (ROTC); and resolved to continue supporting and strengthening the Organizacion Continental Latinoamericana de Estudiantes (Continental Organization of Latin American Students) (OCLAE) because it is the only student organization on a continental level which is giving moral and material support to the Latin American revolutionary.

OCLAE is an organization of Latin American students with headquarters located in Havana, Cuba.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

b7c

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

1

APPENDIX

MOVIMIENTO PRO-INDEPENDENCIA DE PUERTO RICO
(PUERTO RICAN INDEPENDENCE MOVEMENT)
(MPIPR)

The MPIPR was organized in November, 1959, at Ponce, Puerto Rico. It has a current membership of about 700 - 800 persons with several thousand sympathizers. The MPIPR is organized in missions which are located in various towns throughout Puerto Rico. There are also members and sympathizers in the continental United States. The MPIPR National Headquarters is located at 1122 Ponce de Leon Avenue, Rio Piedras, Puerto Rico.

At the time the MPIPR was organized, it indicated that it did not advocate violence but would accept members who did. JUAN MARI BRAS, the founder and dominant leader of the organization, in a speech in 1964, threatened violence comparable to that in Algeria, 1964, if Puerto Rico became a state within the United States.

MARI BRAS, in an editorial appearing in the March 15, 1970, issue of "Claridad," the MPIPR newspaper, stated that "in Puerto Rico there is an incipient armed struggle on the part of pro-independence individuals who consider it their patriotic duty to conduct warfare against the empire which dominates us. We believe that every Puerto Rican has the right to make war against the invaders of our country. And war is mainly killing and dying."

The press of Puerto Rico has reported that MPIPR has held numerous public meetings and demonstrations at which they protested compulsory military service for Puerto Ricans and United States police in Vietnam. The MPIPR has further urged the boycott of elections in Puerto Rico.

On April 21, 1970, during the course of a program on WTSJ Television in San Juan, Puerto Rico, MARI BRAS stated that the MPIPR has innumerable contacts with revolutionary organizations in South America, Canada, Cuba, Europe, Africa, and in Asia. Through 1969, the MPIPR had a permanent representative stationed in Havana, Cuba.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

1

APPENDIX

MOVIMIENTO INDEPENDENTISTA REVOLUCIONARIO EN ARMAS
(ARMED REVOLUTIONARY INDEPENDENCE MOVEMENT) (MIRA)

On January 8, 1970, [REDACTED] Office of Intelligence, Police of Puerto Rico (OI, POPR), advised that [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] NARCISO RABELL MARTINEZ and ROBERTO TODD PAGAN assumed leadership of the organization. At that time, the PSO was a recently organized self-described Marxist-Leninist organization in Puerto Rico openly advocating the use of violence to achieve independence for Puerto Rico. RABELL organized within the PSO a clandestine group which was to dedicate itself to the destruction of United States-owned enterprises by sabotage and which was to be known as the Movimiento Independencia Rebelde Armada (Armed Rebel Independence Movement) (MIRA). RABELL stated that the operation was Cuban directed and that MIRA initials were designated by Cuba.

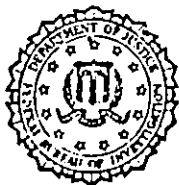
On December 4, 1968, a confidential source furnished substantially the same information as that above. In January, 1969, the source provided a copy of a sabotage manual used by RABELL in training MIRA members, which manual was utilized by RABELL according to his own statement while undergoing sabotage training in Cuba.

On December 11, 1969, explosions occurred in six United States-owned business establishments in the San Juan, Puerto Rico, area causing considerable damage. On December 12, 1969, in connection with these bombings the OI, POPR arrested four MIRA members for violation of the Explosives Law of Puerto Rico and secured warrants for ROBERTO TODD PAGAN and FILIBERTO OJEDA RIOS on the same charges. The arrests were based on information supplied by RAFAEL NIEVES NEGRON, OI, POPR, who served as an undercover agent in the MIRA organization for OI, POPR. NIEVES NEGRON has advised that MIRA, now known as Movimiento Independentista Revolucionario en Armas (Armed Revolutionary Independence Movement) (MIRA) is led by ROBERTO TODD PAGAN and FILIBERTO OJEDA RIOS. He explained that the present MIRA organization is the same as that originally organized in the PSO and that FILIBERTO OJEDA RIOS is a Cuban trained sabotage agent who gave instructions in sabotage to MIRA members.

On February 24, 1970, the OI, POPR conducted raids on two locations in the San Juan area in an unsuccessful attempt to apprehend TODD and OJEDA. They seized an abundance of written material much of which was specifically identified with TODD and OJEDA and with the MIRA organization. Among the documents seized was a carbon copy of a sabotage manual which upon comparison appeared to be identical to the manual utilized by RABELL.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

b7C



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
San Juan, Puerto Rico

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

November 19, 1970

Title

[REDACTED]

Character:

SECURITY MATTER - PUERTO RICAN
NATIONALIST

Reference:

San Juan communication dated
and captioned as above.

All sources (except any listed below) whose
identities are concealed in referenced communication have
furnished reliable information in the past.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions
of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to
your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed out-

b7c

DIRECTOR, FBI

11/19/70

SAC, SAN JUAN

(P)

EM - PRN

Re San Juan airtel and LHM dated 6/11/70, captioned "Movimiento Independentista Revolucionario En Armas (Armed Revolutionary Independence Movement) (MIRA), IS - PRN."

Enclosed for the Bureau are five copies of an LHM re-captioned subject, and for the New York Office three copies. Also enclosed for the Bu are two copies of FD-376.

Copies of LHM are being disseminated locally to NISRA, San Juan, 771st MID, San Juan, Secret Service, San Juan and OSI, Ramon Air Force Base, Aguadilla, Puerto Rico.

The following sources were utilized in the LHM:

1st Source

2nd Source

(Deemed Advisable)

3rd Source

(Per Request)

The enclosed LHM has been classified "~~CONFIDENTIAL~~" to protect the identity of [REDACTED]

The following informants were contacted concerning the subject:

on 8/2/70 by SA JOSEPH P. BRENNAN

on 8/7/70 by SA JOHN J. BURKE

2 - Bureau (Encl. 7) (RM)

3 - New York (Encl. 3) (RM)

(1 - [REDACTED])
4 - San Juan

(1 - 105-12315) (MIRA)

RJH:cmj

(9)

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

DATE 1/5/00 BY 6100

COURTALONP

SEARCHED

SERIALIZED

INDEXED

FILED

NOV 20 1970

FBI - NEW YORK

105-12315-512

HEINER, R

[REDACTED] b2
[REDACTED] b7C
[REDACTED] b7D
on 8/21/70 by SA RICHARD C. SONNICHSEN
on 9/17/70 by SA ROBERT R. MILLS
on 9/14/70 by SA JAMES J. HEANEY

San Juan is of the opinion that the subject should be interviewed to determine his degree of involvement in MIRA, any information he may have concerning the present whereabouts of federal fugitive ROBERTO TODD PAGAN, and also to gauge his potential as an informant.

San Juan is aware that in the past several months, [REDACTED] the New York Office and the Division of Special Services, New York Police Department. San Juan is not in receipt of any information at this time that would indicate that [REDACTED]

The NYO is requested to advise the SJO if contact and interview of the subject, at this time, would be injurious to investigation currently being conducted by it or the NYCPD.

Cover Sheet for Informant Report or Material
FD-306 (Rev. 9-30-69)

Date prepared

11/2/70

Date received

10/21/70

Received from (name or symbol number)

b2
b7D

Received by ROBERT E. O'BRIEN
RICHARD C. SONNICHSEN
PETER E. O'NEILL

Method of delivery (check appropriate blocks)

☒ in person ☐ by telephone ☐ by mail ☒ orally ☐ recording device ☐ written by Informant

If orally furnished and reduced to writing by Agent:

Date

Dictated 10/27/70 to Mildred J. Diaz

Transcribed 11/2/70

Authenticated by Informant N/A

Date of Report

N/A

Date(s) of activity

N/A

Brief description of activity or material

Current evaluation of NPPR and their relationship with MIRA.

File where original is located if not attached

b2
b7D

* INDIVIDUALS DESIGNATED BY AN ASTERISK (*) ONLY ATTENDED A MEETING AND DID NOT ACTIVELY PARTICIPATE. VIOLENCE OR REVOLUTIONARY ACTIVITIES WERE NOT DISCUSSED.

☐ Information recorded on a card index by _____ on date _____

Remarks:

ACTION: 1. All necessary action has been taken on information contained herein.

2. DUE TO THE SENSITIVE NATURE AND THE UNIQUE POSITION OF THE INFORMANT, THE INFORMATION CONTAINED IN THIS REPORT SHOULD BE CLASSIFIED "SECRET" AND SUITABLY PARAPHRASED WHEN DISSEMINATED.

PEO:mjd
(26)

(Inv.)

100-3 (NPPR)

105-12315 (MIRA)

CCO: Route to case agent if case assigned to RA.

ACTION CONTINUED ON PAGES B - E*.
COPIES & INDEXING ON PAGE A-1.

b7C 105-12315-513

Block Stamp

Searched _____ Indexed RA
Serialized RA Filed RA
11/2/70
FBI, SAN JUAN

I HAVE READ _____

H. eibel

[REDACTED] b2
b7D

[REDACTED]

b7C

INDEX TO 105-12315:

- 513

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

INDEX TO

[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]

b2
b7D

3. The following is lead information not reduced to writing:

The current status of the Nationalist Party of Puerto Rico (NPPR) is described by the source as being stagnant inasmuch as the older members are described as being very complacent and unwilling to initiate any activity concerning the independence movement. The source believes that many other independence groups now consider the NPPR to be a group of old men who are not capable or willing to formulate any policy or form of activity to forward the ideal of independence for Puerto Rico. The source stated that the current financial status of the NPPR is possibly the worst it has been in years, stating that at least four months back-rent are due on the office of the National Junta, San Juan, Puerto Rico. It is further believed that much of the money which is collected specifically for the NPPR is channelized to MIRA. This is merely a belief on his part based on conversations overheard by him, and also based on the fact that he personally knows [REDACTED] by NPPR members [REDACTED] and that [REDACTED]

The source stated that although he previously characterized the NPPR as an organization of old men and women, he does feel that there are certain members in the NPPR who have served jail sentences who would be capable of not only siding with MIRA, but also capable of possibly carrying out acts of violence.

It is the opinion of the source that the following named NPPR members and sympathizers may be characterized as MIRA sympathizers or MIRA members:

B

b2
b7D

[REDACTED]

JUANITA OJEDA

BLANCA CANALES

JUAN ANTONIO CASTILLO AYALA, aka "Papo"

ANTONIO MOYA

ISABELA ROSADO

RAUL CAYETANO DE JESUS

ROMAN PEDROSA

GRISELIO TORRESOLA, JR.

JUAN JACA

PEDRO ANTONIO JACA LAFONTAINE

ANTONIO HERRERA MORENO

JOSE ANTONIO OTERO OTERO

~~FELIX RIVERA OTERO~~

JOSE MIGUEL CASTILLO VEGA, aka TATO

ATLANIDA CASTILLO VEGA

FELIX CRUZ DIAZ

Source also suspects that the following persons
are involved in some-way in MIRA activities:

b2
b7D

The [REDACTED] family [REDACTED] and brother), [REDACTED]

b7C

ELIEZER (LNU), the son of [REDACTED] who lives in [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] and family from [REDACTED]

Source further stated that [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] have been accused in the past for possession of explosives. They do not belong to any groups seeking independence for Puerto Rico, but have always wanted action.

[REDACTED] played the tape during bombing incidents in November, 1969. [REDACTED]

b7C
b7D

JAIME NEGRON, who resides in [REDACTED] is the Nationalist Party member who fled Cuba in the early '50's, rather than face imprisonment. Upon his return to Puerto Rico from Cuba, his legal status involving the Jayuya revolt was resolved. [REDACTED]

ANTONIO HERRERA MORENO is known among NPPR members as the "master," as he professes technical knowledge of radio and electronic equipment.

JUANITA OJEDA is [REDACTED]

b2
b7D

[REDACTED]

b7D

Source advised that RAMON PEDROSA [REDACTED]
[REDACTED] could possibly be involved
in the recent theft of ammonium nitrate from Rexach.

JULIO TORRES SANCHEZ was expelled from the NPPR
during the September meeting because of a letter he wrote
to JACINTO RIVERA stating that all NPPR funds were being
channelized to MIRA.

E*

SECRET

Date: 11/27/70

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)

Via Airtel _____
(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM: SAC, SAN JUAN [REDACTED] (P) b7C

SUBJECT: [REDACTED]
SM-PEN
OC: SJ

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED EXCEPT
WHERE SHOWN OTHERWISE

REFERENCES:

San Juan teletypes to the Bureau dated 10/10/70,
10/14/70, and 11/24/70, entitled [REDACTED] (S)

San Juan teletype to New York, 10/15/70,
entitled [REDACTED]

New York teletype to San Juan, 10/16/70,
entitled [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] Baltimore teletype to San Juan, 10/27/70, entitled
[REDACTED] (S)

[REDACTED] San Juan teletype to Baltimore, 10/28/70, entitled
[REDACTED] (S)

Baltimore airtel to the Bureau, 11/10/70,

- 4 - Bureau (RM)
 - (1 - [REDACTED] (Info.) (S)
 - (1 - 105-202663) (MIRA) (Info.)
- 4 - New York (RM)
 - (1 - [REDACTED] (Info.) (S)
 - (1 - 105-106893) (MIRA) (Info.)
- ④ - San Juan [REDACTED] (Info.) (S)
 - (1 - [REDACTED] (Info.) (S)
 - (1 - 105-12315) (MIRA) (Info.)

AEL:slb
(12)

CLASSIFIED BY NS/RTA 6027 AAG
DECLASSIFY ON: 25X (1)

HEIBEL
105-12315-514

Approved: _____
Special Agent in Charge

SECRET

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These documents are part of the project "The FBI Files on Puerto Ricans" and are available free of charge at <http://www.pr-secrethfiles.net>

SECRET

[REDACTED]
entitled [REDACTED] (S)

ADMINISTRATIVE:

For the information of New York, during the arrest of FILIBERTO OJEDA RIOS on 10/10/70, several documents and items were located, one of which was a U. S. Social Security Card, [REDACTED] issued in the name of [REDACTED]

b2
61
67C
The records at PACS-4 disclosed that the holder of [REDACTED] is [REDACTED] last reported employment for the quarter ending 3/70, was [REDACTED] New York, New York.

San Juan is attempting to identify captioned subject as well as determine the circumstances surrounding the acquisition of the aforementioned social security card by OJEDA.

LEADS:

NEW YORK

AT NEW YORK, NEW YORK

- supra.
- 1) Develop pertinent background data re [REDACTED]
 - 2) Check indices and contact appropriate sources in PRN and [REDACTED]
 - 3) Consider interviewing [REDACTED] re his knowledge of captioned subject, OJEDA and MIRA.

Will determine, through interview, circumstances surrounding possession of [REDACTED] social security account in the name of captioned subject among the effects of OJEDA following his arrest on 10/10/70.

SECRET

~~SECRET~~

SAN JUAN

AT SAN JUAN, PUERTO RICO

Will continue to coordinate this investigation.

~~SECRET~~

~~SECRET~~

DIRECTOR, FBI

11/30/70

SAC, SAN JUAN

[REDACTED] (S)

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED EXCEPT
WHERE SHOWN OTHERWISE.

Bufile [REDACTED]

MOVIMIENTO INDEPENDENTISTA REVOLUCIONARIO
EN ARMAS (ARMED REVOLUTIONARY INDEPENDENCE
MOVEMENT) (MIRA)
IS - PRH
Bufile 105-202663
SJfile 105-12315

Re San Juan airtel to Bureau, 8/7/70, Bureau
letters to San Juan and Bureau letter to San Juan, 9/16/70,
captioned [REDACTED] (S)

Unattended radio monitoring equipment utilized
in vicinity of home of [REDACTED]
[REDACTED] Puerto Rico, during
period 9/7 - 11/13/70. Laboratory has advised that
during this period, no transmissions were monitored by
equipment.

Equipment removed on 11/13/70 due to lack of
productivity and malfunctioning of tape recorder and
graph. New parts for graph have been requested.

Upon receipt of repair parts, UACB, San Juan
will utilize equipment as unattended monitoring facility
to determine if transmissions are being made from the
residence of [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] has been identified as a strong MIRA
supporter. In the recent past he was [REDACTED]
and in the summer of 1970, [REDACTED]
[REDACTED] a member of the Nationalist
Party of Puerto Rico. [REDACTED] currently resides

- 4 - Bureau (RM)
(2 - [REDACTED])
(2 - 105-202663)

- ⑥ - San Juan
(1 - [REDACTED])
(1 - 105-12315)
(1 - [REDACTED])
(1 - [REDACTED])
(1 - [REDACTED])
(1 - [REDACTED])

RJH/ljs

7/5/00

CLASSIFIED BY NLS/BIA 60267 AAG

DECLASSIFY ON: 25X (1)

SEARCHED INDEXED
SERIALIZED FILED

~~SECRET~~

105-12315-515

8J 105-12315

at [REDACTED] Puerto Rico,
and a secure location for monitoring equipment is avail-
able at [REDACTED] of which has proven to be
a reliable source on [REDACTED] activity in the past.

Also under consideration at this time by the
San Juan office is utilization of this technique against

[REDACTED], who is [REDACTED]
and of whom it was recently determined [REDACTED]
San Juan. She might be [REDACTED]

A separate communication
concerning [REDACTED] will be forwarded to the
Bureau [REDACTED]

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : SAC, SAN JUAN (105-12315) (PR) DATE: 11/30/70

FROM : SA ROBERT J. HEIBEL

SUBJECT: MOVIMIENTO INDEPENDENTISTA REVOLUCIONARIO
ARMADO (ARMED REVOLUTIONARY INDEPENDENCE
MOVEMENT) (MIRA)
IS-PRN
(OO: SJ)

As part of the MIRA investigation, the writer has attempted to obtain handwriting samples [REDACTED] for comparison with documents obtained during the raids at [REDACTED] and Calle Comerio on 2/24/70 and those seized on 10/10/70 during the apprehension of FILIBERTO OJEDA RIOS.

On 11/18/70, Agent [REDACTED] CIC, POPR, made available to the writer handwriting samples of the following individuals which were obtained from records of the DMV and the UPR:

DMV

UPR

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 7/5/00 BY SPYBTA/RNP

Copies of these handwriting samples are being placed in the 1-A section of 105-12315.

1- 105-12315 (MIRA)

1- [REDACTED]
1- [REDACTED]
1- [REDACTED]
1- [REDACTED]
1- [REDACTED]
1- [REDACTED]
1- [REDACTED]
1- [REDACTED]
1- [REDACTED]

1- [REDACTED]
1- [REDACTED]
1- [REDACTED]
1- [REDACTED]
1- [REDACTED]
1- [REDACTED]
1- [REDACTED]
1- [REDACTED]

RJH:mch
(14)



5010-106-02

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

SEARCHED INDEXED
SERIALIZED FILED

NOV 30 1970

FBI - SAN JUAN

XXXXXX
XXXXXX
XXXXXX

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
FOIPA
DELETED PAGE INFORMATION SHEET

Page(s) withheld entirely at this location in the file. One or more of the following statements, where indicated, explain this deletion.

- ☐ Deletions were made pursuant to the exemptions indicated below with no segregable material available for release to you.

Section 552

Section 552a

☐ (b)(1)

☐ (b)(7)(A)

☐ (d)(5)

☐ (b)(2)

☐ (b)(7)(B)

☐ (j)(2)

☐ (b)(3)

☐ (b)(7)(C)

☐ (k)(1)

☐ (b)(7)(D)

☐ (k)(2)

☐ (b)(7)(E)

☐ (k)(3)

☐ (b)(7)(F)

☐ (k)(4)

☐ (b)(4)

☐ (b)(8)

☐ (k)(5)

☐ (b)(5)

☐ (b)(9)

☐ (k)(6)

☐ (b)(6)

☐ (k)(7)

- ☐ Information pertained only to a third party with no reference to the subject of your request or the subject of your request is listed in the title only.

- ☐ Documents originated with another Government agency(ies).

Pages contain information furnished by another Government agency(ies). You will be advised by the FBI as to the releasability of this information following our consultation with the other agency(ies).

Page(s) withheld inasmuch as a final release determination has not been made. You will be advised as to the disposition at a later date.

6 Pages were not considered for release as they are duplicative of SJ 105-10644 (CAL)
SJ Airtel to HQ dated 12/2/70

Page(s) withheld for the following reason(s):

1 The following number is to be used for reference regarding these pages:

SJ 105-12315-517

XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
X Deleted Page(s) X
X No Duplication Fee X
X for this page X
XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX

XXXXXX
XXXXXX
XXXXXX

NY 105-109034
COPIES CONTINUED:

⑥ San Juan (INFO) (RM)
(1-105-12595) (RPG)
(1-105-3353) (GROUPS SEEKING INDEPENDENCE FOR PR)
(1-105-12315) (MIRA)

67C 1 - New York (105-37298) (GROUPS SEEKING INDEPENDENCE FOR PR) (41)
1 - New York (105-106896) (MIRA) (41)
1 - New York (105-62453) (INCENDIARISM IN NY) (41)
1 - New York [REDACTED] (41)
1 - New York [REDACTED] (41)
1 - New York [REDACTED] (41)
1 - New York [REDACTED] (41)
1 - New York [REDACTED] (41)
1 - New York [REDACTED] (41)

NY 105-109034

As set out in ReNYairtel 10/21/70, captioned, "GROUPS SEEKING INDEPENDENCE FOR PR, IS-PRN", NY has no information which would indicate that the RPG has any plans to organize a branch of the RPG in PR.

Regarding the indication [REDACTED] that

[REDACTED] this would support the suspicions of the NYO that [REDACTED]

This NYairtel of 10/21/70 suggested that [REDACTED] should attempt to maintain contact with both [REDACTED]

SJ airtel 10/27/70, captioned "GROUPS SEEKING INDEPENDENCE FOR PUERTO RICO, IS-PRN" disclosed that [REDACTED] had been requested to immediately [REDACTED] in order to re-establish contact with [REDACTED] and to request [REDACTED] from [REDACTED] to [REDACTED] which could be used for correspondence [REDACTED]

SJ airtel 11/3/70, captioned "GROUPS SEEKING INDEPENDENCE FOR PUERTO RICO, IS-PRN", revealed that [REDACTED] on 11/3/70, advised that he had forwarded to [REDACTED] NYC and another letter to [REDACTED] at his last known [REDACTED] [REDACTED] attempted to impress [REDACTED] that it was imperative that the lines of communication between them remain open.

Detectives [REDACTED] Special Services Division (SSD), NYCPD, on 11/18/70, advised SAS ANTHONY D. LEONE and ALESIO SAVIOLA that SSD [REDACTED]

NY 105-109034

Discussion with these detectives indicates that
[REDACTED]

[REDACTED] divides his time between his own apartment
at [REDACTED] and his mother's residence at [REDACTED]
[REDACTED] There is nothing to indicate that
[REDACTED] has any current employment.

DSS [REDACTED]
[REDACTED]

Re [REDACTED] the NYO has submitted a
summary reported dated 11/19/70 and has submitted an FD-122
recommending [REDACTED] for the SI, Priority II.

The NYO will continue to follow developments in
captioned case and the related cases mentioned herein.



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

San Juan, Puerto Rico

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

November 30, 1970

SECURITY MATTER - PUERTO RICAN NATIONALIST

During December, 1969, the Police of Puerto Rico (POPR) arrested several members of the Movimiento Independentista Revolucionario en Armas (Armed Revolutionary Movement) (MIRA) on charges involving violations of the explosives laws of Puerto Rico connected with bombings of various business establishments in the San Juan area during that month. Two leaders of the group, ROBERTO TODD PAGAN and FILIBERTO INOCENCIO OJEDA RIOS, were not arrested at the time although warrants had been issued for them, and the police have been searching for the pair since. The arrests were based on evidence supplied by RAFAEL A. NIEVES NEGRON, who had functioned in an undercover capacity as a member of the MIRA organization for more than a year.

A characterization of MIRA is attached hereto.

On February 23, 1970, the Office of Intelligence, Police of Puerto Rico (OI, POPR), received information from reliable confidential sources that OJEDA RIOS was living at [REDACTED] Puerto Rico, and that ROBERTO TODD PAGAN was hiding in an apartment at 212 Comerio Street, Bayamon, Puerto Rico. On February 24, 1970,

- 5 - Bureau (RM)
- 1 - Secret Service
- 1 - 771st MI-Det
- 1 - NISO

- 1 - OSI, Ramey (RM)
- 3 - San Juan [REDACTED]

(105-12315) (MIRA) GROUP I

RJH:rtr

12/1/70

Excluded from automatic
downgrading and declassification

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

SEARCHED INDEXED
SERIALIZED FILED

105-12315-519

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[REDACTED]

Office of Intelligence Agents conducted raids at the two addresses, but neither subject was present in the respective hiding place at the time.

b7C [REDACTED] the Office of Intelligence Agents seized a large manila envelope containing an abundance of written material. Much of the written material is specifically identified with MIRA and with "RUBEN." Office of Intelligence Agent NIEVES NEGRON was personally acquainted with "RUBEN" as the MIRA code name of OJEDA RIOS.

At the Bayamon address, Office of Intelligence Agents seized written material of the same character as that seized in [REDACTED] and, in addition, a high-powered rifle, a pistol, and a volume of equipment utilized in the construction of incendiary bombing devices. This equipment included chemical substances, timing devices, batteries, and wiring. On the day of the raid, an Office of Intelligence source identified TODD PAGAN as a clandestine resident in the apartment to whom the written material and other equipment described belonged. Office of Intelligence Agent NIEVES NEGRON was personally acquainted with "HUGO" as the MIRA code name used by TODD PAGAN.

The written material seized at both places included MIRA propaganda, codes, outlines and descriptions of organizational structures, instructions and suggestions on clandestine procedures to be followed by MIRA members, and written messages, a number of which reflect communication between "HUGO" and "RUBEN" in their capacity as MIRA leaders.

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~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

[REDACTED]

Located at Calle Comerio was the original of a

[REDACTED]

b7C Located at [REDACTED] was a undated letter signed "GILBERTO" directed to "Comrade". This letter bears a handwritten notation [REDACTED] and states as follows in paragraph 3:

[REDACTED]

Located at [REDACTED] was a handwritten letter signed "GILBERTO" directed "Comrade", dated [REDACTED] which states as follows in paragraph six:

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

Located at Calle Comerio was a handwritten letter dated [REDACTED] from "HUGO" to "GILBERTO", which states as follows:

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

b7C

Located at Calle Comerio was a chart showing code-names for individuals associated with MIRA. The name [REDACTED] appears in the cell of [REDACTED]

It should be noted that [REDACTED]

On March 13, 1970, [REDACTED] Office of Intelligence, Police of Puerto Rico, San Juan, Puerto Rico, advised that he had determined that [REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED] stated that [REDACTED] has always been an independentist, but an idealist, and therefore has not been closely affiliated with any pro-independence organization even though he is friendly with [REDACTED]

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~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

[REDACTED]

the members of various pro-independence organizations.

[REDACTED] further advised that following the Office of Intelligence, Police of Puerto Rico raid on Calle Comercio, he personally contacted [REDACTED] to question him concerning his affiliation with MIRA, or "CELEBRITO."

[REDACTED] denied any knowledge of MIRA activities and was not cooperative in his attitude during this interview.

[REDACTED] recommended that any further contact of [REDACTED] be postponed until word had circulated through independentist circles that the Police of Puerto Rico was in possession of documents identifying many MIRA members and affiliates.

During June and July, 1970, sources familiar with phases of Puerto Rican pro-independence activity in Puerto Rico were contacted concerning the names [REDACTED] but could furnish no information.

b7C

On August 25, 1970, a Special Agent, Federal Bureau of Investigation contacted [REDACTED] at his residence, [REDACTED] Puerto Rico. At the outset of the interview, [REDACTED] stated that he was an independentist, however, he did not believe in violence as a means to accomplish this end.

[REDACTED] stated that [REDACTED] he decided to [REDACTED] He was telephoned by a [REDACTED] whom he had never met before, who indicated [REDACTED] Subsequently, he [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] when questioned as to [REDACTED]

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

[REDACTED]
[REDACTED] When questioned as to why he had [REDACTED]

he replied that because [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] stated that he was unable to furnish any information concerning activities [REDACTED] the associates of [REDACTED] or the date upon which [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] denied any knowledge of the activities or whereabouts of MIRA fugitives, FLEBERTEO OJEDA RIOS and ROBERTO TODD PAGAN.

[REDACTED] acknowledged a long acquaintance with [REDACTED] whom he described as a independentist. He denied that he had ever known [REDACTED] by the name "GILBERTO" or that [REDACTED] was associated with MIRA.

[REDACTED] was then advised that Police of Puerto Rico were in possession of documents, the writer of whom had been identified as [REDACTED] using the codename "GILBERTO", which indicated that he had been in contact with [REDACTED] concerning [REDACTED] and that during this contact he had requested [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] stated that he personally doubted this, but that he would like to see the documents.

FERDINAND TORRES TORRES

On November 25, 1964, a first confidential source advised that the name FERDINAND TORRES TORRES appeared in a list of candidates nominated to the Executive Committee of Federacion de Universitarios Pro Independencia (Federation of Pro Independence Student) (FUPI) at its 9th Annual Congress held in Rio Piedras, Puerto Rico,

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~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

[REDACTED]
On November 18-19, 1964.

On February 24, 1970, [REDACTED]
Office of Intelligence, Police of Puerto Rico,
advised that the apartment at 212 Calle Comerio,
Bayamon, Puerto Rico, in which ROBERT TODD PAGAN
had been hiding [REDACTED]
[REDACTED]

A characterization of FUPI
is attached hereto.

[REDACTED]
On November 21, 1964, the first confidential source
advised that [REDACTED]
[REDACTED] International
Affairs of FUPI.

On May 10, 1965, [REDACTED] Office of
Intelligence, Police of Puerto Rico, advised a
Special Agent, Federal Bureau of Investigation
that [REDACTED]
[REDACTED]

b7C
On May 8, 1968, a second confidential source
advised that [REDACTED]
[REDACTED] in New York City.

Located at [REDACTED] was a letter dated
December 28, 1969, in which "GILBERTO" stated he
could be contacted on December 29, 1969, between
6 and 8:00 pm at telephone number [REDACTED]

On March 5, 1970, [REDACTED]
Puerto Rican Telephone Company, San Juan, Puerto
Rico, advised a Special Agent of the Federal Bureau
of Investigation that telephone number [REDACTED] was
listed to [REDACTED]
[REDACTED] Puerto Ric.

Located at Calle Comerio was a letter dated [REDACTED]
[REDACTED] in which "HUGO" advised "RUBEN"

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

[REDACTED]
that [REDACTED]
[REDACTED]

Located at [REDACTED] was a letter dated February 13, 1970, in which [REDACTED] stated that [REDACTED]
[REDACTED]

b7C

On March 19, 1970, [REDACTED] advised a Special Agent, Federal Bureau of Investigation that the [REDACTED]
[REDACTED]

He further advised that [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] who resides at [REDACTED]
Puerto Rico.

On August 28, 1970 [REDACTED] was recontacted by a Special Agent of the Federal Bureau of Investigation. At the outset of the interview, [REDACTED] was shown a letter signed "GILBERTO" dated December 29, 1969. After reading this letter, [REDACTED] advised that he was previously mistaken, and as he now recalled it, [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] claimed that he had no further contact with [REDACTED] and subsequently wrote a letter to [REDACTED] requesting that [REDACTED]
[REDACTED]

[REDACTED] stated that he has never been a member of MIRA or knowingly associated with its members. He stated that he had been unfairly used by [REDACTED] and could furnish no further information concerning MIRA.

[REDACTED] stated that because he was an

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

[REDACTED]

independentist, he would never testify to the facts that he had just given.

On October 10, 1970, FILIBERTO OJEDA RIOS was apprehended by Federal Bureau of Investigation Agents and Agents of the Office of Intelligence, Police of Puerto Rico near Quebradillas, Puerto Rico. Seized at this time was an overnight bag identified as belonging to OJEDA RIOS. Contained therein were numerous documents concerning MIRA operations. A review of these documents contained no reference to [REDACTED]

b7c

On November 16, 1970, [REDACTED] advised that his office had developed no further information concerning the possible involvement of [REDACTED] in MIRA activities.

67C
APPENDIX

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

1

FEDERACION DE UNIVERSITARIOS PRO-INDEPENDENCIA
(FEDERATION OF UNIVERSITY STUDENTS FOR INDEPENDENCE) (FUPI)

The FUPI was organized in October, 1956, at the University of Puerto Rico (UPR), Rio Piedras, Puerto Rico, as a student organization working to obtain independence for Puerto Rico.

In the "General Statement" adopted at the 14th Annual FUPI Congress, which was held at Rio Piedras on November 18 - 20, 1969, and dedicated to HO CHI MINH, the deceased political and ideological leader of North Vietnam, FUPI declared that the common enemy of all countries is Yankee imperialism; proclaimed that the final victory - on a universal scale - against imperialism can only be achieved with the united struggle of all the oppressed in the world and that the spinal chord of that struggle is the armed people; greeted and expressed their solidarity with the "heroic Vietnamese people, vanguard of the anti-imperialist struggle"; greeted and expressed their solidarity with the comrades who await trial for refusing to join the American army and with the university students who will be tried after the radical struggle against the Reserve Officers' Training Corps (ROTC); and resolved to continue supporting and strengthening the Organizacion Continental Latinoamericana de Estudiantes (Continental Organization of Latin American Students) (OCLAE) because it is the only student organization on a continental level which is giving moral and material support to the Latin American revolutionary.

OCLAE is an organization of Latin American students with headquarters located in Havana, Cuba.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

1

APPENDIX

MOVIMIENTO INDEPENDENTISTA REVOLUCIONARIO EN ARMAS
(ARMED REVOLUTIONARY INDEPENDENCE MOVEMENT) (MIRA)

On January 8, 1970, [REDACTED] Office of Intelligence, Police of Puerto Rico (OI, POPR), advised that [REDACTED] b7C

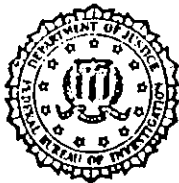
[REDACTED] NARCISO RABELL MARTINEZ and ROBERTO TODD PAGAN assumed leadership of the organization. At that time, the PSO was a recently organized self-described Marxist-Leninist organization in Puerto Rico openly advocating the use of violence to achieve independence for Puerto Rico. RABELL organized within the PSO a clandestine group which was to dedicate itself to the destruction of United States-owned enterprises by sabotage and which was to be known as the Movimiento Independencia Rebelde Armada (Armed Rebel Independence Movement) (MIRA). RABELL stated that the operation was Cuban directed and that MIRA initials were designated by Cuba.

On December 4, 1968, a confidential source furnished substantially the same information as that above. In January, 1969, the source provided a copy of a sabotage manual used by RABELL in training MIRA members, which manual was utilized by RABELL according to his own statement while undergoing sabotage training in Cuba.

On December 11, 1969, explosions occurred in six United States-owned business establishments in the San Juan, Puerto Rico, area causing considerable damage. On December 12, 1969, in connection with these bombings the OI, POPR arrested four MIRA members for violation of the Explosives Law of Puerto Rico and secured warrants for ROBERTO TODD PAGAN and FILIBERTO OJEDA RIOS on the same charges. The arrests were based on information supplied by RAFAEL NIEVES NEGRON, OI, POPR, who served as an undercover agent in the MIRA organization for OI, POPR. NIEVES NEGRON has advised that MIRA, now known as Movimiento Independentista Revolucionario en Armas (Armed Revolutionary Independence Movement) (MIRA) is led by ROBERTO TODD PAGAN and FILIBERTO OJEDA RIOS. He explained that the present MIRA organization is the same as that originally organized in the PSO and that FILIBERTO OJEDA RIOS is a Cuban trained sabotage agent who gave instructions in sabotage to MIRA members.

On February 24, 1970, the OI, POPR conducted raids on two locations in the San Juan area in an unsuccessful attempt to apprehend TODD and OJEDA. They seized an abundance of written material much of which was specifically identified with TODD and OJEDA and with the MIRA organization. Among the documents seized was a carbon copy of a sabotage manual which upon comparison appeared to be identical to the manual utilized by RABELL.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
San Juan, Puerto Rico

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

November 30, 1970

Title

[REDACTED]

b7C

Character

SECURITY MATTER - PUERTO RICAN
NATIONALIST

Reference

Federal Bureau of Investigation
communication dated and captioned
as above.

All sources (except any listed below) whose identities
are concealed in referenced communication have furnished reliable
information in the past.

DIRECTOR, FBI

11/30/70

SAC, SAN JUAN [REDACTED] (P)

SM - PRN

Enclosed for the Bureau are five copies of an LHM regarding captioned subject.

LHM is being disseminated locally to Naval Investigative Service Office, 10th Naval District, San Juan; 771st Military Intelligence Detachment, San Juan; United States Secret Service, San Juan; and Office of Special Investigations, Ramey Air Force Base, Aguadilla, Puerto Rico.

LHM has been classified "~~Confidential~~" to protect sources of lasting value utilized therein.

The following sources were contacted concerning the subject:

<u>Source</u>	<u>Date</u>	<u>Contacting Agent</u>
PSI [REDACTED]	6/22/70	SA EDWARD G. SHERIDAN
[REDACTED]	6/22/70	SA T. VERNON HOGGARD
[REDACTED]	6/22/70	SA ROGER T. CASTONGUAY
[REDACTED] (C)	6/19/70	SA CASTONGUAY
[REDACTED]	6/22/70	SA RICHARD C. BUSCHING
[REDACTED]	6/25/70	SA BYRON V. MACDONALD

2 - Bureau (Encl. 5) (RM)
3 - San Juan
(1) - 105-12315) (MIRA)

RSH: rtr
(5)

7/5/00
CLASSIFIED BY NLS/BJA 60267 APC
DECLASSIFY ON: EOK (1)

105-12315-520
SEARCHED INDEXED
SERIALIZED FILED

[REDACTED]		
[REDACTED] (C)	6/23/70	SA CASTONGUAY
[REDACTED]	6/23/70	SA MACDONALD
[REDACTED]	6/24/70	SA RONALD TODD
[REDACTED]	6/25/70	SA TODD
PSI [REDACTED]	6/23/70	SA J. ROBERT PORTER
PSI [REDACTED]	6/23/70	SA PORTER
[REDACTED] (C)	6/24/70	SA PORTER
[REDACTED]	6/26/70	SA HAROLD K. ALLEN, JR.
[REDACTED]	6/26/70	SA WILLIAM CHRISTENSEN
[REDACTED]	6/30/70	SA JEROME V. SELLNER
[REDACTED]	7/2/70	SA SELLNER
[REDACTED]	6/30/70	SA SINECIO GUTIERREZ
[REDACTED]	6/30/70	SA GORDON W. MC GINLEY

The following agencies when contacted had no record concerning the subject:

<u>Agency</u>	<u>Date</u>	<u>Contacting Agent</u>
771st Military Intelligence Detachment, San Juan, Puerto Rico	6/29/70	SA JAMES J. KINNEY,
Naval Investigative Service Office, 10th Naval District, San Juan Puerto Rico	6/24/70	SA JOHN F. COCHRANE

X

[REDACTED]

The San Juan Office is in the process of conducting background investigation on the subject and a report will be submitted. Recommendation for inclusion on the Reserve Index will be made at that time.

The following confidential informants were utilized in LHM:

b2
b7D

Source 1 [REDACTED]

Source 2 [REDACTED]

HEIBEL. Agent conducting interview of subject was SA ROBERT J.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : SAC, SAN JUAN (105-12315)

DATE: 12/9/70

FROM : SA ROBERT J. HEIBEL

SUBJECT: MIRA
IS - PRN

On 12/8/70, the writer and SA ALFRED E. SEDDON met with Lt. DESEDERIO CARTAGENA, Acting Deputy Commander, OI, POPR. He furnished the following confidential information, which he stated he had received from sources who had furnished reliable information in the past.

JUSTO RIVERA has not been the only contact of SATURNINO LABOY MEDINA with MIRA. JUANITA OJEDA MALDONADO has also been in contact with LABOY and it may have been she who arranged for FILIBERTO OJEDA RIOS to make the trip to LABOY's farm on 10/7/70. Regarding that trip, LABOY claims that immediately following his arrival at LABOY's farm, OJEDA did not stay in the house, but in another location on the farm. LABOY believes that the POPR and the FBI were conducting a surveillance of his house and were therefore able to see OJEDA when he went to the house of [REDACTED] and thereby coordinate the raid which lead to OJEDA's arrest.

LABOY has contacted a POPR source in [REDACTED] area and asked this individual [REDACTED] b7c

[REDACTED] P.R.

[REDACTED] name not known, who resides in the same area as [REDACTED]

① - 105-12315 (MIRA)

1 - [REDACTED]
1 - [REDACTED]
1 - [REDACTED]
1 - [REDACTED]
1 - 105-6448 (ARMS FOR PUERTO RICO)
1 - 105-5208 (INCENDIARISM IN P.R.)

RJH/rjh
(7)

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 7/5/00 BY SPYBJA/RNP

105-12315-521

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
DEC 9 - 1970	
FBI - SAN JUAN	

[Signature]



5010-108-02

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan



In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

San Juan, Puerto Rico

December 9, 1970

SECURITY MATTER - PUERTO RICAN NATIONALIST

b7c This communication supplements San Juan communica-
tion dated [REDACTED]

On August 18, 1970, records of the Passport Office, Department of State, Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, Old San Juan, Puerto Rico, reflected that no identifiable information could be located pertaining to [REDACTED]

During the months of September and October, 1970, some sources of the San Juan Office who are familiar with pro-independence activities in Puerto Rico advised that they had no specific information concerning [REDACTED]

On September 2, 1970, the Passport Office, Department of State, Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, San Juan, advised that they had completed a close check of all names in their files that might be a combination of [REDACTED] with negative results.

DECLASSIFIED BY SP4BJA/RNP
ON 7/5/00

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~GROUP I~~

Excluded from Automatic
Downgrading and Declassification

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SEARCHED INDEXED
SERIALIZED FILED

105-12315-522

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

[REDACTED]
On October 16, 1970, [REDACTED]
[REDACTED] advised that he is still living [REDACTED] and is work-
ing as [REDACTED]
of Puerto Rico.

On October 21, 1970, SJ T-1 advised that [REDACTED]
[REDACTED] was recently [REDACTED]
[REDACTED] of Puerto Rico, for [REDACTED]
[REDACTED] to SJ T-1,

On October 27, and November 2, 1970, SJ T-1 advised
that [REDACTED] was still employed in the same office at the
[REDACTED] of Puerto Rico.

Repeated contacts on October 16 and 27, and Novem-
ber 23, 1970, with [REDACTED]
[REDACTED] Puerto Rico, determined that
[REDACTED] Filiberto Ojeda Rios.
[REDACTED] advised that [REDACTED]
of the family, and originally [REDACTED]
Puerto Rico, area.

A characterization of Filiberto
Ojeda Rios appears in that of the Mo-
vimiento Independentista Revolucionario
Armado (Armed Revolutionary Indepen-
dence Movement)(MIRA), which is attached
hereto.

[REDACTED] stated that [REDACTED]
[REDACTED] stated that [REDACTED] is a very quiet individual
on occasions. He has never heard [REDACTED] make any political
statements of any type and has always assumed that [REDACTED] was
not interested in politics.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]
Ojeda Rios [REDACTED]

also stated that when Filiberto

[REDACTED]
[REDACTED] Filiberto
Ojeda appeared to be a very quiet, non-violent, responsi-
ble individual. [REDACTED] said it was very difficult
for him to understand how Filiberto Ojeda [REDACTED]
[REDACTED]

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

1

APPENDIX

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

MOVIMIENTO INDEPENDENTISTA REVOLUCIONARIO EN ARMAS
(ARMED REVOLUTIONARY INDEPENDENCE MOVEMENT) (MIRA)

On January 8, 1970, [REDACTED] Office of Intelligence, Police of Puerto Rico (OI, POPR), advised that [REDACTED] b7c

[REDACTED] NARCISO RABELL MARTINEZ and ROBERTO TODD PAGAN assumed leadership of the organization. At that time, the PSO was a recently organized self-described Marxist-Leninist organization in Puerto Rico openly advocating the use of violence to achieve independence for Puerto Rico. RABELL organized within the PSO a clandestine group which was to dedicate itself to the destruction of United States-owned enterprises by sabotage and which was to be known as the Movimiento Independencia Rebelde Armada (Armed Rebel Independence Movement) (MIRA). RABELL stated that the operation was Cuban directed and that MIRA initials were designated by Cuba.

On December 4, 1968, a confidential source furnished substantially the same information as that above. In January, 1969, the source provided a copy of a sabotage manual used by RABELL in training MIRA members, which manual was utilized by RABELL according to his own statement while undergoing sabotage training in Cuba.

On December 11, 1969, explosions occurred in six United States-owned business establishments in the San Juan, Puerto Rico, area causing considerable damage. On December 12, 1969, in connection with these bombings the OI, POPR arrested four MIRA members for violation of the Explosives Law of Puerto Rico and secured warrants for ROBERTO TODD PAGAN and FILIBERTO OJEDA RIOS on the same charges. The arrests were based on information supplied by RAFAEL NIEVES NEGRON, OI, POPR, who served as an undercover agent in the MIRA organization for OI, POPR. NIEVES NEGRON has advised that MIRA, now known as Movimiento Independentista Revolucionario en Armas (Armed Revolutionary Independence Movement) (MIRA) is led by ROBERTO TODD PAGAN and FILIBERTO OJEDA RIOS. He explained that the present MIRA organization is the same as that originally organized in the PSO and that FILIBERTO OJEDA RIOS is a Cuban trained sabotage agent who gave instructions in sabotage to MIRA members.

On February 24, 1970, the OI, POPR conducted raids on two locations in the San Juan area in an unsuccessful attempt to apprehend TODD and OJEDA. They seized an abundance of written material much of which was specifically identified with TODD and OJEDA and with the MIRA organization. Among the documents seized was a carbon copy of a sabotage manual which upon comparison appeared to be identical to the manual utilized by RABELL.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

San Juan, Puerto Rico

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

December 9, 1970

SECURITY MATTER - PUERTO RICAN NATIONALIST

Reference is made to San Juan communication dated
and captioned as above.

All sources whose identities are concealed in re-
ferenced communication have furnished reliable information
in the past.

This document contains neither recommendations
nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property
of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and
its contents are not to be distributed outside
your agency.

Yellow copy

Director, FBI [REDACTED]

12/9/70

SAC, San Juan [REDACTED]

(C)

b7C

SM - PRN
(OO: SJ)

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED

7/5/00

SP4BJA/RAP

Re: SJlet and LHM, 9/30/70

Enclosed for the Bureau are five (5) copies of an LHM dated and captioned as above, with two copies of an FD 376 re subject.

Local dissemination is being made to U. S. Secret Service, San Juan; Naval Investigative Service Office, 10th Naval District, San Juan; Office of Special Investigations, Roney Air Force Base; and 771st Military Intelligence Detachment, San Juan.

SA ALFRED E. SEDDON contacted the Passport Office, Department of State, Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, San Juan, Puerto Rico.

SJ T-1 is [REDACTED]

b7C
b7D

[REDACTED] contacted by SA ALFRED E. SEDDON.

[REDACTED] was contacted by SA SEDDON.

The following sources advised that they had no specific information pertaining to the subject:

b2
b7D

9/8/70

[REDACTED]

SA PATRICK W. MURRAY

9/16/70

[REDACTED]

SA MURRAY

9/16/70

[REDACTED]

SA MURRAY

2 - Bureau (Enc. 7) (RM)
2 - San Juan
1 - 105-12315 (MIRA)

AES:geb
(4)

105-12315-523

SEARCHED INDEXED
SERIALIZED FILED

Handwritten signature and initials

b7c

[REDACTED]

b2
b7D

10/22/70

[REDACTED]

SA PATRICK W. MURRAY

10/22/70

[REDACTED]

SA RICHARD C. SONNICHSEN

10/20/70

[REDACTED]

SA GORDON W. MC GINLEY

10/16/70

[REDACTED]

SA DAVID C. MC MICHAEL

10/26/70

[REDACTED]

SA SHELDON V. TAFT

10/21/70

[REDACTED]

SA PETER E. O'NEILL

In view of the fact that no specific information has been received to confirm that the subject is involved in the revolutionary independence movement in Puerto Rico, this case is being closed at this time to be reopened in six months to possibly further determine the subject's activities.

The LHM is classified "Confidential" because of information contained in the characterization of the Movimiento Independentista Revolucionario Armado (Armed Revolutionary Independence Movement) (MIRA).

These documents are part of the project "The FBI Files on Puerto Ricans" and are available free of charge at <http://www.pr-secrefiles.net/>.

Cover Sheet for Informant Report or Material FD-303 (Rev. 8-30-80)		Date prepared 11/3/70	
Date received 10/22/70	Received from (name or symbol number) [redacted] b2 b7D	Received by RICHARD C. SONNICHSEN	
Method of delivery (check appropriate blocks) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> in person <input type="checkbox"/> by telephone <input type="checkbox"/> by mail <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> orally <input type="checkbox"/> recording device <input type="checkbox"/> written by Informant			
If orally furnished and reduced to writing by Agent: Date Dictated <u>10/28/70</u> to <u>Mildred J. Diaz</u> Transcribed <u>11/3/70</u> Authenticated by Informant <u>N/A</u>		Date of Report N/A Date(s) of activity ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 7/5/00 BY SP4BTA/RNP	
Brief description of activity or material Information re "Pueblo."		File where original is located if not attached [redacted] b2 b7D	
* INDIVIDUALS DESIGNATED BY AN ASTERISK (*) ONLY ATTENDED A MEETING AND DID NOT ACTIVELY PARTICIPATE. VIOLENCE OR REVOLUTIONARY ACTIVITIES WERE NOT DISCUSSED. <input type="checkbox"/> Information recorded on a card index by _____ on date _____			
Remarks: ACTION: 1. All necessary action has been taken on information contained herein. 2. SOURCE HAS FURNISHED RELIABLE INFORMATION IN THE PAST. WHEN INFORMATION FROM SOURCE IS DISSEMINATED, IT SHOULD BE PARAPHRASED AND CLASSIFIED CONFIDENTIAL TO PROTECT IDENTITY OF SOURCE. RCS:mjd (1/1) [redacted] (Inv.) 100-6312 ("Pueblo") [redacted] [redacted] 100-3675 (Felix Ojeda) [redacted] 100-678 (CP, USA) [redacted] 100-6945 (Kentrome Press) 100-5217 (Juan Emmanuelli) I HAVE READ _____ [Signature]			
		CCO: Route to case agent if case assigned to RA. ACTION CONTINUED ON PAGE B*. COPIES CONTINUED ON PAGE A-1. INDEXING ON PAGE A-1. 105 - 12315 - 524 Block Stamp Searched _____ Indexed _____ Serialized <u>JK</u> Filed <u>JK</u> 11/3/70 FBI, SAN JUAN [Signature]	

b2
b7D

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

105-12315 (MIRA)

b7C

[REDACTED]

100-6279 (Puerto Rico Libre)

INDEX TO 100-6312:

Cromos Printing Shop

A-1

b2
b7D

3. The following is lead information not reduced to writing:

JUAN BAUTISTA PEREZ MENDEZ still resides in

b7C

Puerto Rico, and his only employment is with the Kentrome Press.

Source has not yet learned the residence of JORGE MAYSONET, but he did determine that MAYSONET lives close to where JUAN BAUTISTA PEREZ lives.

Source advised that FRANKLIN IRIZARRY had not done any traveling abroad recently and he feels certain that IRIZARRY's passport application was so that he might have a passport in the event of emergency travel abroad.

Source advised that he had never heard of anyone with the name of or variations of JUAN RAMIRIOS, JUAN RODRIZIO, JUAN RODRIGIO, JUAN RODRIQUE, or JUAN RODRIGUEZ. He could furnish no information concerning a letter that above individual might have received from the PCP as an introduction to the CP in Los Angeles.

5. Source furnished issue #250 of "Puerto Rico Libre," which will translated and routed to the "Puerto Rico Libre" file.

6. Source was instructed to intensify his efforts to determine the residence of JORGE MAYSONET and was also instructed to attend all possible meetings of the PCP.

7. Source advised that he is now working

b7D

This is in addition to his other duties with

B*

October 22, 1970

FELIX OJEDA is the present editor of "Pueblo." One thousand two hundred copies are printed each month at Cromos Printing shop. Cromos is again being used because of the expenses involved in the printing done at Romolo Brothers. The typesetting is done at the Kentrome Press by SERGIO KENTISH and this is sent out for printing.

The money necessary to print "Pueblo" comes from the Communist Party, USA (CP,USA) in New York in amounts varying between \$250 and \$500 a month. JUAN BAUTISTA PEREZ still manages the Kentrome Press and the present editorial board of "Pueblo" consists of OJEDA, KENTISH, MANUEL MENDEZ DEL TORO, and FRANKLIN IRIZARRY. The format of "Pueblo" will be changed in the near future to a smaller size so that the paper may be printed at Kentrome Press.

During the first two weeks in September, an individual named

and who was recently

Two labor leaders who would be logical individuals to have connections with revolutionary groups such as MIRA, would be PEDRO GRANT and JORGE LUIS LANDING, because of the political beliefs of these individuals. They would logically be sympathetic with revolutionary type organizations.

1*

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 7/5/00 BY SP4BJA/MP

Cover Sheet for Informant Report or Material FD-306 (Rev. 9-30-69)		Date prepared 10/29/70
Date received 10/19/70	Received from (name or symbol number) [REDACTED] b2 b7D	Received by PETER E. O'NEILL
Method of delivery (check appropriate blocks) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> in person <input type="checkbox"/> by telephone <input type="checkbox"/> by mail <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> orally <input type="checkbox"/> recording device <input type="checkbox"/> written by Informant		
If orally furnished and reduced to writing by Agent: Date Dictated <u>10/23/70</u> to <u>Mildred J. Diaz</u> Transcribed <u>10/29/70</u> Authenticated by Informant <u>N/A</u>		Date of Report Date(s) of activity 7/5/00 SP4BJA/RNP
Brief description of activity or material <u>No meetings scheduled for the NPPR in San Juan during October, 1970.</u>		File where original is located if not attached [REDACTED] b2 b7D
* INDIVIDUALS DESIGNATED BY AN ASTERISK (*) ONLY ATTENDED A MEETING AND DID NOT ACTIVELY PARTICIPATE. VIOLENCE OR REVOLUTIONARY ACTIVITIES WERE NOT DISCUSSED. <input type="checkbox"/> Information recorded on a card index by _____ on date: _____		
Remarks: ACTION: 1. All necessary action has been taken on information contained herein. 2. SOURCE HAS FURNISHED RELIABLE INFORMATION IN THE PAST. WHEN INFORMATION FROM SOURCE IS DISSEMINATED, IT SHOULD BE PARAPHRASED AND CLASSIFIED CONFIDENTIAL TO PROTECT IDENTITY OF SOURCE. PEO :mjd (7) [REDACTED] (Inv.) 10C-3 (NPPR) [REDACTED] b2 b7D b7C 105-12315 (MIRA) 88-2264 (Ojeda) CCO: Route to case agent if case assigned to RA. ACTION CONTINUED ON PAGE B*. 105-12315-525 Hibel I HAVE READ <u>10</u> Block Stamp Searched _____ Indexed _____ Serialized <u>12</u> Filed <u>17</u> 10/29/70 FBI, SAN JUAN JAC		

b2
b7D

3. The following is lead information not reduced to writing:

The informant stated that on [REDACTED] while in [REDACTED] Puerto Rico, he had occasion to have a conversation with SATURNINO LABOY MEDINA [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] and during this conversation, LABOY stated that concerning [REDACTED]

LABOY further stated [REDACTED]

b7C
b7D

He further stated that on [REDACTED] he was in [REDACTED] P.R. and met [REDACTED] and [REDACTED] indicated that he was now working for MIRA. The informant stated, however, that [REDACTED] had obviously been drinking heavily, and therefore questions the statement [REDACTED] made concerning his association with MIRA. [REDACTED] did state, however, that he is currently living [REDACTED] which is located [REDACTED]

He has a small apartment on [REDACTED]

JACINTO RIVERA PEREZ continues to reside at [REDACTED] P.R. and continues to function as the President of the NPPR, whose office is located at 1130 Ponce de Leon, San Juan, Puerto Rico.

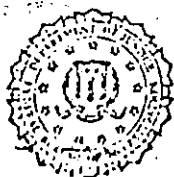
4. The information concerning [REDACTED] was furnished by SA JOSEPH F. BRENNAN to appropriate personnel at the Office of Intelligence, Police of Puerto Rico (OI-POPR), on 10/20/70.

B*

October 19, 1970

The informant stated that due to a lack of interest on the part of the Nationalist Party of Puerto Rico (NPPR) membership, there are no meetings scheduled for the month of October.

These documents are part of the project "The FBI Files on Puerto Ricans" and are available free of charge at <http://www.pr-secretfles.net/>



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
San Juan, Puerto Rico

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

DEC 11 1970

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

b7C

During December, 1969, the Police of Puerto Rico (POPR) arrested several members of the Movimiento Independencia Revolucionario en Armas (Armed Revolutionary Movement) (MIRA) on charges involving violations of the explosives law of Puerto Rico connected with bombings of various business establishments in the San Juan area during that month. Two leaders of the group, Roberto Todd Pagan and Filiberto Ojeda Rios, were not arrested at the time although warrants had been issued for them, and the police have been searching for the pair since. The arrests were based on evidence supplied by Rafael A. Nieves Negron, who had functioned in an undercover capacity as a member of the MIRA organization for more than a year.

A characterization of MIRA is attached hereto.

On February 23, 1970, the Office of Intelligence (OI), POPR, received information from reliable confidential sources that Ojeda Rios was living at [REDACTED] Puerto Rico, and that Roberto Todd Pagan was hiding in an apartment at 212 Comerio Street, Bayamon, Puerto Rico. On February 24, 1970, OI agents conducted raids at the two addresses, but neither subject was present in the respective hiding place at the time.

b7C

At [REDACTED] the OI Agents seized a large manila envelope containing an abundance of written material. Much of the written material is specifically identified with MIRA and with "Ruben." OI Agent Nieves Negron was personally acquainted with "Ruben" as the MIRA code name of Ojeda Rios.

At the Bayamon address, OI Agents seized written material of the same character as that seized in [REDACTED]

- 5 - Bureau [REDACTED] (RM)
- 1 - New York (RM)
- 6 - San Juan [REDACTED]

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~GROUP~~

~~EXCLUDED FROM AUTOMATIC~~

~~DOWNGRADING AND DECLASSIFICATION~~

(1) - [REDACTED] (105-12315)

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(1) - [REDACTED]
RJH: jeb
(12)

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ON 7/5/00

SEARCHED INDEXED
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105-12315-524

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b7C [REDACTED]

and, in addition, a high-powered rifle, a pistol, and a volume of equipment utilized in the construction of incendiary bombing devices. This equipment included chemical substances, timing devices, batteries, and wiring. On the day of the raid, an OI source identified Todd Pagan as a clandestine resident in the apartment to whom the written material and other equipment described belonged. OI Agent Nieves Negrón was personally acquainted with "Hugo" as the MIRA code name used by Todd Pagan.

The written material seized at both places included MIRA propaganda, codes, outlines and descriptions of organizational structures, instructions and suggestions on clandestine procedures to be followed by MIRA members, and written messages, a number of which reflect communication between "Hugo" and "Ruben" in their capacity as MIRA leaders.

Located at [REDACTED] was a letter dated [REDACTED] which contained an enciphered concealed message. A portion of the deciphered text of this message states:

b7C [REDACTED]

This message indicates it was written by "Ruben."

On January 12, 1970, [REDACTED] Puerto Rico, was interviewed by Special Agents (SAs) of the FBI concerning [REDACTED] a Federal fugitive. During the course of the interview, [REDACTED] advised that [REDACTED] and resided in [REDACTED] Puerto Rico, which is [REDACTED] of Puerto Rico.

On February 20, 1961, the OI-POPR advised that [REDACTED] the Ponce Mission of the Movimiento Pro Independencia de Puerto Rico (Puerto Rican Independence Movement) (MPIPR).

A characterization of the MPIPR is attached hereto.

On November 11, 1961, [REDACTED] was interviewed by SAs, FBI, at which time he advised that [REDACTED] the Ponce Mission of the MPIPR.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

b7C [REDACTED]
[REDACTED] the OI-POPR, advised that
[REDACTED] addressed an MPIPR meeting in Ponce on
[REDACTED] During this address he stated, [REDACTED]
[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]

The [REDACTED] issue of the "Carta
Semanal," Number [REDACTED] stated that [REDACTED] had
been [REDACTED]
[REDACTED]

"Carta Semanal" is self-described as the
official biweekly letter from MPIPR to the officials
of its branch missions.

On January 15, 1964, a first confidential
source advised that a meeting of [REDACTED]
[REDACTED] the MPIPR was held on [REDACTED]
During this meeting, [REDACTED]
[REDACTED]

On August 12, 1970, [REDACTED]
OI-POPR, advised that on June 15, 1964, Agents of the
OI-POPR, interviewed a [REDACTED]
[REDACTED] Puerto Rico. She
advised that [REDACTED] she had [REDACTED]
[REDACTED]

b7C [REDACTED]
[REDACTED] She stated that [REDACTED]
[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]

On November 3, 1965, a second confidential
source advised that at a recent meeting [REDACTED]
[REDACTED] of the MPIPR, [REDACTED] had stated that [REDACTED]
[REDACTED] but that he would
continue to attend meetings. The reason for this decision
[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]

On January 22, 1970, [REDACTED] was reinterviewed
by SAs, FBI. At the outset of the interview, he denied having seen
[REDACTED] Filiberto [REDACTED]
[REDACTED]

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

[REDACTED]
He was subsequently confronted with the fact that he had been observed in the company of Filiberto in [REDACTED]. [REDACTED] thereafter continued to deny that he had had any contact with Filiberto, but stated that during the forthcoming weekend he would attempt to locate Filiberto and stated he [REDACTED]. When questioned concerning the significance [REDACTED] he would furnish no details.

On August 13, 1970, SAs, FBI attempted to locate [REDACTED]. They were advised by [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] Puerto Rico, that [REDACTED] had been a neighbor until [REDACTED]

b7C On same date, a third confidential source advised that [REDACTED] had not been active [REDACTED] of the MPFR for several years, and had reportedly moved to [REDACTED]

On August 24, 1970, [REDACTED] Agent, OI-POPR, San Juan, advised that [REDACTED] for the past three months has [REDACTED] has stated that [REDACTED] further advised that [REDACTED] and his family reside at [REDACTED] Puerto Rico.

On August 14, 1970, a fourth confidential source advised that [REDACTED] and that his mail was being forwarded to [REDACTED] Puerto Rico. Source further advised that [REDACTED] and his wife and [REDACTED] known [REDACTED] It is rumored in [REDACTED] which had been [REDACTED]

On the same date, [REDACTED] Office of the Postal Inspector, U.S. Post Office, P.O. Box, Puerto Rico, advised an SA, FBI, that [REDACTED]

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[REDACTED]
[REDACTED] Puerto Rico.

On September 29, 1970, [REDACTED]
[REDACTED] Puerto Rico, advised that he is well acquainted with [REDACTED] described him as a [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] For a while in [REDACTED] would come in and only once had [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] He, thereafter, [REDACTED] after considerable prodding from the management. [REDACTED] has usually come to [REDACTED] alone, or in the company of his wife.

[REDACTED] continued that [REDACTED] interest is centered about [REDACTED] and at one time [REDACTED] in San Juan.

b7C On October 10, 1970, Filiberto Ojeda Rios was arrested by Agents of the OI-POPR and SAs, FBI, in Barrio Las Charcas, near Quebradillas, Puerto Rico.

On October 11, 1970, [REDACTED] OI-POPR, advised that [REDACTED]

On November 29, 1970, the first confidential source advised that [REDACTED] attended the 1970 celebration of Grito de Lares in Lares, Puerto Rico.

A characterization of Grito de Lares is attached hereto.

During the period August through November, 1970, the toll records of the Puerto Rico Telephone Company, Puerto Nuevo, Puerto Rico, were made available by [REDACTED] of that corporation. These records were reviewed for calls made from phones subscribed to and utilized by [REDACTED] and also toll calls made to phones of [REDACTED]. This information revealed that during the first quarter of 1970, [REDACTED] subscribed to by [REDACTED] was contacted by [REDACTED] which is subscribed to by [REDACTED]

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[REDACTED]

During November and December, 1970, sources knowledgeable of Puerto Rican pro-independence activities in the San Juan and Ponce, Puerto Rico, areas, were contacted concerning the subject, but could furnish no information relative to possible involvement of [REDACTED] in the activities of MIRA.

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APPENDIX

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GRITO DE LARES
SEPTEMBER 23, 1868

The Partido Nacionalista Puertorriqueno (Nationalist Party of Puerto Rico) (NPPR) celebrates this date as the anniversary of the brief rebellion at Lares, Puerto Rico, against the Spanish regime, staged by a group of Puerto Rican revolutionaries. On this date, the Puerto Rico group established momentary control in the mountain town of Lares and proclaimed the Republic of Puerto Rico. This date has a special significance for the NPPR inasmuch as the main thesis of NPPR doctrine is the claim that Puerto Rican sovereignty was actually established on September 23, 1868, with the rebellion at Lares. The large NPPR celebration on September 23rd of each year is concentrated at Lares.

The NPPR has been designated by the Attorney General of the United States pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

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APPENDIX

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MOVIMIENTO INDEPENDENTISTA REVOLUCIONARIO EN ARMAS
(ARMED REVOLUTIONARY INDEPENDENCE MOVEMENT) (MIRA)

On January 8, 1970, [REDACTED] Office of Intelligence, Police of Puerto Rico (OI, POPR), advised that [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] NARCISO RABELL MARTINEZ and ROBERTO TODD PAGAN assumed leadership of the organization. At that time, the PSO was a recently organized self-described Marxist-Leninist organization in Puerto Rico openly advocating the use of violence to achieve independence for Puerto Rico. RABELL organized within the PSO a clandestine group which was to dedicate itself to the destruction of United States-owned enterprises by sabotage and which was to be known as the Movimiento Independencia Rebelde Armada (Armed Rebel Independence Movement) (MIRA). RABELL stated that the operation was Cuban directed and that MIRA initials were designated by Cuba.

On December 4, 1968, a confidential source furnished substantially the same information as that above. In January, 1969, the source provided a copy of a sabotage manual used by RABELL in training MIRA members, which manual was utilized by RABELL according to his own statement while undergoing sabotage training in Cuba.

On December 11, 1969, explosions occurred in six United States-owned business establishments in the San Juan, Puerto Rico, area causing considerable damage. On December 12, 1969, in connection with these bombings the OI, POPR arrested four MIRA members for violation of the Explosives Law of Puerto Rico and secured warrants for ROBERTO TODD PAGAN and FILIBERTO OJEDA RIOS on the same charges. The arrests were based on information supplied by RAFAEL NIEVES NEGRON, OI, POPR, who served as an undercover agent in the MIRA organization for OI, POPR. NIEVES NEGRON has advised that MIRA, now known as Movimiento Independentista Revolucionario en Armas (Armed Revolutionary Independence Movement) (MIRA) is led by ROBERTO TODD PAGAN and FILIBERTO OJEDA RIOS. He explained that the present MIRA organization is the same as that originally organized in the PSO and that FILIBERTO OJEDA RIOS is a Cuban trained sabotage agent who gave instructions in sabotage to MIRA members.

On February 24, 1970, the OI, POPR conducted raids on two locations in the San Juan area in an unsuccessful attempt to apprehend TODD and OJEDA. They seized an abundance of written material much of which was specifically identified with TODD and OJEDA and with the MIRA organization. Among the documents seized was a carbon copy of a sabotage manual which upon comparison appeared to be identical to the manual utilized by RABELL.

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APPENDIX

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MOVIMIENTO PRO-INDEPENDENCIA DE PUERTO RICO
(PUERTO RICAN INDEPENDENCE MOVEMENT) (MPIPR) 11/103

The MPIPR was organized in November, 1959, at Ponce, Puerto Rico. It has a current membership of about 700-800 persons with several thousand sympathizers. The MPIPR is organized in missions which are located in various towns throughout Puerto Rico. There are also members and sympathizers in the continental United States. The MPIPR National Headquarters is located at 1122 Ponce de Leon Avenue, Rio Piedras, Puerto Rico.

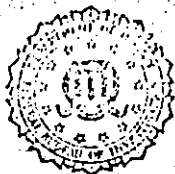
At the time the MPIPR was organized, it indicated that it did not advocate violence but would accept members who did. JUAN MARI BRAS, the founder and dominant leader of the organization, in a speech in 1964, threatened violence comparable to that in Algeria, 1964, if Puerto Rico became a state within the United States.

MARI BRAS, in an editorial appearing in the March 15, 1970, issue of "Claridad," the MPIPR newspaper, stated that "in Puerto Rico there is an incipient armed struggle on the part of pro-independence individuals who consider it their patriotic duty to conduct warfare against the empire which dominates us. We believe that every Puerto Rican has the right to make war against the invaders of our country. And war is mainly killing and dying."

The press of Puerto Rico has reported that the MPIPR has held numerous public meetings and demonstrations at which they protested compulsory military service for Puerto Ricans and United States policy in Vietnam. The MPIPR has further urged the boycott of elections in Puerto Rico.

On April 21, 1970, during the course of a program on WTSJ Television in San Juan, Puerto Rico, MARI BRAS stated that the MPIPR has innumerable contacts with revolutionary organizations in South America, Canada, Cuba, Europe, Africa and in Asia. Through 1969, the MPIPR had a permanent representative stationed in Havana, Cuba.

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In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

San Juan, Puerto Rico

December 11, 1970

Title

[REDACTED] b7c

Character SECURITY MATTER - PUERTO RICAN
NATIONALIST

Reference FBI Memorandum dated and captioned
as above at San Juan, Puerto Rico.

All sources (except any listed below) whose identities
are concealed in referenced communication have furnished reliable
information in the past.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property
of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside
your agency.

DEC 11 1970

DIRECTOR, FBI [REDACTED]

SAC, SAN JUAN [REDACTED] (P)

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
EXCEPT WHERE SHOWN OTHERWISE

[REDACTED]
SM - PRM

Re San Juan airtel to Bureau dated 8/7/70,
captioned [REDACTED] MOVIMIENTO INDEPENDIENTISTA REVOLUCIONARIO EN ARMAS (ARMED REVOLUTIONARY INDEPENDENCE MOVEMENT) (MIRA), AKA, IS - PRM." (S)

Enclosed for the Bureau are five (5) copies of an LHM regarding captioned subject. Also enclosed is one copy for the New York Office. Also enclosed for Bureau are two copies of FD-376.

Copies of this LHM are being disseminated locally to 771st Military Intelligence Detachment; Naval Investigative Service Office; U.S. Secret Service; and Office of Special Investigations, Ramey Air Force Base, Puerto Rico.

Confidential sources utilized in LHM are:

Source	Location
First source is [REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
Second source is [REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
Third source is [REDACTED]	Instant LHM
Fourth source is [REDACTED]	Instant LHM

[REDACTED] (Per Request).

LHM classified "Confidential" to protect sources of lasting value utilized therein.

SAs interviewing subject on November 1, 1961,

2 - Bureau (Enc. 7) (RM)
1 - New York (Enc. 1) (Info) (RM)
6 - San Juan (1 - [REDACTED] (1 - [REDACTED])
RJR/jeb (1) - 105-12315) (MIRA) (1 - [REDACTED])
(9)

11/5/00
CLASSIFIED BY NLS/BJA/60267AAK
DECLASSIFIED BY (U)

105-12315-527

SA [REDACTED]
SARA [REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

were JOSEPH F. BRENNAN, JR., and WILLIAM W. CRADDOCK.

During the period September 1 through December 2, 1970, [REDACTED] Postal Inspector, San Juan, Puerto Rico, [REDACTED] the subject and his Movimiento Pro Independencia de Puerto Rico (Puerto Rican Independence Movement) (MPIPR) activities, voluntarily furnished the San Juan Office with the return addresses of all correspondence being directed to the subject and his family. No correspondence of unusual significance was noted during this period.

San Juan Office negative regarding [REDACTED]

The following sources who might have been familiar with the subject's activities were contacted as indicated:

<u>Source</u>	<u>Date Contacted</u>	<u>Contacting Agent</u>
[REDACTED]	11/25/70	SA RONALD TODD
[REDACTED]	11/30/70	SA SHELDON V. TAFT
[REDACTED]	12/1/70	SA DAVID C. MC MICHAELS
[REDACTED]	12/4/70	SA ALFRED E. SEDDON
[REDACTED]	12/4/70	SA SEDDON
PSI [REDACTED]	12/3/70	SA SEDDON

It appears that the subject could be knowledgeable of the activities [REDACTED] FILIBERTO OJEDA RIOS. UACB, San Juan Office will interview the subject under authority previously granted by the Bureau. A possibility exists that the subject may be [REDACTED] that he may be receptive to an approach by the Bureau [REDACTED]

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : SAC, SAN JUAN [REDACTED]

DATE: DEC 10 1970

FROM : SA ROBERT J. HEIBEL

SUBJECT: [REDACTED]
SM - PRN

On 10/9/70, [REDACTED] Office of Intelligence, Police of Puerto Rico (OI, POPR) advised that a reliable source of the OI had advised that as of that date, FILIBERTO OJEDA RIOS, Federal and local fugitive Movimiento Independentista Revolucionario En Armas (MIRA) leader, was hiding in the residence of SATURNINO LABOY MEDINA, in Barrio Las Charcas, near Quebradillas, Puerto Rico.

On 10/10/70, a raiding party made up of OI and FBI agents entered Barrio Las Charcas and successfully apprehended OJEDA RIOS at the residence of [REDACTED] who resides [REDACTED] At the time of OJEDA RIOS' apprehension, Agent [REDACTED] OI, POPR seized a black overnight bag belonging to OJEDA RIOS. Contained therein were a .38 caliber special Rohm revolver, 68 rounds of ammunition for it, assorted cosmetic makeup, and personal toilet items. Also found in the bag were more and forty separate Spanish language documents, a number of which, both handwritten and typewritten, are specifically identified with MIRA and involve correspondence between members of the National Directorate of MIRA.

Attached is a synopsis of facts contained in indicated documents concerning the subject.

The subject has previously been identified as being identical with [REDACTED]

① - 105-12315 (MIRA)

RJH/rjh
(3)

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 7/5/00 BY SPUBJA/RNP

105-12315-528

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
DEC 17 1970	
FBI - SAN JUAN	

Heibel



Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

refers to

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

occupied by

b7C

[REDACTED]